

Converting Colors

`RYB(193, 188, 249)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(193, 188, 249) contains.

RYB(193, 188, 249)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(193, 188, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1BCF9
RGB	193, 188, 249
RGB Percent	76%, 74%, 98%
CMY	0.2431, 0.2627, 0.0235
CMYK	0.22, 0.24, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	245°, 84%, 86%
HSV	245°, 24%, 98%
XYZ	57.0744, 54.1434, 97.0651
YIQ	196.4490, -16.6010, 20.0310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

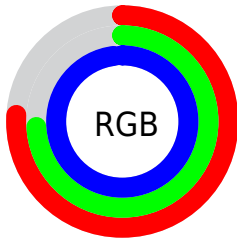
Format	Color
R _{YB}	193, 188, 249
Decimal	12696825
CIE Lab	78.55, 14.31, -29.48
CIE LCh	79, 32.765, 295.891
Yxy	54.1434, 0.2740, 0.2600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290886905 (0xFFC1BCF9)
YUV	196.4490, 25.9076, -3.0248
Hunter-Lab	73.5822, 9.6855, -26.7041

Details

The RYB color **193, 188, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **188, 249, 193**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250, 244, 255**, and **138, 135, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 163, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 213, 249**.

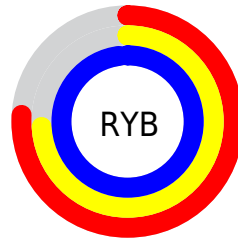
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (74%)

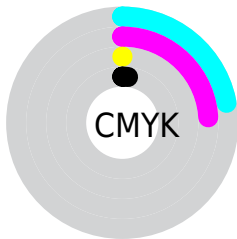
Blue (98%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (98%)

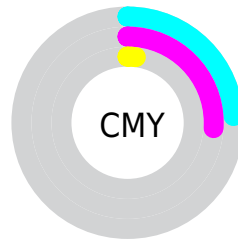


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 193, 188, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 193, 188, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 193, 188, 249

255, 255, 255

■ 250, 244, 255

■ 193, 188, 249

■ 165, 161, 220

■ 138, 135, 192

■ 112, 110, 165

■ 87, 85, 139

■ 62, 62, 113

■ 37, 40, 88

■ 10, 18, 64

■ 0, 0, 42

■ 0, 1, 20

■ 193, 188, 249

■ 193, 188, 249

■ 170, 163, 249

■ 216, 213, 249

■ 147, 138, 249

■ 239, 238, 249

■ 124, 113, 249

■ 249, 255, 249

■ 102, 88, 249

■ 79, 64, 249

■ 56, 39, 249

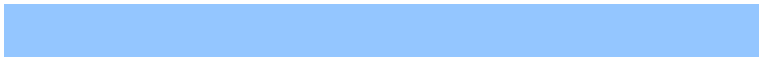
■ 33, 14, 249

■ 20, 0, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148, 182, 255



193, 188, 249



229, 178, 229

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 188, 249



244, 202, 145



119, 171, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 188, 249



188, 249, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153, 202, 207



193, 188, 249



178, 220, 134

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 188, 249



255, 173, 169



139, 201, 152



97, 156, 220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 188, 249



246, 173, 210



139, 201, 152



130, 180, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 188, 249



239, 237, 255



188, 217, 249



118, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 188, 249



187, 181, 255



223, 188, 249



113, 112, 125



15, 0, 189



5, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

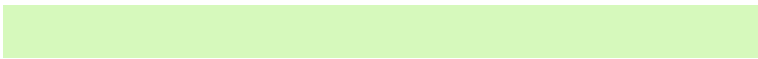
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 188, 244



255, 181, 249



188, 249, 223



125, 112, 124



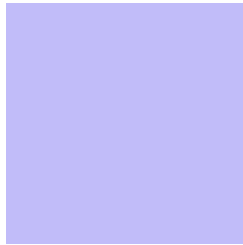
189, 0, 173



61, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 188, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

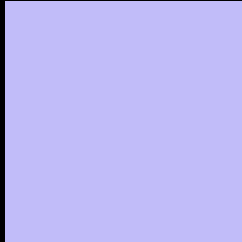
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 188, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

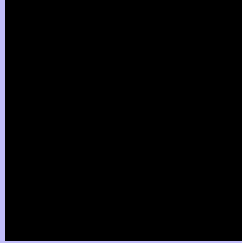
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 193, 188, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 188, 249.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 188, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

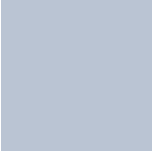
Dichromacy



Original Color
193, 188, 249

Protanopia
178, 190, 252

Deuteranopia
185, 190, 248



Tritanopia
186, 193, 211

Trichromacy



Original Color
193, 188, 249

Protanomaly
183, 190, 251

Deuteranomaly
188, 190, 248

Tritanomaly
189, 192, 225

Monochromacy



Original Color
193, 188, 249

Achromatopsia
196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly
195, 193, 215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 193, 188, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 188, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 188, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 188, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 188, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 193, 188, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 188, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 188, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 188, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 188, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 188, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 188,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 193, 188, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 188, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
188, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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