

Converting Colors

`RYB(188, 113, 113)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(188, 113, 113) contains.

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Color

R_YB(188, 113, 113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC7171
RGB	188, 113, 113
RGB Percent	74%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.2627, 0.5569, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.40, 0.26
HSL	0°, 36%, 59%
HSV	0°, 40%, 74%
XYZ	29.6248, 23.6939, 18.6348
YIQ	135.4250, 44.7000, 15.9000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

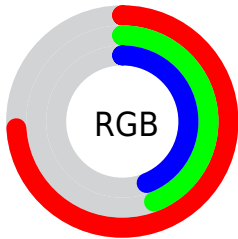
Format	Color
RYB	188, 113, 113
Decimal	12349809
CIELab	55.78, 29.61, 12.72
CIELCh	56, 32.226, 23.243
Yxy	23.6939, 0.4117, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290539889 (0xFFBC7171)
YUV	135.4250, -11.0555, 46.1083
Hunter-Lab	48.6764, 23.4528, 11.3755

Details

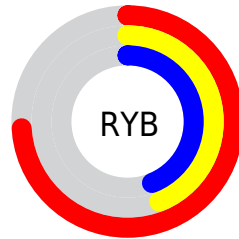
The RYB color **188, 113, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **113, 151, 188**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 166, 165**, and **132, 63, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 94, 94**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 132, 132**.

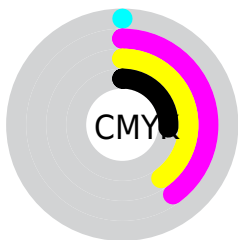
Distribution



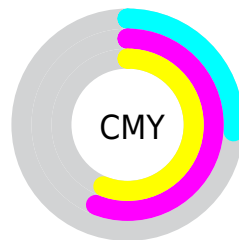
- Red (74%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 188, 113, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 188, 113, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 188, 113, 113

255, 255, 255

 246, 166, 165

 255, 193, 192

 255, 221, 220


 255, 251, 248

 188, 113, 113

 160, 88, 89

 132, 63, 65

 105, 40, 43

 79, 15, 23

 54, 0, 0

 24, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 188, 113, 113

 188, 94, 94

 188, 113, 113

 188, 132, 132


 188, 75, 75

 188, 151, 151

 188, 57, 57

 188, 169, 169

 188, 38, 38

 188, 188, 188

 188, 19, 19

 188, 198, 207

 188, 0, 0

 188, 207, 226

 188, 217, 245

 188, 222, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 112, 141



188, 113, 113



178, 136, 90

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 113, 113



97, 143, 145



81, 118, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 113, 113



113, 151, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26, 93, 178



188, 113, 113



60, 110, 148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 113, 113



81, 139, 90



10, 81, 155



128, 129, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 113, 113



151, 166, 80



10, 81, 155



64, 111, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 113, 113



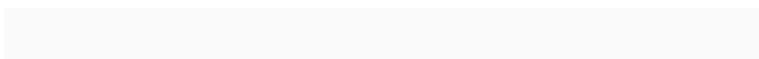
245, 215, 215



188, 113, 188



122, 105, 105



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 113, 113



245, 127, 127



186, 188, 113



94, 85, 85



158, 0, 0



31, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 151, 188



127, 186, 245



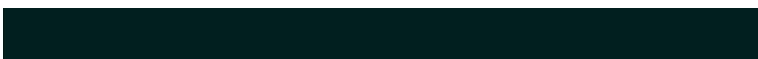
113, 138, 188



85, 90, 94



0, 79, 158



0, 16, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 188, 113, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

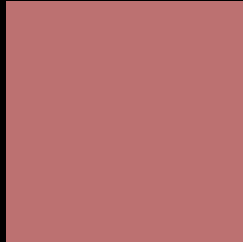
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 188, 113, 113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

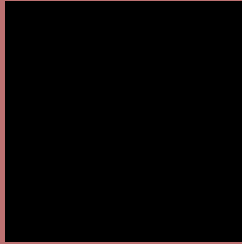
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 188, 113, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 188, 113, 113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 188, 113, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
188, 113, 113

Protanopia
132, 139, 124

Deuteranopia
155, 143, 110



Tritanopia
189, 112, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color
188, 113, 113

Protanomaly
157, 127, 120

Deuteranomaly
167, 126, 111

Tritanomaly
189, 112, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color
188, 113, 113

Achromatopsia
135, 135, 135

Achromatomaly
154, 127, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 188, 113, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 113, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 113, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 113, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 113, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 188, 113, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

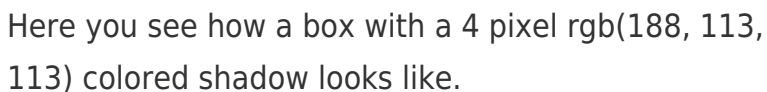
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 113, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 113, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 113, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 113, 113); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 113, 113); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 113, 113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 188, 113, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 113, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
113, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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