

Converting Colors

`RYB(188, 166, 164)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(188, 166, 164) contains.

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Color

R_YB(188, 166, 164)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCA6A4
RGB	188, 166, 164
RGB Percent	74%, 65%, 64%
CMY	0.2627, 0.3496, 0.3569
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.13, 0.26
HSL	5°, 15%, 69%
HSV	5°, 13%, 74%
XYZ	41.0481, 40.5882, 40.7928
YIQ	172.3500, 13.7540, 4.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

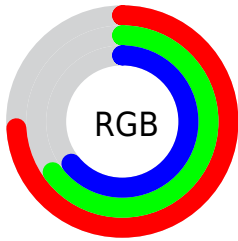
Format	Color
R_{YB}	188, 166, 164
Decimal	12363428
CIE Lab	69.89, 7.74, 3.90
CIE LCh	70, 8.666, 26.748
Yxy	40.5882, 0.3353, 0.3315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290553508 (0xFFBCA6A4)
YUV	172.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251
Hunter-Lab	63.7089, 3.5184, 6.6328

Details

The RYB color **188, 166, 164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **164, 175, 188**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 221, 219**, and **135, 114, 112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 148, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 183, 183**.

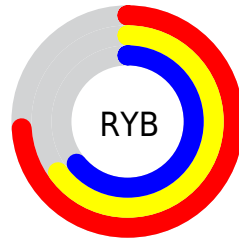
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (65%)

Blue (64%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (64%)

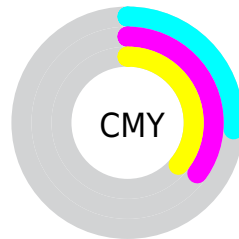


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 188, 166, 164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 188, 166, 164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 188, 166, 164

 188, 166, 164

255, 255, 255

 161, 139, 138


 244, 221, 219

 135, 114, 112

 255, 250, 247

 109, 89, 88

 85, 66, 65

 61, 44, 43

 39, 23, 22

 17, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 188, 166, 164

 188, 166, 164

 188, 148, 145

 188, 183, 183

 188, 131, 126

 188, 195, 202

 188, 114, 108

 188, 203, 220

 188, 97, 89

 188, 212, 239

 188, 80, 70

 188, 221, 255

 188, 63, 51

 188, 222, 255

 188, 45, 32

 188, 28, 14

 188, 15, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 166, 172



188, 166, 164



185, 172, 158

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 166, 164



161, 173, 174



162, 169, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 166, 164



164, 175, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154, 166, 184



188, 166, 164



154, 166, 175

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 166, 164



157, 172, 159



151, 163, 177



171, 169, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 166, 164



179, 181, 156



151, 163, 177



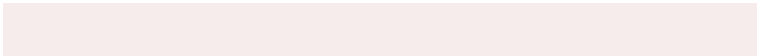
159, 168, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 166, 164



245, 236, 235



188, 164, 186



122, 117, 116



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 166, 164



245, 211, 208



181, 188, 164



94, 86, 85



158, 13, 0



31, 2, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



164, 175, 188



208, 226, 245



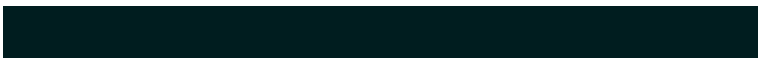
164, 171, 188



85, 90, 94



0, 76, 158



0, 15, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 188, 166, 164 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

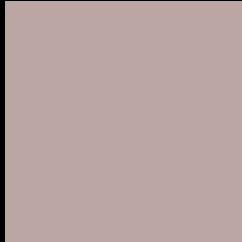
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 188, 166, 164 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

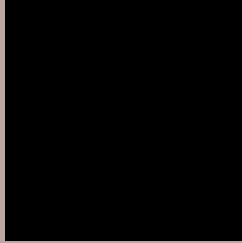
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 188, 166, 164 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 188, 166, 164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 188, 166, 164.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
188, 166, 164

Protanopia
175, 173, 166

Deuteranopia
190, 165, 164



Tritanopia
190, 164, 177

Trichromacy



Original Color

188, 166, 164

Protanomaly

180, 169, 165

Deuteranomaly

189, 165, 164

Tritanomaly

189, 165, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color

188, 166, 164

Achromatopsia

172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly

178, 170, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 188, 166, 164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(188, 166, 164) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 166, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 166, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 166, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 188, 166, 164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 166, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 166, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 166, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 166, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 166, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 166,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 188, 166, 164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 166, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
166, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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