

# Converting Colors

`RYB(194, 127, 167)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(194, 127, 167) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(194, 127, 167)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C27FA7
RGB	194, 127, 167
RGB Percent	76%, 50%, 65%
CMY	0.2392, 0.5020, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.14, 0.24
HSL	324°, 35%, 63%
HSV	324°, 35%, 76%
XYZ	36.8126, 29.4381, 40.3011
YIQ	151.5930, 27.0920, 26.6440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

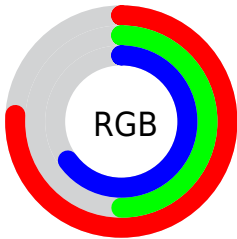
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 127, 167
Decimal	12746663
CIELab	61.17, 31.85, -10.55
CIELCh	61, 33.554, 341.669
Yxy	29.4381, 0.3455, 0.2763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290936743 (0xFFC27FA7)
YUV	151.5930, 7.5957, 37.1909
Hunter-Lab	54.2569, 26.1603, -6.0598

# Details

The RYB color **194, 127, 167** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **127, 175, 194**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 181, 222**, and **139, 76, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 108, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 146, 175**.

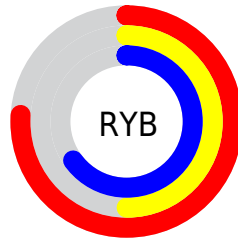
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (50%)

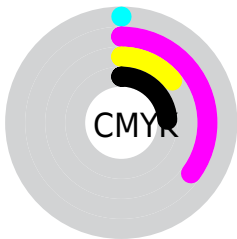
Blue (65%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (65%)

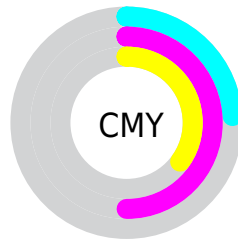


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 194, 127, 167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 194, 127, 167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 194, 127, 167


255, 255, 255


 251, 181, 222

 255, 209, 251

 255, 237, 255

 194, 127, 167

 166, 101, 141

 139, 76, 115


 113, 52, 90


 87, 28, 67


 62, 3, 45


 42, 0, 25

 0, 0, 0

 194, 127, 167

 194, 108, 159

 194, 127, 167

 194, 146, 175

194, 88, 151

194, 166, 183

194, 69, 144

194, 185, 190

194, 49, 136

194, 202, 205

194, 30, 128

194, 215, 224

194, 11, 120

194, 229, 243

194, 0, 116

194, 236, 255

194, 232, 255

194, 230, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



166, 136, 192



194, 127, 167



205, 125, 137

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 127, 167



96, 156, 89



25, 99, 186

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 127, 167



127, 175, 194

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44, 105, 164



194, 127, 167



102, 157, 136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 127, 167



174, 183, 92



86, 135, 162



73, 124, 203

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 127, 167



204, 128, 118



86, 135, 162



22, 96, 178



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 127, 167



252, 227, 242



154, 127, 194



128, 112, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 127, 167



252, 149, 211



194, 127, 134



97, 87, 93



161, 0, 96



33, 0, 20



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 127, 167



252, 149, 211



127, 162, 194



97, 87, 93



161, 0, 96

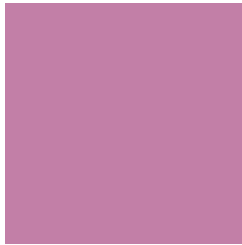


33, 0, 20



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 194, 127, 167 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

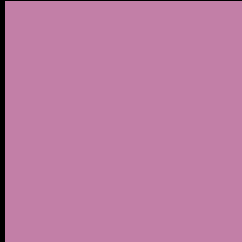
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 194, 127, 167 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 194, 127, 167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 194, 127, 167.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 194, 127, 167.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
194, 127, 167

**Protanopia**  
141, 146, 180

**Deuteranopia**  
155, 144, 164



**Tritanopia**  
191, 132, 142

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
194, 127, 167

**Protanomaly**  
160, 140, 175

**Deuteranomaly**  
169, 138, 165

**Tritanomaly**  
192, 130, 151

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
194, 127, 167

**Achromatopsia**  
152, 152, 152

**Achromatomaly**  
167, 143, 157

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 194, 127, 167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 127, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 127, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 127, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 127, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 194, 127, 167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 127, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 127, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 127, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 127, 167); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 127, 167); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 127, 167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 194, 127, 167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 127, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
127, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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