

Converting Colors

`RYB(193, 113, 195)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(193, 113, 195) contains.

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Color

R_YB(193, 113, 195)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C171C3
RGB	193, 113, 195
RGB Percent	76%, 44%, 76%
CMY	0.2431, 0.5569, 0.2353
CMYK	0.01, 0.42, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	299°, 41%, 60%
HSV	299°, 42%, 76%
XYZ	37.7478, 27.0878, 54.8687
YIQ	146.2680, 21.3580, 42.4620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

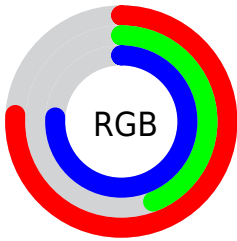
Format	Color
R _Y B	193, 113, 195
Decimal	12677571
CIE Lab	59.06, 44.01, -29.75
CIE LCh	59, 53.121, 325.944
Yxy	27.0878, 0.3153, 0.2263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290867651 (0xFFC171C3)
YUV	146.2680, 24.0249, 40.9840
Hunter-Lab	52.0460, 38.3815, -26.0734

Details

The RYB color **193, 113, 195** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **113, 195, 193**, and the grayscale version is **146, 146, 146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 167, 252**, and **138, 62, 141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 93, 195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 133, 195**.

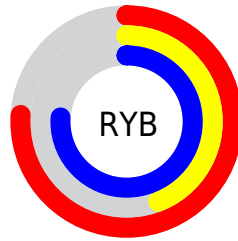
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (44%)

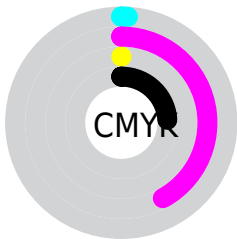
Blue (76%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (76%)

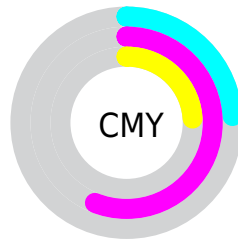


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 193, 113, 195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 193, 113, 195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 193, 113, 195


255, 255, 255

 251, 167, 252

 255, 195, 255


 255, 223, 255

 255, 252, 255

 193, 113, 195

 165, 87, 168

 138, 62, 141

 111, 36, 115

 85, 4, 90

 60, 0, 66


 39, 0, 44

 0, 1, 22

 0, 0, 0

 193, 113, 195

 193, 113, 195

 193, 93, 195


 193, 133, 195

 192, 74, 195


 194, 152, 195

 192, 55, 195

 194, 171, 195

 191, 35, 195

 195, 191, 195

 191, 16, 195

 195, 210, 210

 190, 0, 195

 195, 230, 229

 195, 249, 248

 195, 255, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133, 132, 226



193, 113, 195



223, 100, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 113, 195



91, 173, 43



0, 86, 182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 113, 195



113, 195, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 90, 164



193, 113, 195



52, 151, 76

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 113, 195



208, 154, 65



66, 143, 160



0, 92, 219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 113, 195



228, 101, 119



66, 143, 160



0, 83, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 113, 195



252, 220, 252



113, 116, 195



127, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 113, 195



249, 126, 252



195, 113, 157



97, 87, 97



157, 0, 161



32, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 113, 115



252, 126, 129



113, 169, 195



97, 87, 87



161, 0, 4



33, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 113, 195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

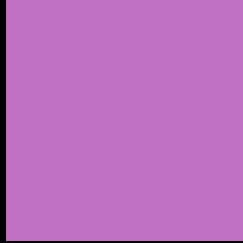
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 113, 195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

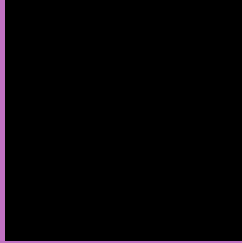
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 193, 113, 195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 113, 195.

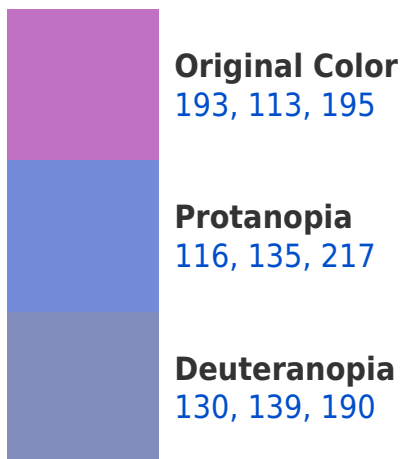


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 113, 195.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
185, 126, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color

193, 113, 195



Protanomaly

144, 130, 209



Deuteranomaly

153, 130, 192



Tritanomaly

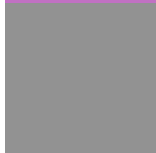
188, 121, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color

193, 113, 195



Achromatopsia

146, 146, 146



Achromatomaly

163, 134, 164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 193, 113, 195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 113, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 113, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 113, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 113, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 193, 113, 195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 113, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 113, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 113, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 113, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 113, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 113,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 193, 113, 195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 113, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
113, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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