

# Converting Colors

`RYB(193, 202, 220)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(193, 202, 220) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(193, 202, 220)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1CFDC
RGB	193, 207, 220
RGB Percent	76%, 81%, 86%
CMY	0.2431, 0.1902, 0.1373
CMYK	0.12, 0.06, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	210°, 28%, 81%
HSV	210°, 12%, 86%
XYZ	57.1025, 60.8885, 76.4532
YIQ	204.2960, -12.5170, 1.0750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

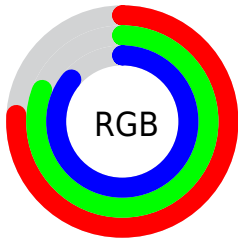
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	193, 202, 220
Decimal	12701660
CIELab	82.32, -1.89, -8.25
CIELCh	82, 8.462, 257.104
Yxy	60.8885, 0.2937, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290891740 (0xFFC1CFDC)
YUV	204.2960, 7.7421, -9.9066
Hunter-Lab	78.0311, -5.9297, -3.4693

# Details

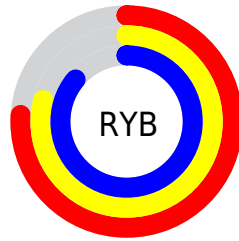
The RYB color **193, 202, 220** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **218, 220, 193**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 250, 253, 255, and **139, 148, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 187, 220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 217, 220**.

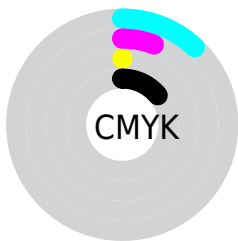
# Distribution



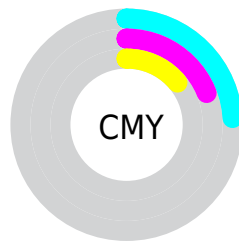
- Red (76%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 193, 202, 220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 193, 202, 220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 193, 202, 220

255, 255, 255

■ 250, 253, 255

■ 193, 202, 220

■ 166, 175, 192

■ 139, 148, 165

■ 114, 122, 139

■ 89, 97, 113

■ 65, 73, 89

■ 43, 51, 65


■ 22, 29, 43

■ 0, 7, 23

■ 0, 0, 0

 193, 202, 220

 193, 202, 220

 171, 187, 220


 215, 217, 220

 149, 173, 220


 235, 237, 220

 127, 158, 220


 246, 255, 220


 105, 144, 220

 225, 255, 220

 83, 129, 220

 220, 255, 220

 61, 114, 220

 39, 100, 220

 17, 84, 220

 0, 73, 220

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 200, 216



193, 202, 220



202, 204, 220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193, 202, 220



222, 200, 200



194, 208, 205

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193, 202, 220



218, 220, 193

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191, 207, 190



193, 202, 220



221, 204, 193

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193, 202, 220



219, 200, 209



211, 215, 189



190, 202, 209

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193, 202, 220



209, 202, 217



211, 215, 189



192, 207, 199



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193, 202, 220



245, 248, 255



193, 211, 220



121, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

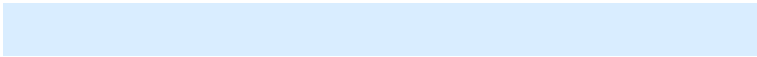


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193, 202, 220



217, 230, 255



193, 193, 220



99, 102, 110



0, 58, 173



0, 15, 46



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220, 193, 207



255, 217, 236



193, 220, 193



110, 99, 104



173, 0, 87

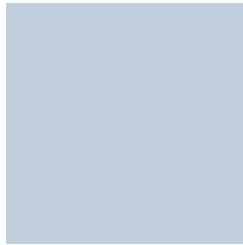


46, 0, 23



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 202, 220 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

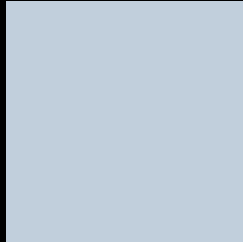
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 193, 202, 220 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

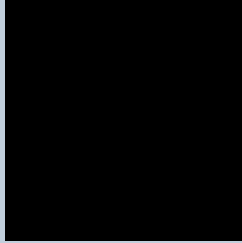
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

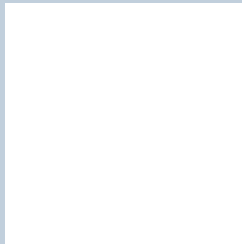
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 193, 202, 220 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 202, 220.

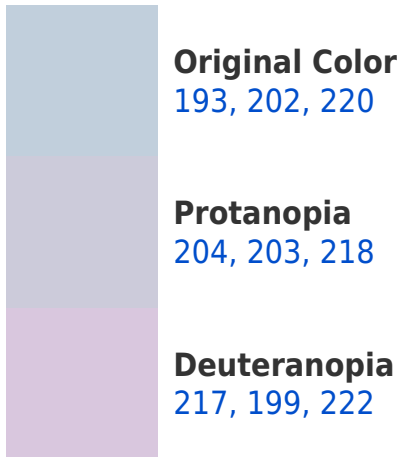


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 193, 202, 220.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

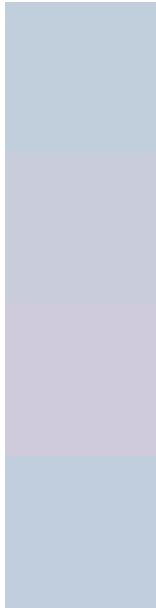
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
193, 202, 222

# Trichromacy



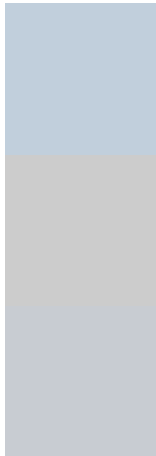
**Original Color**  
193, 202, 220

**Protanomaly**  
200, 203, 219

**Deuteranomaly**  
208, 202, 221

**Tritanomaly**  
193, 202, 221

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
193, 202, 220

**Achromatopsia**  
204, 204, 204

**Achromatomaly**  
200, 203, 210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 193, 202, 220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 207, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 207, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 207, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 207, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 193, 202, 220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 207, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 207, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 207, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 207, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 207, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 207,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 193, 202, 220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 207, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
207, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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