

Converting Colors

`RYB(190, 201, 79)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(190, 201, 79) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(190, 201, 79)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C98F4F
RGB	201, 143, 79
RGB Percent	79%, 56%, 31%
CMY	0.2118, 0.4397, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.61, 0.21
HSL	31°, 53%, 55%
HSV	31°, 61%, 79%
XYZ	35.3031, 32.5909, 11.8271
YIQ	153.0460, 55.1120, -7.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

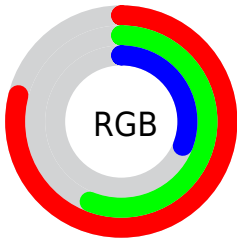
Format	Color
RYB	190, 201, 79
Decimal	13209423
CIELab	63.83, 15.33, 42.21
CIELCh	64, 44.905, 70.043
Yxy	32.5909, 0.4428, 0.4088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291399503 (0xFFC98F4F)
YUV	153.0460, -36.5047, 42.0557
Hunter-Lab	57.0884, 10.4785, 27.6787

Details

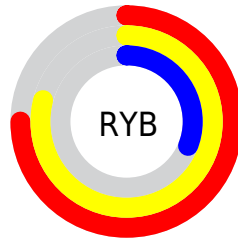
The RYB color **190, 201, 79** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **79, 118, 201**, and the grayscale version is **153, 153, 153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238, 255, 130**, and **120, 143, 30** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189, 201, 59**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 201, 99**.

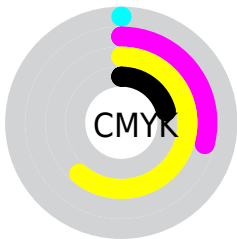
Distribution



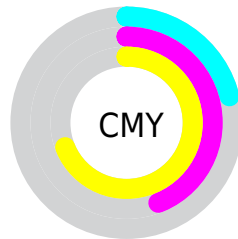
- Red (79%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (21%)




- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 190, 201, 79 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 190, 201, 79 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 190, 201, 79

 190, 201, 79


255, 255, 255

 159, 172, 55

 238, 255, 130

 120, 143, 30

 199, 255, 156

 81, 115, 3

 186, 255, 184

 83, 89, 0

 212, 255, 212

 61, 42, 0

 240, 255, 240

 37, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 190, 201, 79

 190, 201, 79

 189, 201, 59

 193, 201, 99

■ 186, 201, 39

■ 193, 201, 119

■ 186, 201, 19

■ 193, 201, 139

■ 184, 201, 0

■ 197, 201, 159

■ 199, 201, 180

■ 201, 200, 200

■ 201, 207, 220

■ 201, 213, 240

■ 201, 219, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



224, 135, 105



190, 201, 79



83, 166, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 201, 79



0, 90, 175



176, 139, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 201, 79



79, 118, 201

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113, 144, 233



190, 201, 79



0, 94, 205

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 201, 79



65, 134, 173



0, 96, 229



215, 126, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 201, 79



83, 164, 109



0, 96, 229



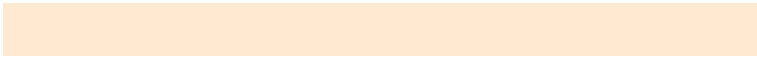
158, 144, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 201, 79



251, 255, 209



201, 79, 138



126, 128, 99



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 201, 79



240, 255, 69



79, 201, 81



97, 99, 90



150, 163, 0



32, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 118, 201



69, 129, 255



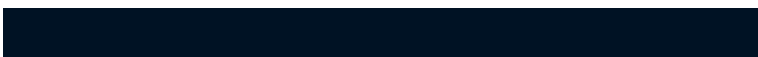
81, 79, 201



90, 93, 99



0, 53, 163



0, 12, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 190, 201, 79 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 190, 201, 79 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

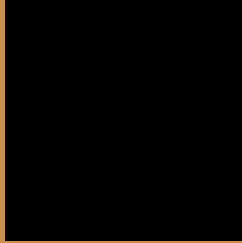
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 190, 201, 79 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 190, 201, 79.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 190, 201, 79.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
190, 201, 79

Protanopia
103, 171, 83

Deuteranopia
147, 191, 78



Tritanopia

206, 135, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color
190, 201, 79

Protanomaly
127, 182, 82

Deuteranomaly
162, 195, 78

Tritanomaly
204, 142, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color
190, 201, 79

Achromatopsia
153, 153, 153

Achromatomaly
166, 170, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 190, 201, 79 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 143, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 143, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 143, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 143, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 190, 201, 79 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 143, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 143, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 143, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 143, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 143, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 143,  
79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 190, 201, 79 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 143, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
143, 79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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