

Converting Colors

`RYB(192, 134, 61)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(192, 134, 61) contains.

RYB(192, 134, 61)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RYB(192, 134, 61)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C06C3D
RGB	192, 108, 61
RGB Percent	75%, 42%, 24%
CMY	0.2471, 0.5770, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.68, 0.25
HSL	21°, 52%, 50%
HSV	21°, 68%, 75%
XYZ	27.9302, 22.2427, 7.2361
YIQ	127.7580, 65.1510, 3.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

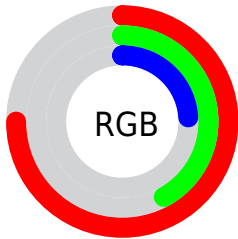
Format	Color
RYB	192, 134, 61
Decimal	12610621
CIELab	54.28, 29.47, 40.17
CIElCh	54, 49.819, 53.734
Yxy	22.2427, 0.4865, 0.3874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290800701 (0xFFC06C3D)
YUV	127.7580, -32.9117, 56.3402
Hunter-Lab	47.1621, 23.1768, 23.9167

Details

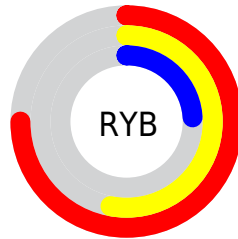
The RYB color **192, 134, 61** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **61, 112, 192**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 187, 110**, and **133, 88, 13** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192, 126, 42**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 142, 80**.

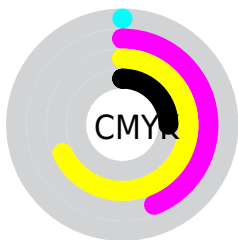
Distribution



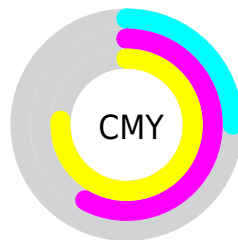
- Red (75%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 192, 134, 61 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 192, 134, 61 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 192, 134, 61  192, 134, 61

255, 255, 255  162, 110, 37

 253, 187, 110  133, 88, 13

 255, 228, 136  105, 53, 0

 231, 255, 163  77, 13, 0

 203, 255, 190  50, 0, 0

 218, 255, 218  12, 0, 0

 247, 255, 247  0, 0, 0

 192, 134, 61  192, 134, 61

 192, 126, 42  192, 142, 80

■ 192, 116, 23

■ 192, 153, 99

■ 192, 109, 3

■ 192, 159, 119

■ 192, 108, 0

■ 192, 167, 138

■ 192, 178, 157

■ 192, 186, 176

■ 192, 193, 195

■ 192, 201, 215

■ 192, 208, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208, 94, 98



192, 134, 61



92, 161, 39

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 134, 61



0, 84, 150



116, 122, 209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 134, 61



61, 112, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 84, 215



192, 134, 61



0, 78, 163

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 134, 61



65, 136, 146



0, 84, 198



174, 104, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 134, 61



39, 134, 39



0, 84, 198



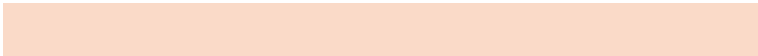
87, 118, 214

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 134, 61



250, 228, 200



192, 61, 146



125, 112, 95



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 134, 61



250, 158, 45



85, 192, 61



97, 94, 87



161, 88, 0



33, 19, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 112, 192



45, 125, 250



61, 78, 192



87, 91, 97



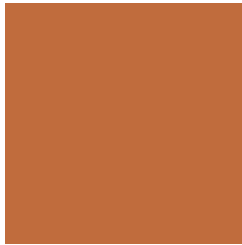
0, 63, 161



0, 13, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 134, 61 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

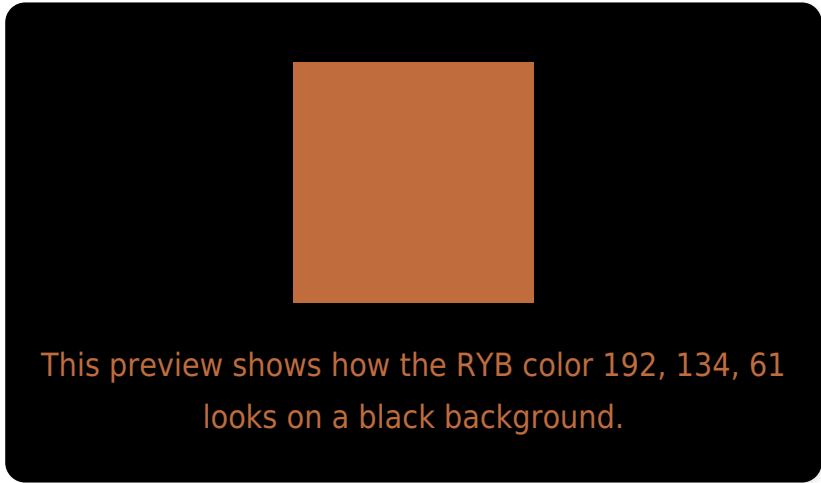
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 192, 134, 61 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 134, 61.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 134, 61.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
192, 134, 61

Protanopia
85, 144, 68

Deuteranopia
114, 161, 57



Tritanopia
195, 102, 110

Trichromacy



Original Color

192, 134, 61

Protanomaly

131, 161, 65

Deuteranomaly

161, 172, 58

Tritanomaly

194, 106, 92

Monochromacy



Original Color

192, 134, 61

Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly

151, 131, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 192, 134, 61 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 108, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 108, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 108, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 108, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 192, 134, 61 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 108, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 108, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 108, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 108, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 108, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 108,  
61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 192, 134, 61 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 108, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
108, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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