

Converting Colors

`RYB(191, 113, 200)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(191, 113, 200) contains.

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Color

R_YB(191, 113, 200)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF71C8
RGB	191, 113, 200
RGB Percent	75%, 44%, 78%
CMY	0.2510, 0.5569, 0.2157
CMYK	0.04, 0.43, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	294°, 44%, 61%
HSV	294°, 44%, 78%
XYZ	37.8163, 27.0568, 57.8729
YIQ	146.2400, 18.5610, 43.5930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

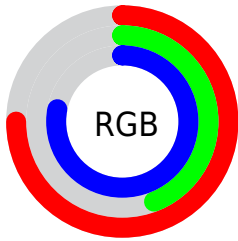
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 113, 200
Decimal	12546504
CIE _{Lab}	59.03, 44.36, -32.65
CIE _{LCh}	59, 55.078, 323.643
Yxy	27.0568, 0.3081, 0.2204
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290736584 (0xFFBF71C8)
YUV	146.2400, 26.5037, 39.2545
Hunter-Lab	52.0161, 38.7434, -29.5546

Details

The RYB color **191, 113, 200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **113, 200, 191**, and the grayscale version is **146, 146, 146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **249, 167, 255**, and **136, 62, 146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189, 93, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 133, 200**.

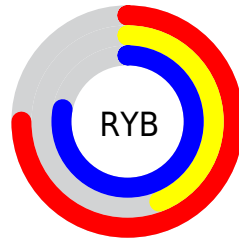
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (44%)

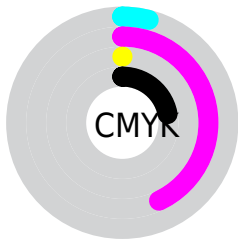
Blue (78%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (78%)

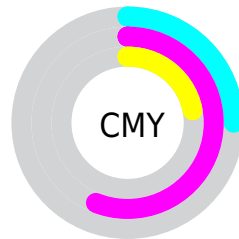


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (56%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 191, 113, 200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 191, 113, 200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 113, 200


255, 255, 255

 249, 167, 255

 255, 195, 255

 255, 223, 255

 255, 252, 255

 191, 113, 200

 163, 87, 172

 136, 62, 146

 109, 36, 120


 83, 4, 95


 58, 0, 70

 37, 0, 48

 0, 1, 26

 0, 0, 0

 191, 113, 200

 191, 113, 200

 189, 93, 200


 193, 133, 200

 187, 73, 200


 195, 153, 200

 185, 53, 200

 197, 173, 200

 183, 33, 200

 199, 193, 200

 181, 13, 200

 200, 213, 212

 179, 0, 200

 200, 233, 230

 200, 253, 248

 200, 255, 247

 200, 255, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 133, 231



191, 113, 200



224, 98, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 113, 200



96, 177, 38



0, 86, 179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 113, 200



113, 200, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 92, 165



191, 113, 200



46, 151, 67

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 113, 200



211, 146, 65



68, 148, 160



0, 93, 219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 113, 200



231, 98, 122



68, 148, 160



0, 84, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 113, 200



252, 222, 255



113, 122, 200



125, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 113, 200



241, 122, 255



200, 113, 167



98, 90, 99



146, 0, 163



32, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200, 113, 122



255, 122, 136



113, 176, 200



99, 90, 91



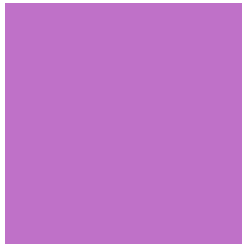
163, 0, 17



36, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 113, 200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

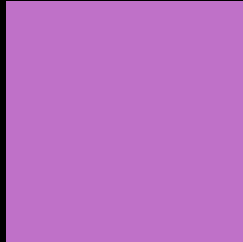
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 113, 200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

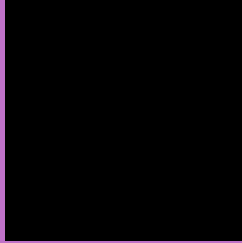
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 191, 113, 200 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 113, 200.

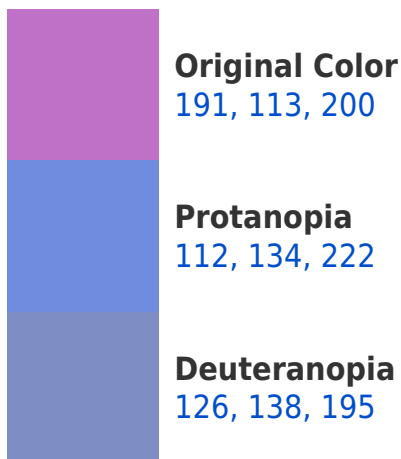


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 113, 200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
183, 127, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color

191, 113, 200



Protanomaly

141, 130, 214



Deuteranomaly

150, 131, 197



Tritanomaly

186, 122, 160

Monochromacy



Original Color

191, 113, 200



Achromatopsia

146, 146, 146



Achromatomaly

162, 134, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 191, 113, 200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 113, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 113, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 113, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 113, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 191, 113, 200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 113, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 113, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 113, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 113, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 113, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 113,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 191, 113, 200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 113, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
113, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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