

# Converting Colors

`RYB(191, 176, 198)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(191, 176, 198) contains.

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# Color

**$\text{RYB}(191, 176, 198)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFB0C6
RGB	191, 176, 198
RGB Percent	75%, 69%, 78%
CMY	0.2510, 0.3098, 0.2235
CMYK	0.04, 0.11, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	281°, 16%, 73%
HSV	281°, 11%, 78%
XYZ	47.2042, 46.2043, 59.8565
YIQ	182.9930, 1.8780, 10.0220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

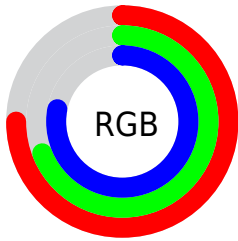
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	191, 176, 198
Decimal	12562630
CIELab	73.68, 9.42, -9.22
CIELCh	74, 13.180, 315.604
Yxy	46.2043, 0.3080, 0.3015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290752710 (0xFFBFB0C6)
YUV	182.9930, 7.3985, 7.0221
Hunter-Lab	67.9737, 5.0051, -4.6281

# Details

The RYB color **191, 176, 198** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 198, 191**, and the grayscale version is **183, 183, 183**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247, 232, 255**, and **138, 123, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 156, 198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 196, 198**.

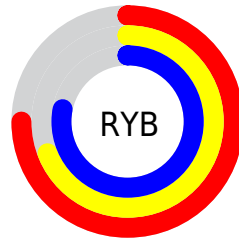
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (69%)

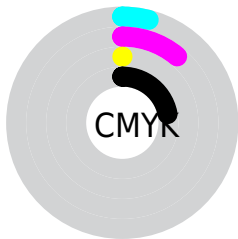
Blue (78%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (78%)

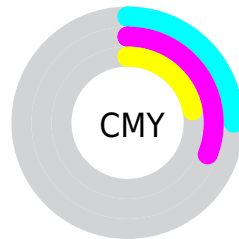


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 191, 176, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 191, 176, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 191, 176, 198

255, 255, 255

 247, 232, 255

 191, 176, 198

 164, 149, 171

 138, 123, 144

 112, 99, 119


 88, 75, 94


 64, 52, 70

 42, 31, 48

 22, 7, 27

 0, 0, 0

 191, 176, 198

 191, 176, 198

185, 156, 198

197, 196, 198

178, 136, 198

198, 216, 210

172, 117, 198

198, 235, 223

166, 97, 198

198, 255, 237

159, 77, 198

198, 255, 230

153, 57, 198

198, 255, 224

147, 37, 198

198, 255, 218

141, 18, 198

198, 255, 212

135, 0, 198

198, 255, 205

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 180, 204



191, 176, 198



202, 173, 187

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 176, 198



195, 197, 158



151, 170, 188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 176, 198



176, 198, 191

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 177, 188



191, 176, 198



160, 184, 158

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 176, 198



205, 179, 164



164, 186, 180



152, 172, 198

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 176, 198



206, 173, 179



164, 186, 180



152, 171, 188



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 176, 198



253, 247, 255



176, 181, 198



126, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 176, 198



244, 222, 255



198, 176, 194



96, 90, 99



111, 0, 163



24, 0, 36



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 176, 183



255, 222, 232



176, 195, 198



99, 90, 93



163, 0, 52

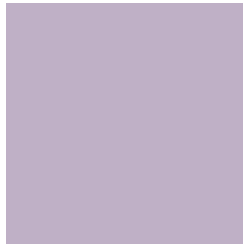


36, 0, 11



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 176, 198 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

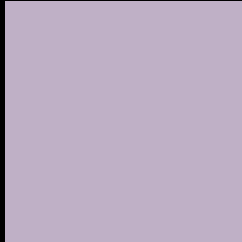
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 176, 198 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

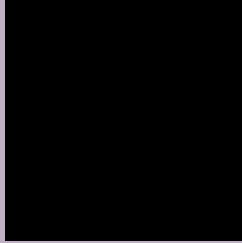
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 191, 176, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 176, 198.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 176, 198.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
191, 176, 198

**Protanopia**  
179, 180, 200

**Deuteranopia**  
191, 176, 198



**Tritanopia**  
190, 177, 191

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

191, 176, 198

**Protanomaly**

183, 179, 199

**Deuteranomaly**

191, 176, 198

**Tritanomaly**

190, 177, 194

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

191, 176, 198

**Achromatopsia**

183, 183, 183

**Achromatomaly**

186, 180, 188

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 191, 176, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 176, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 176, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 176, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 176, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 191, 176, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

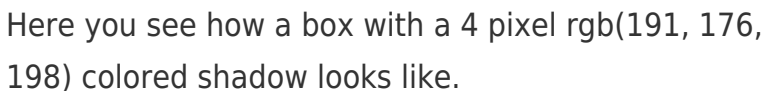
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 176, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 176, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 176, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 176, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 176, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 176, 198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 191, 176, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 176, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
176, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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