

Converting Colors

`RYB(192, 41, 121)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(192, 41, 121) contains.

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Color

`RYB(192, 41, 121)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C02979
RGB	192, 41, 121
RGB Percent	75%, 16%, 47%
CMY	0.2471, 0.8392, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.37, 0.25
HSL	328°, 65%, 46%
HSV	328°, 79%, 75%
XYZ	25.9824, 14.1728, 19.4554
YIQ	95.2690, 64.3160, 56.8920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

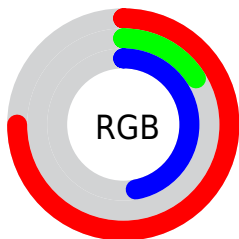
Format	Color
RYB	192, 41, 121
Decimal	12593529
CIELab	44.48, 63.81, -8.37
CIElCh	44, 64.360, 352.525
Yxy	14.1728, 0.4359, 0.2378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290783609 (0xFFC02979)
YUV	95.2690, 12.6854, 84.8331
Hunter-Lab	37.6468, 57.3118, -4.2875

Details

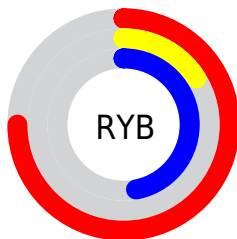
The RYB color **192, 41, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **41, 144, 192**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **252, 102, 173**, and **133, 0, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192, 22, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 60, 130**.

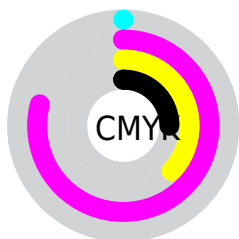
Distribution



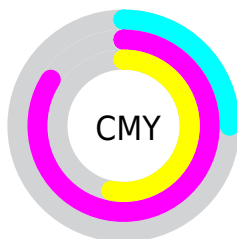
- Red (75%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 192, 41, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 192, 41, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



192, 41, 121



192, 41, 121

255, 255, 255



162, 0, 96



252, 102, 173



133, 0, 73



255, 131, 201



105, 0, 50



255, 159, 229



77, 0, 29



255, 188, 255



50, 0, 2



255, 218, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 247, 255



192, 41, 121



192, 41, 121



192, 22, 112



192, 60, 130

■ 192, 3, 103

■ 192, 79, 139

■ 192, 0, 102

■ 192, 99, 148

■ 192, 118, 157

■ 192, 137, 166

■ 192, 156, 175

■ 192, 175, 184

■ 192, 194, 195

■ 192, 207, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 69, 171



192, 41, 121



197, 46, 68

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 41, 121



0, 114, 25



0, 76, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 41, 121



41, 144, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 68, 145



192, 41, 121



0, 98, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 41, 121



58, 139, 0



0, 75, 128



0, 75, 212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 41, 121



185, 71, 34



0, 75, 128



0, 74, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 41, 121



250, 190, 222



111, 41, 192



125, 89, 108



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 41, 121



250, 15, 139



192, 41, 46



97, 87, 92



161, 0, 85



33, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 41, 121



250, 15, 139



41, 118, 192



97, 87, 92



161, 0, 85



33, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 41, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 41, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 192, 41, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 41, 121.

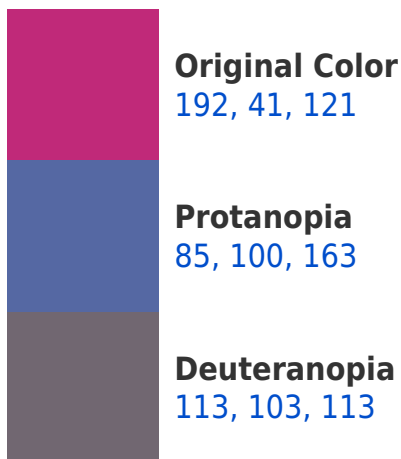


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 192, 41, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
188, 59, 62

Trichromacy



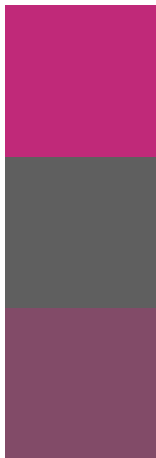
Original Color
192, 41, 121

Protanomaly
124, 81, 148

Deuteranomaly
142, 80, 116

Tritanomaly
189, 52, 83

Monochromacy



Original Color
192, 41, 121

Achromatopsia
95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly
130, 75, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 192, 41, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 41, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 41, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 41, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 41, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 192, 41, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 41, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 41, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 41, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 41, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 41, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 41,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 192, 41, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 41, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192, 41,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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