

Converting Colors

`RYB(191, 92, 140)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(191, 92, 140) contains.

RYB(191, 92, 140)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(191, 92, 140)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF5C8C
RGB	191, 92, 140
RGB Percent	75%, 36%, 55%
CMY	0.2510, 0.6392, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.27, 0.25
HSL	331°, 44%, 55%
HSV	331°, 52%, 75%
XYZ	30.0466, 20.6241, 27.2082
YIQ	127.0730, 43.5960, 35.9160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

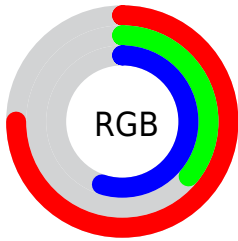
Format	Color
RYB	191, 92, 140
Decimal	12541068
CIELab	52.54, 45.20, -7.81
CIELCh	53, 45.866, 350.199
Yxy	20.6241, 0.3858, 0.2648
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290731148 (0xFFBF5C8C)
YUV	127.0730, 6.3730, 56.0640
Hunter-Lab	45.4138, 38.6249, -3.7320

Details

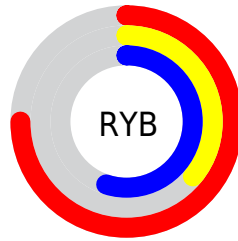
The RYB color **191, 92, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **92, 157, 191**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 145, 194**, and **135, 39, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 73, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 111, 150**.

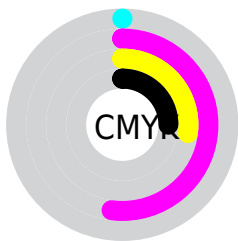
Distribution



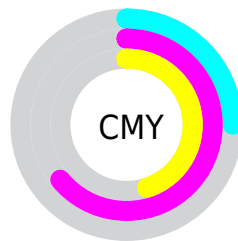
- Red (75%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 191, 92, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 191, 92, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 191, 92, 140


255, 255, 255

 250, 145, 194

 255, 173, 221

 255, 201, 250


 255, 230, 255

 191, 92, 140

 163, 66, 115

 135, 39, 90


 107, 5, 67


 81, 0, 44


 56, 0, 24


 26, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 191, 92, 140

 191, 73, 130

 191, 92, 140

 191, 111, 150

■ 191, 54, 120

■ 191, 130, 160

■ 191, 35, 110

■ 191, 149, 170

■ 191, 16, 101

■ 191, 168, 179

■ 191, 0, 93

■ 191, 187, 189

■ 191, 202, 207

■ 191, 214, 226

■ 191, 227, 245

■ 191, 231, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 104, 176



191, 92, 140



198, 92, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191, 92, 140



47, 131, 57



0, 80, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191, 92, 140



92, 157, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 74, 151



191, 92, 140



73, 140, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191, 92, 140



103, 158, 44



0, 81, 144



0, 80, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191, 92, 140



192, 105, 76



0, 81, 144



0, 79, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191, 92, 140



247, 208, 227



141, 92, 191



125, 101, 113



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191, 92, 140



247, 94, 168



191, 92, 92



94, 85, 89



158, 0, 77



31, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 92, 140



247, 94, 168



92, 142, 191



94, 85, 89



158, 0, 77



31, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 92, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

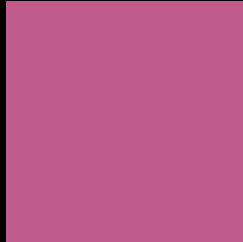
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 191, 92, 140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 191, 92, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 92, 140.

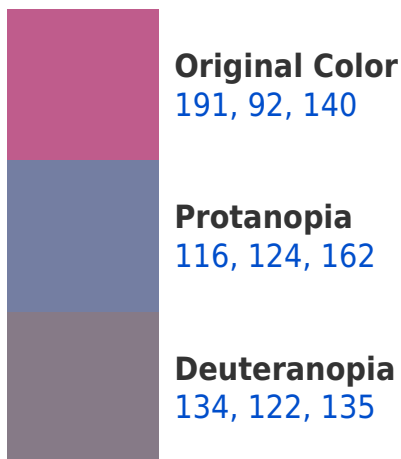


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 191, 92, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
188, 99, 106

Trichromacy



Original Color

191, 92, 140

Protanomaly

143, 113, 154

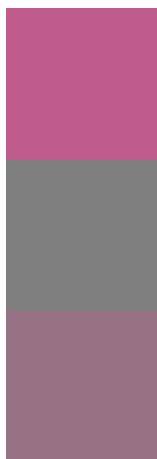
Deuteranomaly

155, 111, 137

Tritanomaly

189, 96, 118

Monochromacy



Original Color

191, 92, 140

Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127

Achromatomaly

150, 114, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 191, 92, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 92, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 92, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 92, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 92, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 191, 92, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 92, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 92, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 92, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 92, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 92, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 92,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 191, 92, 140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 92, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 92,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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