

Converting Colors

`RYB(191, 66, 191)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(191, 66, 191) contains.

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Color

R_YB(191, 66, 191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF42BF
RGB	191, 66, 191
RGB Percent	75%, 26%, 75%
CMY	0.2510, 0.7412, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	300°, 49%, 50%
HSV	300°, 65%, 75%
XYZ	32.8380, 18.7344, 51.1756
YIQ	117.6250, 34.3750, 65.3750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

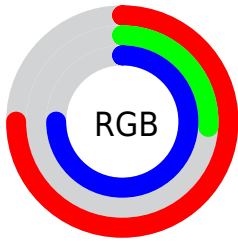
Format	Color
R _{YB}	191, 66, 191
Decimal	12534463
CIE _{Lab}	50.37, 64.75, -41.06
CIE _{LCh}	50, 76.669, 327.618
Yxy	18.7344, 0.3196, 0.1823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290724543 (0xFFBF42BF)
YUV	117.6250, 36.1739, 64.3499
Hunter-Lab	43.2832, 59.6784, -39.8028

Details

The RYB color **191, 66, 191** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **66, 191, 191**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 123, 248**, and **134, 0, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 47, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 85, 191**.

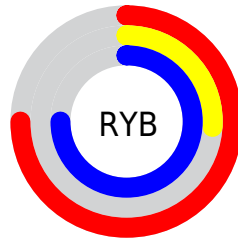
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (26%)

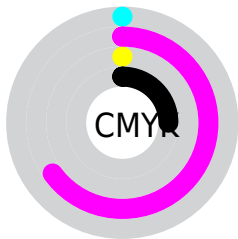
Blue (75%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (75%)

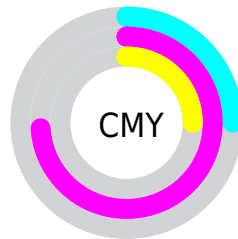


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (74%)


Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 191, 66, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 191, 66, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 66, 191

 191, 66, 191

255, 255, 255

 162, 33, 164

 250, 123, 248

 134, 0, 137

 255, 151, 255

 106, 0, 111

 255, 180, 255

 79, 0, 86

 255, 209, 255


 55, 0, 62

 255, 238, 255

 23, 0, 39

 0, 1, 16

 0, 0, 0

 191, 66, 191

 191, 66, 191

■ 191, 47, 191

■ 191, 85, 191

■ 191, 28, 191

■ 191, 104, 191

■ 191, 9, 191

■ 191, 123, 191

■ 191, 0, 191

■ 191, 142, 191

■ 191, 162, 191

■ 191, 181, 191

■ 191, 200, 200

■ 191, 219, 219

■ 191, 238, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97, 105, 237



191, 66, 191



228, 24, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 66, 191



44, 150, 0



0, 81, 179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 66, 191



66, 191, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 83, 147



191, 66, 191



0, 133, 47

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 66, 191



198, 152, 0



0, 111, 143



0, 88, 231

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 66, 191



231, 32, 85



0, 111, 143



0, 76, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 66, 191



247, 198, 247



66, 66, 191



125, 95, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 66, 191



247, 52, 247



191, 66, 129



94, 85, 94



158, 0, 158



31, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 66, 191



247, 52, 247



66, 149, 191



94, 85, 94



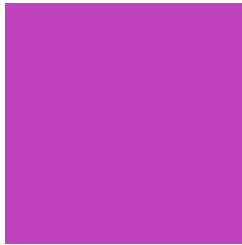
158, 0, 158



31, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 66, 191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

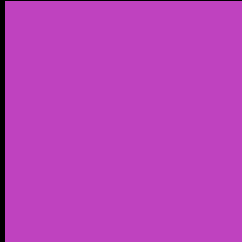
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 66, 191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

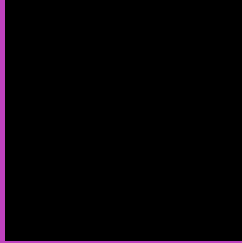
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 191, 66, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 66, 191.

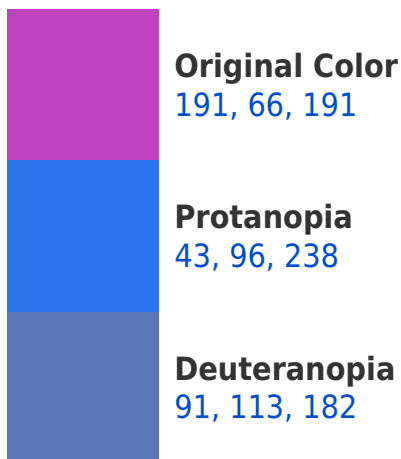



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 66, 191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





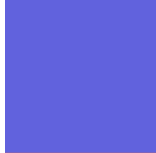
Tritanopia
181, 94, 101

Trichromacy



Original Color

191, 66, 191



Protanomaly

97, 98, 221



Deuteranomaly

127, 100, 185



Tritanomaly

185, 84, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

191, 66, 191



Achromatopsia

118, 118, 118



Achromatomaly

145, 99, 145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 191, 66, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 66, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 66, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 66, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 66, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 191, 66, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 66, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 66, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 66, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 66, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 66, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 66,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 191, 66, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 66, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 66,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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