

# Converting Colors

`RYB(191, 79, 217)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(191, 79, 217) contains.

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# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(191, 79, 217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF4FD9
RGB	191, 79, 217
RGB Percent	75%, 31%, 85%
CMY	0.2510, 0.6902, 0.1490
CMYK	0.12, 0.64, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	289°, 64%, 58%
HSV	289°, 64%, 85%
XYZ	36.8062, 21.6781, 67.8900
YIQ	128.2200, 22.4540, 66.6620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

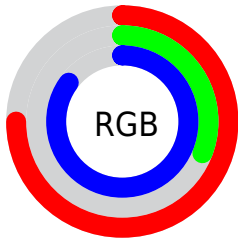
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">191, 79, 217</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12537817</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">53.68, 64.08, -50.72</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">54, 81.725, 321.641</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">21.6781, 0.2912, 0.1715</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290727897</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFBF4FD9</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">128.2200, 43.7685, 55.0581</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">46.5597, 59.6276, -53.8606</a>

# Details

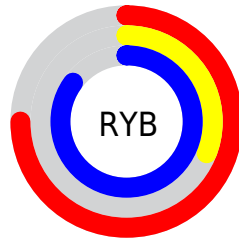
The RYB color **191, 79, 217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **79, 217, 191**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 135, 255**, and **134, 10, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187, 57, 217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 101, 217**.

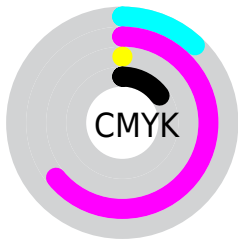
# Distribution



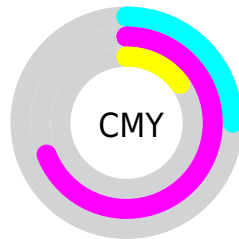
- Red (75%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




















- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 191, 79, 217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 191, 79, 217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 191, 79, 217	 191, 79, 217
 255, 255, 255	 162, 50, 189
 250, 135, 255	 134, 10, 161
 255, 163, 255	 106, 0, 135
 255, 191, 255	 78, 0, 109
 255, 220, 255	 52, 0, 84
 255, 250, 255	 23, 0, 60
	 0, 2, 37
	 0, 1, 13
	 0, 0, 0

191, 79, 217

191, 79, 217

187, 57, 217

195, 101, 217

183, 36, 217

199, 122, 217

179, 14, 217

203, 144, 217

176, 0, 217

207, 166, 217

211, 187, 217

216, 209, 217

217, 231, 228

217, 253, 246

217, 255, 244

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60, 105, 255



191, 79, 217



241, 28, 151

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 79, 217



79, 172, 0



0, 84, 179

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 79, 217



79, 217, 191

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 94, 157



191, 79, 217



0, 140, 33

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 79, 217



221, 136, 0



0, 130, 151



0, 94, 239

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 79, 217



249, 21, 104



0, 130, 151



0, 80, 158



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 79, 217



246, 207, 255



79, 102, 217



122, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 79, 217



218, 61, 255



217, 79, 176



108, 99, 110



141, 0, 173



37, 0, 46



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217, 79, 105



255, 61, 98



79, 185, 217



110, 99, 101



173, 0, 33

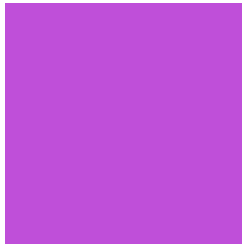


46, 0, 9



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 79, 217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

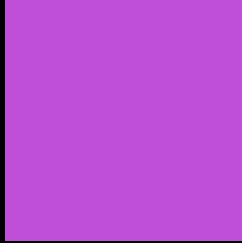
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 79, 217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

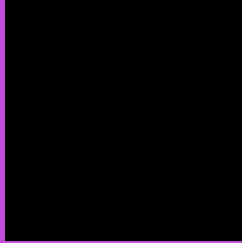
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 191, 79, 217 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 79, 217.

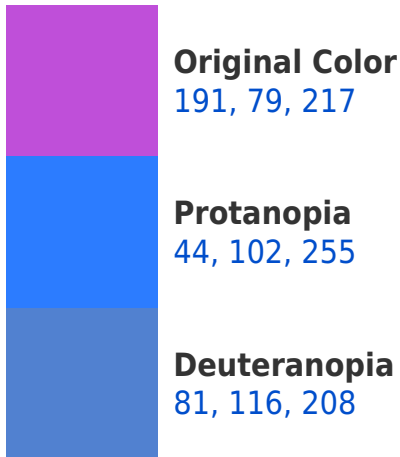



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 79, 217.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
177, 109, 117

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

191, 79, 217



**Protanomaly**

97, 107, 241



**Deuteranomaly**

121, 111, 211



**Tritanomaly**

182, 98, 153

# Monochromacy



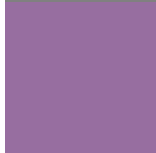
**Original Color**

191, 79, 217



**Achromatopsia**

128, 128, 128



**Achromatomaly**

151, 110, 160

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 191, 79, 217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 79, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 79, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 79, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 79, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 191, 79, 217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 79, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 79, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 79, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 79, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 79, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 79,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 191, 79, 217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 79, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 79,  
217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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