

Converting Colors

`RYB(191, 215, 217)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(191, 215, 217) contains.

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Color

R_YB(191, 215, 217)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFD9C1
RGB	191, 217, 193
RGB Percent	75%, 85%, 76%
CMY	0.2510, 0.1490, 0.2425
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.11, 0.15
HSL	125°, 25%, 80%
HSV	125°, 12%, 85%
XYZ	55.9430, 64.5598, 60.0624
YIQ	206.4900, -7.7920, -12.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

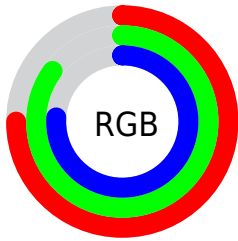
Format	Color
RYB	191, 215, 217
Decimal	12573121
CIELab	84.26, -13.12, 8.83
CIElCh	84, 15.811, 146.048
Yxy	64.5598, 0.3098, 0.3575
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290763201 (0xFFBFD9C1)
YUV	206.4900, -6.6506, -13.5847
Hunter-Lab	80.3491, -16.3305, 11.9240

Details

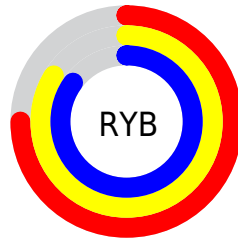
The RYB color **191, 215, 217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **217, 191, 215**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247, 253, 255**, and **137, 160, 162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169, 213, 217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 217, 217**.

Distribution



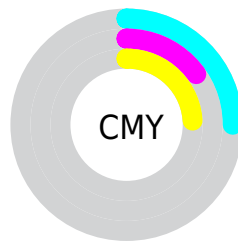
- Red (75%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 191, 215, 217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 191, 215, 217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 215, 217


255, 255, 255


 247, 253, 255

 191, 215, 217


 164, 187, 189

 137, 159, 162

 112, 134, 136

 87, 107, 110

 64, 84, 86

 41, 60, 63

 20, 38, 41

 0, 21, 21

 0, 0, 0

 191, 215, 217

 191, 215, 217

 169, 213, 217

 213, 217, 217

 148, 212, 217

 234, 217, 233

 126, 211, 217

 255, 217, 253

 104, 208, 217

 255, 217, 255

 82, 206, 217

 61, 205, 217

 39, 203, 217

 17, 201, 217

 0, 200, 217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 213, 188



191, 215, 217



177, 201, 219

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 215, 217



192, 206, 240



242, 201, 198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 215, 217



217, 191, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



239, 200, 213



191, 215, 217



211, 207, 237

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 215, 217



177, 200, 234



228, 203, 227



237, 214, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 215, 217



173, 196, 219



228, 203, 227



242, 200, 203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 215, 217



245, 254, 255



191, 217, 193



121, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



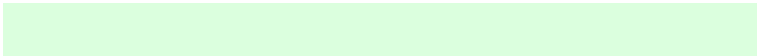
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 215, 217



219, 252, 255



191, 207, 217



99, 109, 110



0, 160, 173



0, 42, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217, 191, 215



255, 219, 252



217, 191, 202



110, 99, 109



173, 0, 159



46, 0, 42

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 215, 217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 215, 217 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

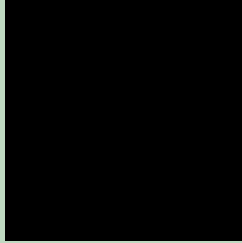
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

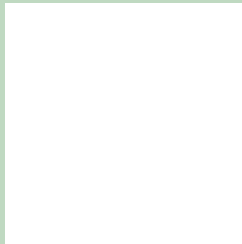
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 191, 215, 217 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 215, 217.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 215, 217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
191, 215, 217

Protanopia
202, 218, 189

Deuteranopia
235, 205, 196



Tritanopia
197, 207, 229

Trichromacy



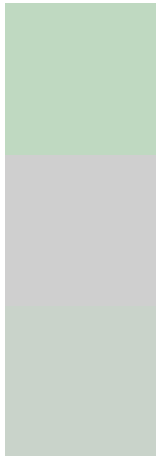
Original Color
191, 215, 217

Protanomaly
191, 212, 195

Deuteranomaly
215, 219, 195

Tritanomaly
195, 205, 216

Monochromacy



Original Color
191, 215, 217

Achromatopsia
207, 207, 207

Achromatomaly
201, 210, 211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 191, 215, 217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 217, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 217, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 217, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 217, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 191, 215, 217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 217, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 217, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 217, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 217, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 217, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 217,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 191, 215, 217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 217, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
217, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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