

Converting Colors

`RYB(189, 177, 183)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(189, 177, 183) contains.

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Color

R_YB(189, 177, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDB1B7
RGB	189, 177, 183
RGB Percent	74%, 69%, 72%
CMY	0.2588, 0.3059, 0.2824
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.26
HSL	330°, 8%, 72%
HSV	330°, 6%, 74%
XYZ	45.2556, 45.6820, 51.2320
YIQ	181.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

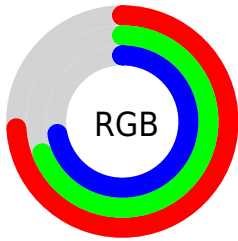
Format	Color
R_{YB}	189, 177, 183
Decimal	12431799
CIE _{Lab}	73.34, 5.35, -1.53
CIE _{LCh}	73, 5.567, 344.100
Yxy	45.6820, 0.3183, 0.3213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290621879 (0xFFBDB1B7)
YUV	181.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775
Hunter-Lab	67.5885, 1.2396, 2.3701

Details

The RYB color **189, 177, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **177, 185, 189**, and the grayscale version is **181, 181, 181**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 233, 239**, and **136, 124, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189, 158, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 194, 196**.

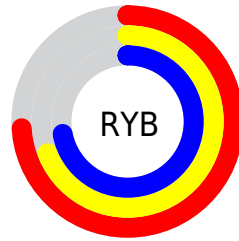
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (69%)

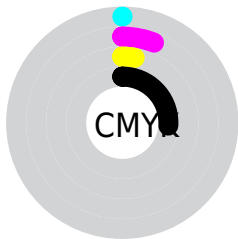
Blue (72%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (72%)

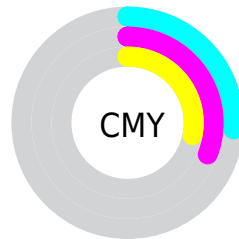


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 189, 177, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 189, 177, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 189, 177, 183


255, 255, 255

 245, 233, 239

 189, 177, 183


 162, 150, 156


 136, 124, 130

 110, 100, 105

 86, 76, 81

 63, 53, 58

 41, 32, 36

 21, 8, 15


 0, 0, 0

 189, 177, 183

 189, 177, 183

 189, 158, 174

 189, 194, 196

 189, 139, 164

 189, 206, 215

 189, 120, 155

 189, 219, 234

 189, 101, 145

 189, 232, 253

 189, 82, 136

 189, 230, 255

 189, 64, 126

 189, 226, 255

 189, 45, 117

 189, 224, 255

 189, 26, 107

 189, 222, 255

 189, 7, 98

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 178, 187



189, 177, 183



191, 177, 178

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 177, 183



172, 182, 170



169, 177, 187

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 177, 183



177, 185, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168, 176, 183



189, 177, 183



173, 182, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 177, 183



185, 187, 170



171, 179, 183



172, 178, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 177, 183



191, 177, 175



171, 179, 183



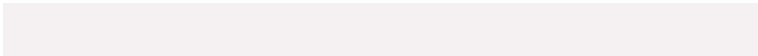
168, 176, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 177, 183



245, 240, 242



183, 177, 189



122, 120, 121



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 177, 183



245, 225, 235



189, 177, 177



94, 85, 90



158, 0, 79



31, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 177, 183



245, 225, 235



177, 183, 189



94, 85, 90



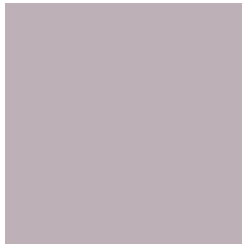
158, 0, 79



31, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 189, 177, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

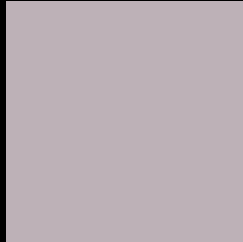
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 189, 177, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

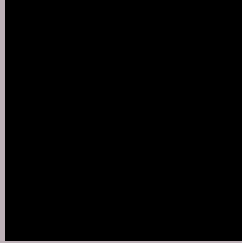
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

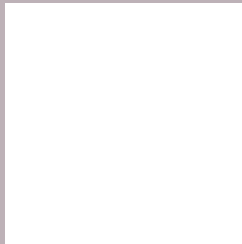
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 189, 177, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 189, 177, 183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 189, 177, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


189, 177, 183

Protanopia

182, 179, 184

Deuteranopia

196, 175, 183



Tritanopia
190, 176, 190

Trichromacy



Original Color

189, 177, 183

Protanomaly

185, 178, 184

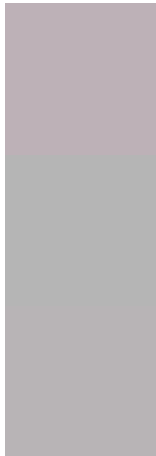
Deuteranomaly

193, 176, 183

Tritanomaly

190, 176, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color

189, 177, 183

Achromatopsia

181, 181, 181

Achromatomaly

184, 180, 182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 189, 177, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(189, 177, 183) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 177, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 177, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 177, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 189, 177, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 177, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 177, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 177, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 177, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 177, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 177,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 189, 177, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 177, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
177, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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