

Converting Colors

`RYB(192, 114, 131)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(192, 114, 131) contains.

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Color

R_YB(192, 114, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C07283
RGB	192, 114, 131
RGB Percent	75%, 45%, 51%
CMY	0.2471, 0.5529, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.32, 0.25
HSL	347°, 38%, 60%
HSV	347°, 41%, 75%
XYZ	31.8523, 24.8798, 24.5962
YIQ	139.2600, 41.0310, 21.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

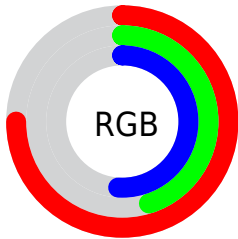
Format	Color
RYB	192, 114, 131
Decimal	12612227
CIELab	56.96, 32.82, 3.98
CIElCh	57, 33.066, 6.921
Yxy	24.8798, 0.3917, 0.3059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290802307 (0xFFC07283)
YUV	139.2600, -4.0722, 46.2530
Hunter-Lab	49.8796, 26.6976, 5.6792

Details

The RYB color **192, 114, 131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **114, 158, 192**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 167, 184**, and **136, 64, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192, 95, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 133, 146**.

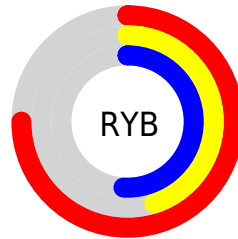
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (45%)

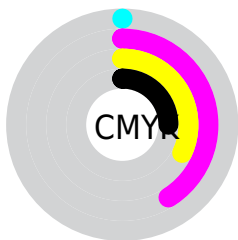
Blue (51%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (51%)

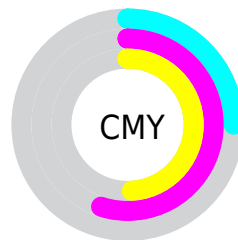


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 192, 114, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 192, 114, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 192, 114, 131


255, 255, 255

 250, 167, 184

 255, 195, 212

 255, 223, 240

 255, 252, 255

 192, 114, 131

 164, 89, 106

 136, 64, 82

 109, 40, 59

 83, 14, 37


 58, 0, 16


 33, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 192, 114, 131

 192, 95, 116


 192, 114, 131

 192, 133, 146


 192, 76, 101

 192, 152, 161

 192, 56, 86

 192, 172, 176

 192, 37, 71

 192, 191, 191

 192, 18, 56

 192, 202, 210

 192, 0, 42

 192, 213, 229

 192, 223, 248

 192, 225, 255

 192, 224, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178, 118, 160



192, 114, 131



190, 121, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 114, 131



90, 145, 117



52, 108, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 114, 131



114, 158, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 80, 170



192, 114, 131



82, 129, 150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 114, 131



93, 149, 79



38, 97, 152



105, 129, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 114, 131



181, 145, 89



38, 97, 152



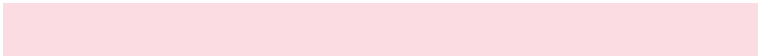
31, 97, 184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 114, 131



250, 220, 226



174, 114, 192



125, 107, 111



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 114, 131



250, 127, 154



192, 143, 114



97, 87, 89



161, 0, 35



33, 0, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 114, 131



250, 127, 154



114, 147, 192



97, 87, 89



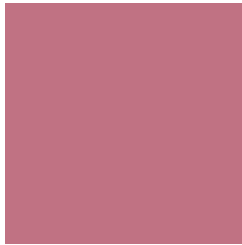
161, 0, 35



33, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 114, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

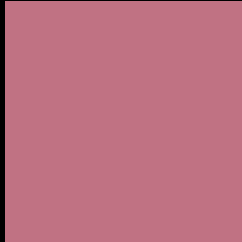
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 114, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 192, 114, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 114, 131.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 114, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
191, 115, 124

Trichromacy



Original Color

192, 114, 131

Protanomaly

158, 128, 139

Deuteranomaly

168, 125, 129

Tritanomaly

191, 115, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

192, 114, 131

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

158, 130, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 192, 114, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 114, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 114, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 114, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 114, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 192, 114, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 114, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 114, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 114, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 114, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 114, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 114,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 192, 114, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 114, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
114, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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