

Converting Colors

`RYB(191, 133, 111)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(191, 133, 111) contains.

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Color

`RYB(191, 133, 111)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF806F
RGB	191, 128, 111
RGB Percent	75%, 50%, 44%
CMY	0.2510, 0.4970, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.42, 0.25
HSL	13°, 38%, 59%
HSV	13°, 42%, 75%
XYZ	32.1076, 27.7290, 18.6989
YIQ	144.8990, 43.0050, 8.0690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

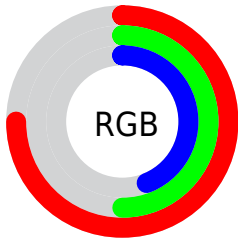
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 133, 111
Decimal	12550255
CIE Lab	59.64, 22.18, 19.25
CIE LCh	60, 29.367, 40.959
Yxy	27.7290, 0.4088, 0.3531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290740335 (0xFFBF806F)
YUV	144.8990, -16.7122, 40.4306
Hunter-Lab	52.6583, 16.6854, 15.8070

Details

The RYB color **191, 133, 111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **111, 146, 191**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **249, 186, 163**, and **135, 82, 63** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 119, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 147, 130**.

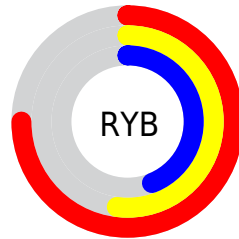
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (50%)

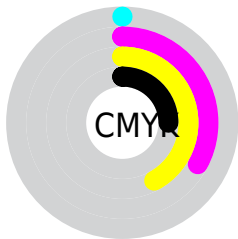
Blue (44%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (44%)

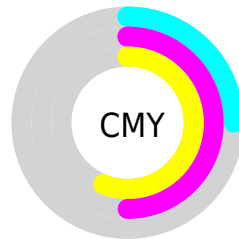


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (50%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 191, 133, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 191, 133, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 133, 111


255, 255, 255

 249, 186, 163

 255, 217, 190

 249, 255, 218

 246, 255, 246

 191, 133, 111

 163, 107, 87

 135, 82, 63

 108, 59, 41


 82, 35, 20


 57, 12, 0


 34, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 191, 133, 111


 191, 119, 92


 191, 133, 111

 191, 147, 130


 191, 105, 73

 191, 160, 149


 191, 91, 54


 191, 174, 168

 191, 77, 35

 191, 188, 187


 191, 63, 16


 191, 198, 207

 191, 52, 0

 191, 206, 226

 191, 215, 245

 191, 221, 255

 191, 223, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195, 124, 135



191, 133, 111



174, 176, 95

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 133, 111



92, 134, 156



123, 139, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 133, 111



111, 146, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83, 125, 192



191, 133, 111



63, 112, 158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 133, 111



104, 152, 133



55, 110, 177



159, 134, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 133, 111



116, 160, 92



55, 110, 177



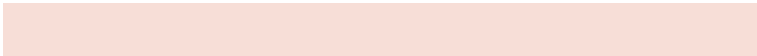
110, 135, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 133, 111



247, 224, 215



191, 111, 175



125, 110, 105



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 133, 111



247, 157, 124



145, 191, 111



94, 88, 85



158, 43, 0



31, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 146, 191



124, 178, 247



111, 129, 191



85, 89, 94



0, 69, 158



0, 14, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 133, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

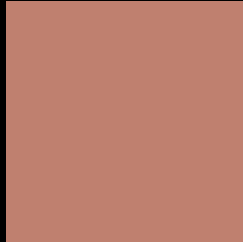
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 133, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

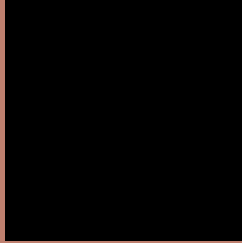
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 191, 133, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 133, 111.

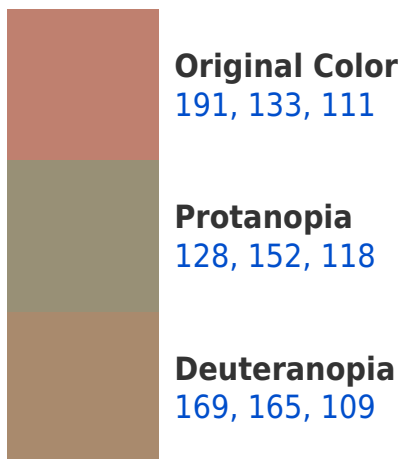


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 133, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
193, 125, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color
191, 133, 111

Protanomaly
166, 157, 115

Deuteranomaly
177, 147, 110

Tritanomaly
192, 126, 126

Monochromacy



Original Color
191, 133, 111

Achromatopsia
145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly
162, 141, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 191, 133, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 128, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 128, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 128, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 128, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 191, 133, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 128, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 128, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 128, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 128, 111); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 128, 111); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 128, 111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 191, 133, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 128, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
128, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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