

Converting Colors

`RYB(194, 176, 177)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(194, 176, 177) contains.

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Color

R_YB(194, 176, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2B0B1
RGB	194, 176, 177
RGB Percent	76%, 69%, 69%
CMY	0.2392, 0.3098, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.09, 0.24
HSL	357°, 13%, 73%
HSV	357°, 9%, 76%
XYZ	45.7093, 45.6943, 48.0057
YIQ	181.4960, 10.4070, 4.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

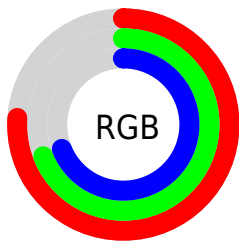
Format	Color
RYB	194, 176, 177
Decimal	12759217
CIELab	73.35, 6.62, 1.83
CIELCh	73, 6.866, 15.416
Yxy	45.6943, 0.3279, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290949297 (0xFFC2B0B1)
YUV	181.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660
Hunter-Lab	67.5976, 2.4054, 5.2124

Details

The RYB color **194, 176, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 185, 194**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 232, 233**, and **140, 124, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 157, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194, 195, 195**.

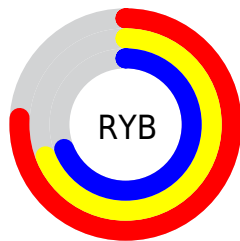
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (69%)

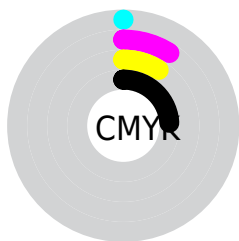
Blue (69%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (69%)

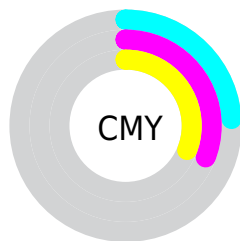


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 194, 176, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 194, 176, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 194, 176, 177

255, 255, 255


 251, 232, 233

 194, 176, 177

 167, 149, 150

 140, 124, 124

 115, 99, 100


 90, 75, 76


 67, 52, 53

 44, 31, 32

 25, 7, 8

 0, 0, 0

 194, 176, 177

 194, 176, 177

194, 157, 159

194, 195, 195

194, 137, 140

194, 205, 215

194, 118, 122

194, 215, 234

194, 98, 104

194, 225, 254

194, 79, 85

194, 225, 255

194, 60, 67

194, 40, 49

194, 21, 30

194, 1, 12

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



191, 176, 183



194, 176, 177



193, 179, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 176, 177



171, 183, 179



170, 178, 192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 176, 177



176, 185, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166, 176, 189



194, 176, 177



168, 178, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 176, 177



169, 182, 168



165, 175, 184



178, 180, 192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 176, 177



190, 185, 169



165, 175, 184



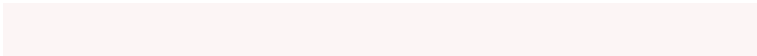
169, 177, 191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 176, 177



252, 245, 245



193, 176, 194



128, 122, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 176, 177



252, 225, 226



194, 190, 176



97, 87, 88



161, 0, 9



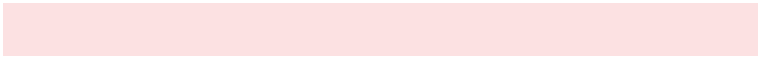
33, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 176, 177



252, 225, 226



176, 182, 194



97, 87, 88



161, 0, 9



33, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 194, 176, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

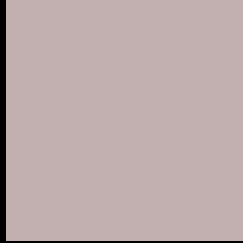
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 194, 176, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

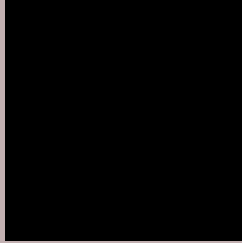
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 194, 176, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 194, 176, 177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 194, 176, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
194, 176, 177

Protanopia
184, 179, 179

Deuteranopia
199, 174, 177



Tritanopia
196, 174, 188

Trichromacy



Original Color

194, 176, 177

Protanomaly

188, 178, 178

Deuteranomaly

197, 175, 177

Tritanomaly

195, 175, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

194, 176, 177

Achromatopsia

181, 181, 181

Achromatomaly

186, 179, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 194, 176, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(194, 176, 177) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 176, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 176, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 176, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 194, 176, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 176, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 176, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 176, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 176, 177); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 176, 177); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 176, 177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 194, 176, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 176, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
176, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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