

Converting Colors

`RYB(192, 96, 0)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(192, 96, 0) contains.

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Color

R_YB(192, 96, 0)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C04000
RGB	192, 64, 0
RGB Percent	75%, 25%, 0%
CMY	0.2471, 0.7490, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 1.00, 0.25
HSL	20°, 100%, 38%
HSV	20°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	23.5716, 14.8733, 1.6285
YIQ	94.9760, 96.8320, 7.2320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

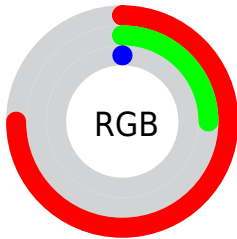
Format	Color
R_{YB}	192, 96, 0
Decimal	12599296
CIE _{Lab}	45.46, 49.22, 56.69
CIE _{LCh}	45, 75.078, 49.032
Yxy	14.8733, 0.5882, 0.3712
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290789376 (0xFFC04000)
YUV	94.9760, -46.8232, 85.0900
Hunter-Lab	38.5659, 41.6097, 24.4926

Details

The RYB color **192, 96, 0** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**, and the color name is **mahogany**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **0, 77, 192**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 145, 57**, and **130, 0, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192, 96, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 106, 19**.

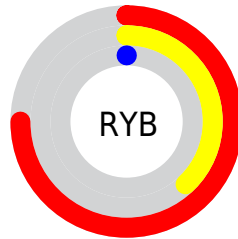
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (25%)

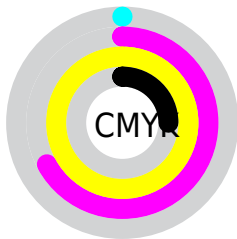
Blue (0%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (0%)

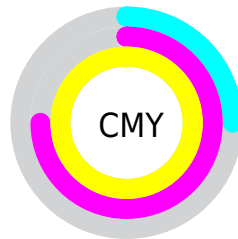


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 192, 96, 0 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 192, 96, 0 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 192, 96, 0


 192, 96, 0

 246, 255, 246

 161, 45, 0

 255, 145, 57

 130, 0, 0

 255, 181, 82

 99, 0, 0

 255, 225, 108

 70, 0, 0

 232, 255, 134

 42, 0, 1


 195, 255, 161


 0, 0, 0


 189, 255, 189


 217, 255, 217


 192, 96, 0


 192, 106, 19


 192, 117, 38


 192, 124, 58


 192, 134, 77

 192, 144, 96

 192, 154, 115

 192, 165, 134

 192, 172, 154

 192, 182, 173

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



213, 9, 71



192, 96, 0



82, 150, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192, 96, 0



0, 81, 132



0, 70, 228

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192, 96, 0



0, 77, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 80, 232



192, 96, 0



0, 70, 147

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192, 96, 0



0, 127, 127



0, 80, 202



157, 66, 191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192, 96, 0



3, 114, 0



0, 80, 202



0, 75, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192, 96, 0



250, 213, 175



192, 0, 128



125, 103, 80



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192, 96, 0



250, 124, 0



38, 192, 0



97, 91, 87



161, 81, 0



33, 17, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0, 77, 192



0, 100, 250



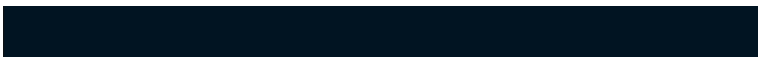
0, 27, 192



87, 91, 97



0, 64, 161



0, 13, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 192, 96, 0 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

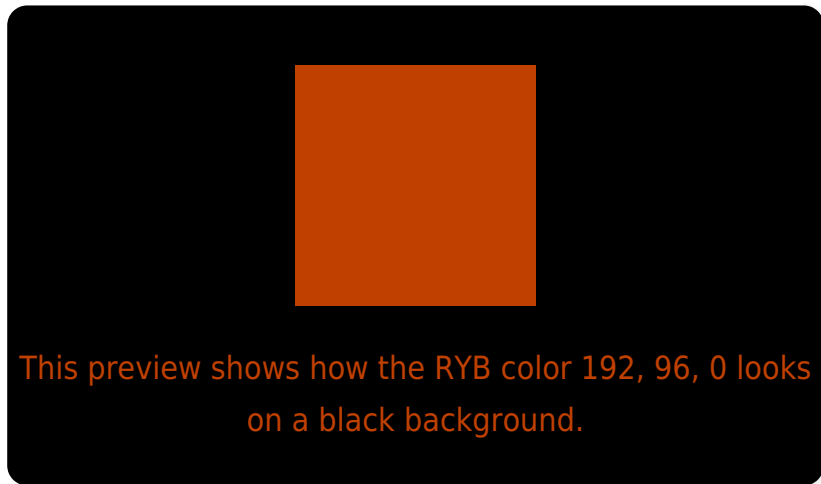
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

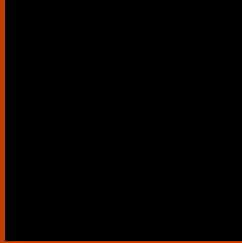
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 192, 96, 0 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 96, 0.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 192, 96, 0.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
192, 96, 0

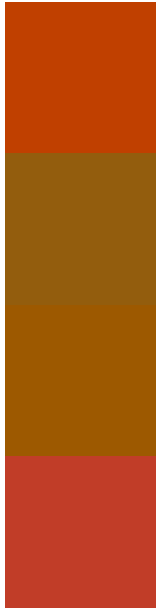
Protanopia
35, 122, 20

Deuteranopia
45, 137, 0



Tritanopia
193, 60, 63

Trichromacy



Original Color
192, 96, 0

Protanomaly
103, 147, 13

Deuteranomaly
120, 157, 0

Tritanomaly
193, 64, 40

Monochromacy



Original Color
192, 96, 0

Achromatopsia
95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly
130, 97, 60

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 192, 96, 0 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 64, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 64, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 64, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 64, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 192, 96, 0 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 64, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 64, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 64, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 64, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 64, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 64, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 192, 96, 0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 64, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192, 64,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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