

# Converting Colors

`RYB(193, 168, 146)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(193, 168, 146) contains.

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# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(193, 168, 146)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C1A192
RGB	193, 161, 146
RGB Percent	76%, 63%, 57%
CMY	0.2431, 0.3687, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.24, 0.24
HSL	19°, 27%, 66%
HSV	19°, 24%, 76%
XYZ	39.9230, 38.8975, 32.5979
YIQ	168.8580, 23.8870, 2.1190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

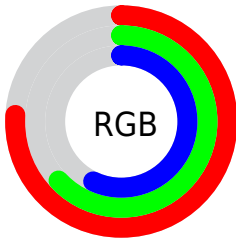
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">193, 168, 146</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12689810</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.68, 9.47, 12.20</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 15.442, 52.188</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.8975, 0.3583, 0.3491</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290879890 (0xFFC1A192)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">168.8580, -11.2690, 21.1725</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.3678, 5.1179, 12.6682</a>

# Details

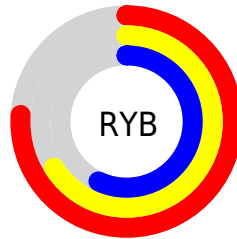
The RYB color **193, 168, 146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **146, 165, 193**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 224, 200**, and **139, 116, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193, 158, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 178, 165**.

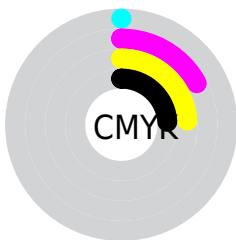
# Distribution



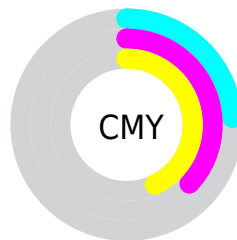
- Red (76%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 193, 168, 146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 193, 168, 146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 193, 168, 146

255, 255, 255

 250, 224, 200

 247, 255, 228

 193, 168, 146

 166, 142, 120

 139, 116, 95

 113, 91, 72

 88, 69, 49

 64, 46, 28

 41, 32, 2

 10, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 193, 168, 146


 193, 168, 146

 193, 158, 127


 193, 178, 165

 193, 149, 107


 193, 188, 185

 193, 138, 88


 193, 197, 204

 193, 126, 69

 193, 205, 223

 193, 116, 50

 193, 213, 243

 193, 106, 30

 193, 220, 255

 193, 96, 11

 193, 223, 255

 193, 91, 0

 193, 224, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 158, 158



193, 168, 146



169, 182, 140

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 168, 146



138, 161, 176



166, 165, 193

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 168, 146



146, 165, 193

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148, 163, 195



193, 168, 146



131, 154, 177

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 168, 146



150, 173, 172



135, 158, 189



182, 161, 185

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 168, 146



146, 173, 140



135, 158, 189



159, 166, 195

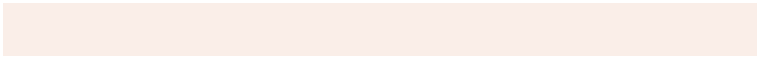


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 168, 146



250, 241, 232



193, 146, 178



125, 119, 115



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 168, 146



250, 213, 177



157, 193, 146



97, 91, 87



161, 75, 0



33, 17, 0

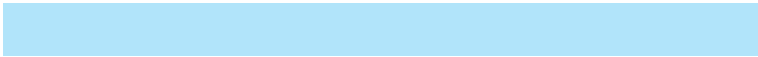


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146, 165, 193



177, 207, 250



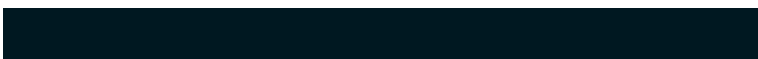
146, 154, 193



87, 91, 97



0, 65, 161



0, 14, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 168, 146 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 168, 146 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

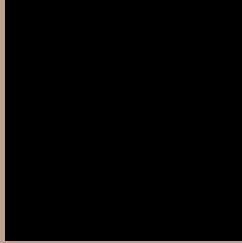
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 193, 168, 146 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 168, 146.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 168, 146.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 193, 168, 146
	<b>Protanopia</b> 161, 175, 149
	<b>Deuteranopia</b> 192, 168, 146



**Tritanopia**  
196, 158, 170

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

193, 168, 146

**Protanomaly**

182, 182, 148

**Deuteranomaly**

192, 168, 146

**Tritanomaly**

195, 159, 161

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

193, 168, 146

**Achromatopsia**

169, 169, 169

**Achromatomaly**

178, 168, 161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 193, 168, 146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(193, 161, 146) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 161, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 161, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 161, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 193, 168, 146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 161, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 161, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 161, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 161, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 161, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 161,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 193, 168, 146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 161, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
161, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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