

# Converting Colors

`RYB(189, 142, 142)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(189, 142, 142) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(189, 142, 142)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BD8E8E
RGB	189, 142, 142
RGB Percent	74%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.2588, 0.4431, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.25, 0.26
HSL	0°, 26%, 65%
HSV	0°, 25%, 74%
XYZ	35.5418, 32.1178, 29.9173
YIQ	156.0530, 28.0120, 9.9640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

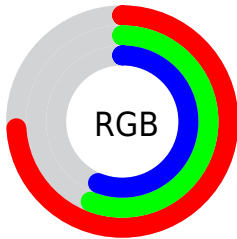
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	189, 142, 142
Decimal	12422798
CIE Lab	63.44, 17.81, 6.94
CIE LCh	63, 19.113, 21.302
Yxy	32.1178, 0.3642, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290612878 (0xFFBD8E8E)
YUV	156.0530, -6.9281, 28.8945
Hunter-Lab	56.6726, 12.7678, 8.3718

# Details

The RYB color **189, 142, 142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **142, 166, 189**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 196, 196**, and **135, 91, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189, 123, 123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 161, 161**.

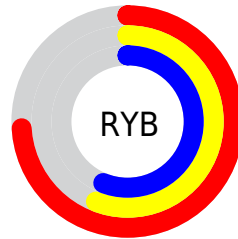
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (56%)

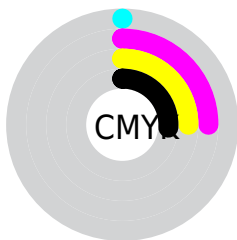
Blue (56%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)

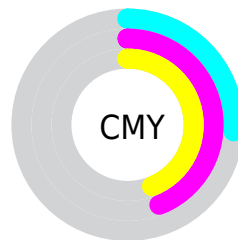


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 189, 142, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 189, 142, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 189, 142, 142


255, 255, 255

 246, 196, 196

 255, 224, 224

 255, 254, 252

 189, 142, 142

 161, 116, 116

 135, 91, 92

 109, 68, 68

 83, 45, 46


 59, 23, 26

 39, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 189, 142, 142

 189, 123, 123

 189, 142, 142

 189, 161, 161

 189, 104, 104

 189, 180, 180

 189, 85, 85

 189, 194, 199

 189, 66, 66

 189, 204, 218

 189, 47, 47

 189, 213, 236

 189, 29, 29

 189, 222, 255

 189, 10, 10

 189, 0, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 142, 159



189, 142, 142



184, 152, 128

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 142, 142



132, 161, 159



127, 147, 187

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 142, 142



142, 166, 189

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111, 140, 180



189, 142, 142



117, 144, 163

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 142, 142



122, 156, 124



107, 135, 165



150, 151, 185

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 142, 142



176, 176, 122



107, 135, 165



121, 144, 185

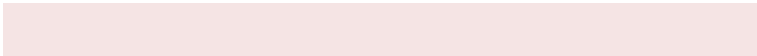


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 142, 142



245, 228, 228



189, 142, 189



122, 113, 113



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 142, 142



245, 171, 171



187, 189, 142



94, 85, 85



158, 0, 0



31, 0, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 166, 189



171, 208, 245



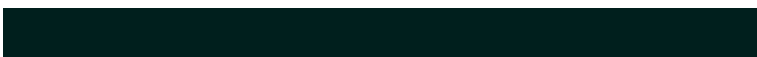
142, 158, 189



85, 90, 94



0, 79, 158



0, 16, 31



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 189, 142, 142 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

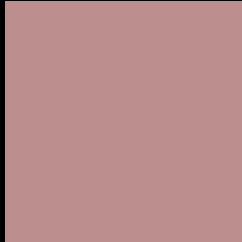
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 189, 142, 142 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R<sub>Y</sub>B 189, 142, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R<sub>Y</sub>B color 189, 142, 142.

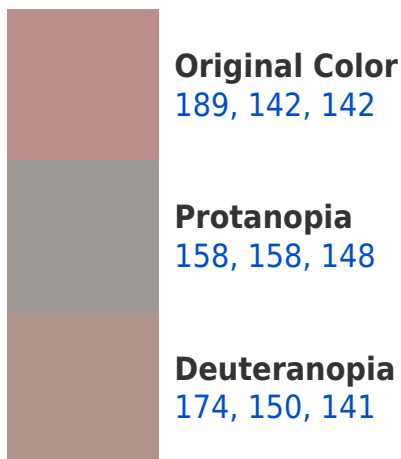



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R<sub>Y</sub>B color 189, 142, 142.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
190, 141, 151

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

189, 142, 142

**Protanomaly**

169, 149, 146

**Deuteranomaly**

179, 147, 141

**Tritanomaly**

190, 141, 148

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

189, 142, 142

**Achromatopsia**

156, 156, 156

**Achromatomaly**

168, 151, 151

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 189, 142, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(189, 142, 142) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 142, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 142, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 142, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 189, 142, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 142, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 142, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 142, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 142, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 142, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 142,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 189, 142, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 142, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
142, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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