

# Converting Colors

`RYB(189, 238, 235)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(189, 238, 235) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(189, 238, 235)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0EEBD
RGB	192, 238, 189
RGB Percent	75%, 93%, 74%
CMY	0.2471, 0.0667, 0.2588
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.21, 0.07
HSL	116°, 59%, 84%
HSV	116°, 21%, 93%
XYZ	61.4981, 76.0297, 59.5780
YIQ	218.6600, -11.6870, -24.9910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

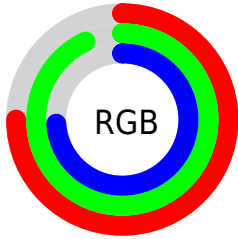
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	189, 238, 235
Decimal	12644029
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	89.87, -23.89, 18.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	90, 30.498, 141.569
Y <sub>xy</sub>	76.0297, 0.3120, 0.3857
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290834109 (0xFFC0EEBD)
YUV	218.6600, -14.6224, -23.3808
Hunter-Lab	87.1950, -26.6963, 20.5252

# Details

The RYB color **189, 238, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **235, 189, 238**, and the grayscale version is **219, 219, 219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245, 255, 251**, and **136, 182, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165, 238, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 238, 237**.

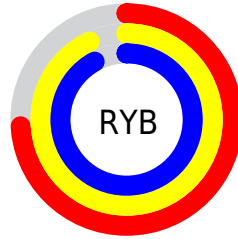
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (93%)

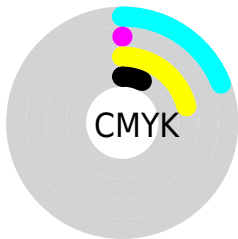
Blue (74%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (92%)

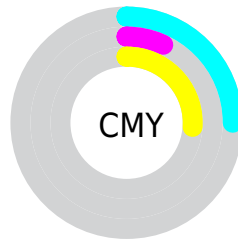


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 189, 238, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 189, 238, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 189, 238, 235


 189, 238, 235


255, 255, 255

 162, 210, 207

 245, 255, 251

 136, 182, 180


 110, 155, 153

 86, 129, 128

 62, 103, 103

 38, 77, 79

 14, 52, 56

 0, 35, 35

 0, 0, 0

 189, 238, 235

 189, 238, 235

 165, 238, 233

 213, 238, 237

 141, 238, 232

 237, 238, 238

 118, 238, 231

 255, 238, 255

 94, 238, 229

 70, 238, 228

 46, 238, 226

 22, 238, 224

 0, 238, 223

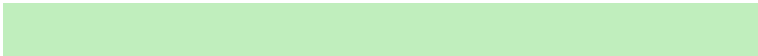
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 231, 177



189, 238, 235



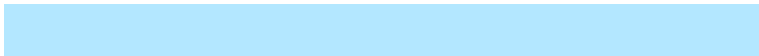
161, 209, 242

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189, 238, 235



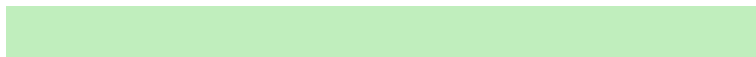
179, 210, 255



255, 206, 206

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189, 238, 235



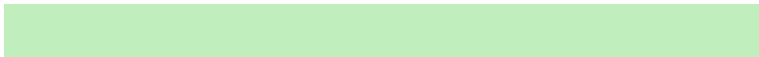
235, 189, 238

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 206, 235



189, 238, 235



220, 221, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189, 238, 235



148, 197, 255



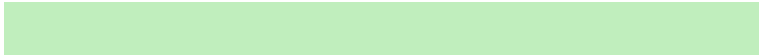
255, 212, 255



255, 234, 181

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189, 238, 235



146, 196, 243



255, 212, 255



255, 205, 216

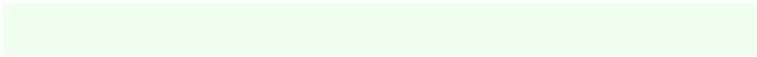


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189, 238, 235



240, 255, 254



192, 238, 189



119, 128, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

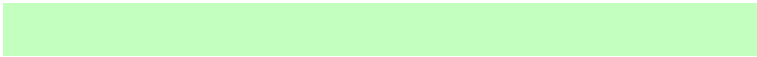


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189, 238, 235



191, 255, 251



189, 223, 238



108, 120, 119



0, 184, 173



0, 56, 53



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 189, 238



251, 191, 255



238, 189, 217



119, 108, 120



172, 0, 184

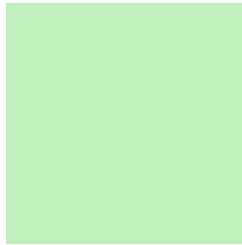


53, 0, 56



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 189, 238, 235 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

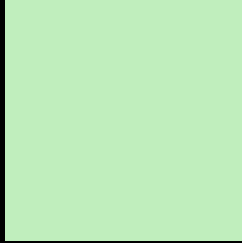
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 189, 238, 235 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

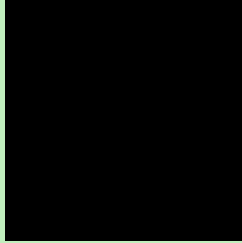
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

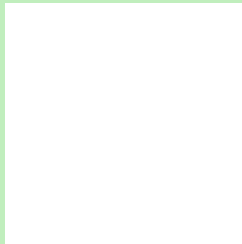
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 189, 238, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 189, 238, 235.

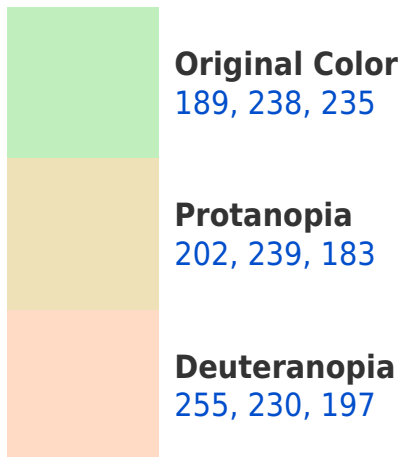


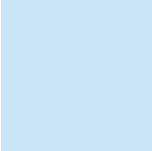
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 189, 238, 235.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





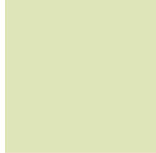
**Tritanopia**  
202, 219, 248

# Trichromacy



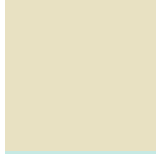
**Original Color**

189, 238, 235



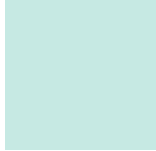
**Protanomaly**

185, 230, 193



**Deuteranomaly**

203, 232, 194



**Tritanomaly**

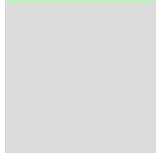
198, 217, 233

# Monochromacy



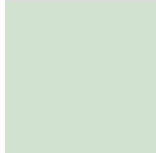
**Original Color**

189, 238, 235



**Achromatopsia**

219, 219, 219



**Achromatomaly**

208, 226, 225

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 189, 238, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 238, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 238, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 238, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 238, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 189, 238, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 238, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 238, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 238, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 238, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 238, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 238,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 189, 238, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 238, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
238, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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