

Converting Colors

`RYB(192, 208, 214)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(192, 208, 214) contains.

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Color

R_YB(192, 208, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0D6C8
RGB	192, 214, 200
RGB Percent	75%, 84%, 78%
CMY	0.2471, 0.1608, 0.2147
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.06, 0.16
HSL	142°, 21%, 80%
HSV	142°, 10%, 84%
XYZ	56.2394, 63.4814, 64.0859
YIQ	205.8260, -8.6180, -9.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

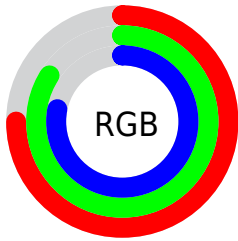
Format	Color
RYB	192, 208, 214
Decimal	12637896
CIELab	83.70, -9.96, 4.28
CIElCh	84, 10.838, 156.745
Yxy	63.4814, 0.3060, 0.3454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290827976 (0xFFC0D6C8)
YUV	205.8260, -2.8722, -12.1254
Hunter-Lab	79.6752, -13.4361, 8.0834

Details

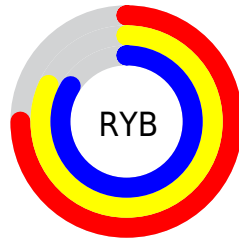
The RYB color **192, 208, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **214, 192, 206**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 252, 255**, and **138, 153, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 202, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 214, 214**.

Distribution



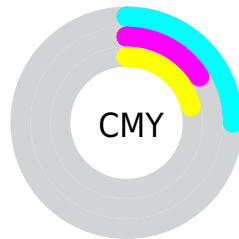
- Red (75%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 192, 208, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 192, 208, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 192, 208, 214

255, 255, 255


 248, 252, 255

 192, 208, 214


 165, 180, 186


 138, 153, 159


 113, 127, 133

 88, 102, 108

 65, 79, 84

 42, 54, 60


 21, 33, 39

 0, 16, 19

 0, 0, 0

 192, 208, 214

 192, 208, 214

 171, 202, 214


 213, 214, 214

 149, 196, 214


 235, 214, 227

 128, 191, 214


 255, 214, 240


 106, 184, 214


 255, 214, 254


 85, 179, 214

 255, 214, 255

 64, 173, 214

 42, 167, 214

 21, 162, 214

 0, 156, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 212, 201



192, 208, 214



185, 201, 215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 208, 214



201, 207, 229



230, 204, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 208, 214



214, 192, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230, 202, 207



192, 208, 214



214, 205, 225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 208, 214



190, 204, 227



224, 203, 217



225, 216, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 208, 214



183, 199, 217



224, 203, 217



231, 202, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 208, 214



247, 253, 255



192, 214, 200



122, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



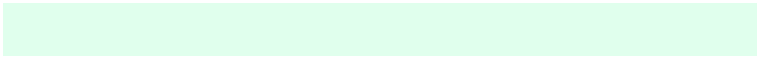
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 208, 214



224, 246, 255



192, 204, 214



96, 104, 107



0, 124, 171



0, 31, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 192, 206



255, 224, 244



214, 192, 195



107, 96, 103



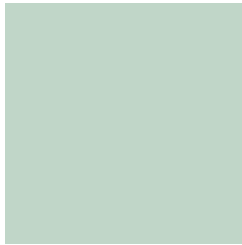
171, 0, 107



43, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 208, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

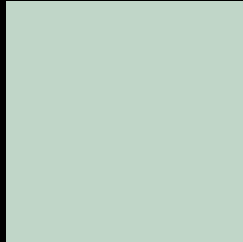
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 208, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

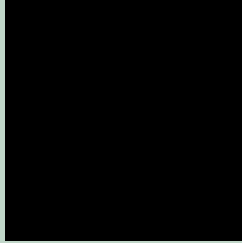
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

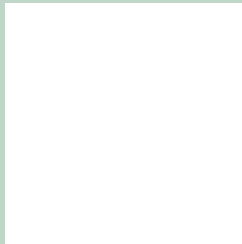
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 192, 208, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 208, 214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 208, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
196, 206, 227

Trichromacy



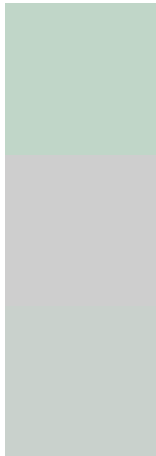
Original Color
192, 208, 214

Protanomaly
198, 210, 201

Deuteranomaly
216, 208, 202

Tritanomaly
195, 204, 217

Monochromacy



Original Color
192, 208, 214

Achromatopsia
206, 206, 206

Achromatomaly
201, 207, 209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 192, 208, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 214, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 214, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 214, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 214, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 192, 208, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 214, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 214, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 214, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 214, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 214, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 214,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 192, 208, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 214, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
214, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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