

# Converting Colors

`RYB(188, 242, 87)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(188, 242, 87) contains.

<b>RYB(188, 242, 87)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(188, 242, 87)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2B557
RGB	242, 181, 87
RGB Percent	95%, 71%, 34%
CMY	0.0510, 0.2908, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.64, 0.05
HSL	36°, 86%, 65%
HSV	36°, 64%, 95%
XYZ	54.8312, 52.5512, 16.2703
YIQ	188.5230, 66.5300, -16.3020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

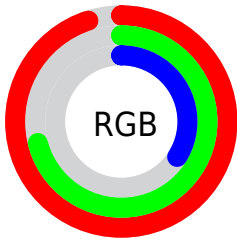
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">188, 242, 87</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15906135</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.61, 12.74, 55.26</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">78, 56.714, 77.017</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">52.5512, 0.4434, 0.4250</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294096215</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF2B557</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">188.5230, -50.0508, 46.8993</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.4922, 8.1513, 37.4374</a>

# Details

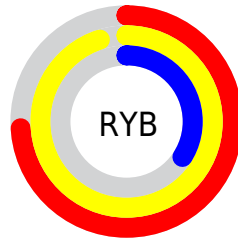
The RYB color **188, 242, 87** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **87, 131, 242**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 255, 140**, and **119, 182, 34** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 242, 63**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 242, 111**.

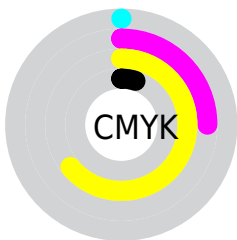
# Distribution



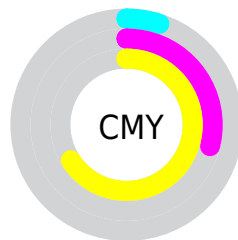
- Red (95%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (5%)




















- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 188, 242, 87 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 188, 242, 87 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 188, 242, 87	 188, 242, 87
 255, 255, 255	 155, 212, 61
 161, 255, 140	 119, 182, 34
 167, 255, 167	 74, 153, 0
 195, 255, 195	 71, 124, 0
 224, 255, 224	 69, 96, 0
 253, 255, 253	 67, 69, 0
	 43, 23, 0
	 6, 0, 0
	 0, 0, 0

188, 242, 87

188, 242, 87

181, 242, 63

197, 242, 111

171, 242, 39

204, 242, 135

163, 242, 14

215, 242, 160

156, 242, 0

222, 242, 184

229, 242, 208

239, 242, 232

242, 246, 255

242, 249, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 182, 117



188, 242, 87



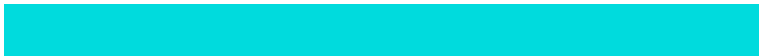
87, 198, 92

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188, 242, 87



0, 110, 221



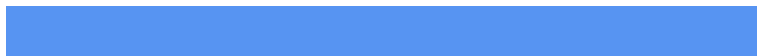
234, 166, 255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188, 242, 87



87, 131, 242

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 180, 255



188, 242, 87



0, 116, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188, 242, 87



25, 136, 217



0, 113, 255



255, 150, 217

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188, 242, 87



104, 207, 156



0, 113, 255



212, 173, 255

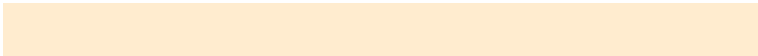


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188, 242, 87



238, 255, 207



242, 87, 149



118, 128, 98



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188, 242, 87



186, 255, 59



87, 242, 102



117, 120, 108



121, 184, 0



36, 56, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 131, 242



59, 114, 255



102, 87, 242



108, 112, 120



0, 52, 184



0, 16, 56



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 188, 242, 87 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 188, 242, 87 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **R Y B 188, 242, 87 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 188, 242, 87.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 188, 242, 87.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
188, 242, 87

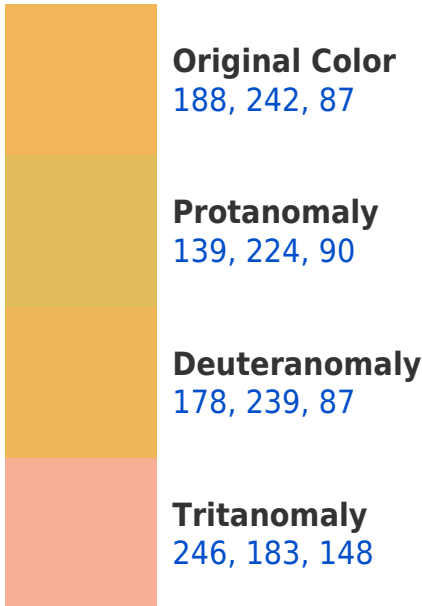
**Protanopia**  
116, 213, 91

**Deuteranopia**  
174, 238, 87

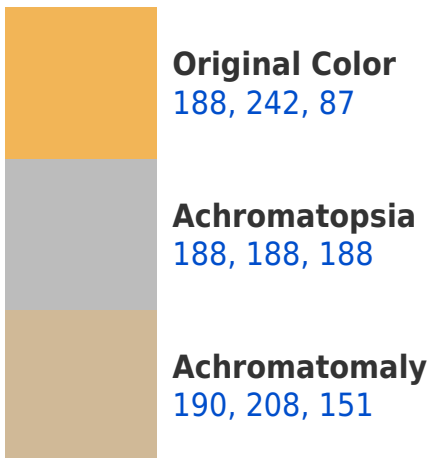


**Tritanopia**  
249, 170, 183

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 188, 242, 87 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 181, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 181, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 181, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 181, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 188, 242, 87 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 181, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 181, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 181, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 181, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 181, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 181,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 188, 242, 87 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 181, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
181, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor