

Converting Colors

`RYB(190, 93, 65)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(190, 93, 65) contains.

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Color

R_YB(190, 93, 65)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE5841
RGB	190, 88, 65
RGB Percent	75%, 35%, 25%
CMY	0.2549, 0.6554, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.66, 0.25
HSL	11°, 49%, 50%
HSV	11°, 66%, 75%
XYZ	25.6689, 18.2879, 7.1780
YIQ	115.8760, 68.1750, 14.4710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

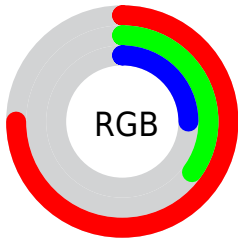
Format	Color
R_{YB}	190, 93, 65
Decimal	12474433
CIE Lab	49.84, 39.38, 32.73
CIE LCh	50, 51.208, 39.728
Yxy	18.2879, 0.5020, 0.3576
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290664513 (0xFFBE5841)
YUV	115.8760, -25.0819, 65.0067
Hunter-Lab	42.7643, 32.3053, 19.9831

Details

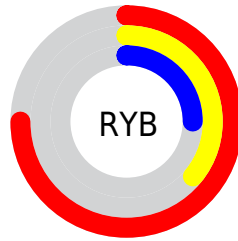
The RYB color **190, 93, 65** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. A complement of this color would be **65, 121, 190**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 146, 114**, and **131, 40, 21** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190, 78, 46**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190, 107, 84**.

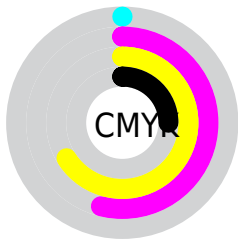
Distribution



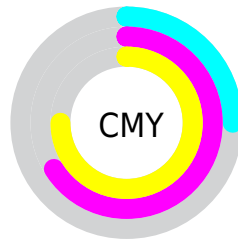
- Red (75%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 190, 93, 65 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 190, 93, 65 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 190, 93, 65

 190, 93, 65

255, 255, 255

 160, 66, 42

 251, 146, 114

 131, 40, 21

 255, 176, 139

 102, 6, 0

 255, 209, 166

 73, 0, 0

 255, 255, 193

 49, 0, 2

 223, 255, 221

 0, 0, 0

 250, 255, 250

 190, 93, 65

 190, 93, 65

 190, 78, 46

 190, 107, 84

■ 190, 64, 27

■ 190, 123, 103

■ 190, 48, 8

■ 190, 137, 122

■ 190, 43, 0

■ 190, 152, 141

■ 190, 166, 160

■ 190, 181, 179

■ 190, 194, 198

■ 190, 202, 217

■ 190, 211, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 77, 106



190, 93, 65



141, 165, 32

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



190, 93, 65



0, 84, 137



53, 99, 205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



190, 93, 65



65, 121, 190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 79, 200



190, 93, 65



0, 71, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



190, 93, 65



47, 131, 98



0, 77, 173



139, 101, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



190, 93, 65



52, 141, 20



0, 77, 173



0, 77, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



190, 93, 65



247, 209, 198



190, 65, 169



125, 101, 95



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



190, 93, 65



247, 96, 52



128, 190, 65



94, 88, 85



158, 36, 0



31, 7, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 121, 190



52, 140, 247



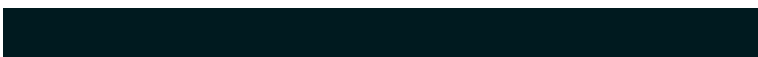
65, 96, 190



85, 89, 94



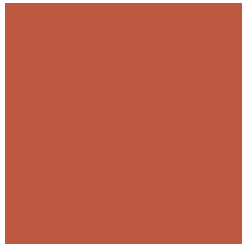
0, 71, 158



0, 14, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 190, 93, 65 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

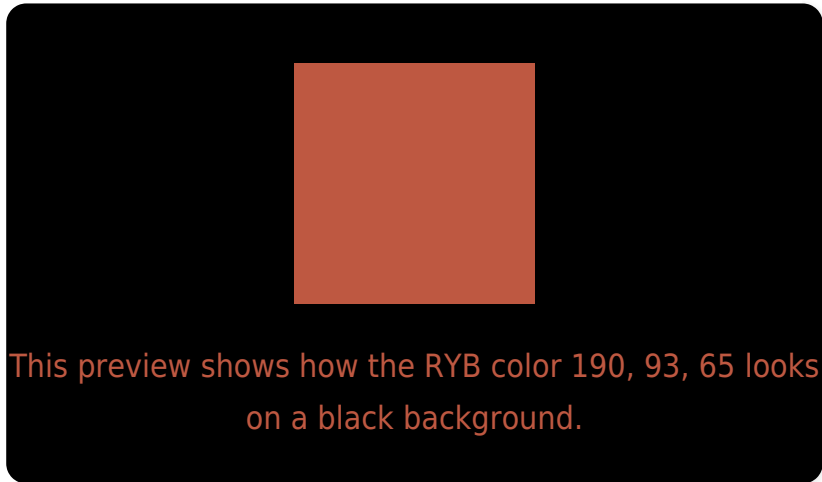
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 190, 93, 65 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 190, 93, 65.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 190, 93, 65.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
190, 93, 65

Protanopia
90, 130, 76

Deuteranopia
116, 147, 60



Tritanopia
191, 85, 90

Trichromacy



Original Color

190, 93, 65

Protanomaly

152, 137, 72

Deuteranomaly

163, 134, 62

Tritanomaly

191, 86, 81

Monochromacy



Original Color

190, 93, 65

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

143, 108, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 190, 93, 65 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 88, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 88, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 88, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 88, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 190, 93, 65 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 88, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 88, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 88, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 88, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 88, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 88,  
65) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 190, 93, 65 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 88, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 88,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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