

Converting Colors

`RYB(194, 208, 224)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(194, 208, 224) contains.

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Color

R_YB(194, 208, 224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2DCE0
RGB	194, 220, 224
RGB Percent	76%, 86%, 88%
CMY	0.2392, 0.1363, 0.1216
CMYK	0.13, 0.02, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	187°, 33%, 82%
HSV	187°, 13%, 88%
XYZ	61.3615, 68.1689, 80.4448
YIQ	212.6820, -16.7800, -4.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

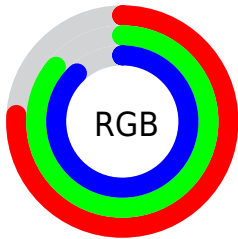
Format	Color
RYB	194, 208, 224
Decimal	12770528
CIELab	86.09, -7.91, -4.79
CIELCh	86, 9.244, 211.181
Yxy	68.1689, 0.2922, 0.3247
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290960608 (0xFFC2DCE0)
YUV	212.6820, 5.5798, -16.3841
Hunter-Lab	82.5644, -11.8274, 0.0272

Details

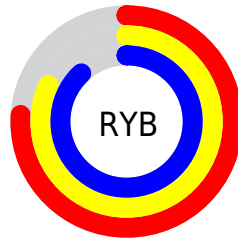
The RYB color **194, 208, 224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **224, 199, 194**, and the grayscale version is **213, 213, 213**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251, 253, 255**, and **140, 153, 169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 196, 224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 220, 224**.

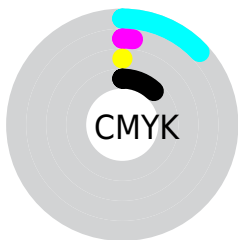
Distribution



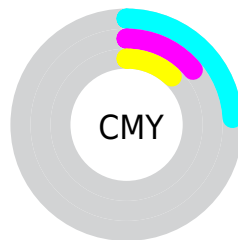
- Red (76%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 194, 208, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 194, 208, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 194, 208, 224

255, 255, 255

■ 251, 253, 255

■ 194, 208, 224

■ 167, 180, 196

■ 140, 153, 169

■ 114, 127, 142

■ 89, 102, 117

■ 66, 78, 92

■ 43, 55, 69


■ 21, 33, 47

■ 0, 12, 26


■ 0, 0, 0

 194, 208, 224


 194, 208, 224

 172, 196, 224


 216, 220, 224

 149, 184, 224


 239, 226, 224

 127, 172, 224


 255, 230, 224

 104, 160, 224


 255, 233, 224

 82, 148, 224


 255, 239, 224

 60, 136, 224

 255, 246, 224

 37, 124, 224

 253, 255, 224

 15, 113, 224

 244, 255, 224

 0, 105, 224

 239, 255, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196, 210, 221



194, 208, 224



198, 211, 230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194, 208, 224



227, 211, 224



210, 223, 198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194, 208, 224



224, 199, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230, 220, 200



194, 208, 224



233, 210, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194, 208, 224



218, 213, 230



234, 210, 207



200, 218, 206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194, 208, 224



204, 213, 232



234, 210, 207



217, 225, 198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194, 208, 224



245, 250, 255



194, 220, 224



121, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



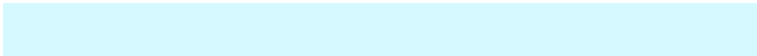
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194, 208, 224



214, 233, 255



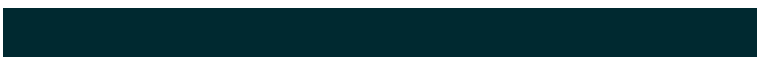
194, 203, 224



101, 106, 112



0, 82, 176



0, 22, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 194, 220



255, 214, 250



211, 224, 194



112, 101, 111



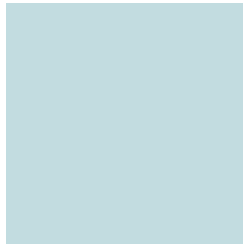
176, 0, 154



48, 0, 42

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 194, 208, 224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

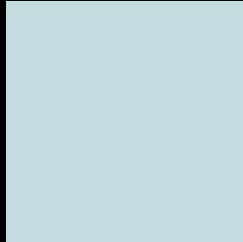
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 194, 208, 224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

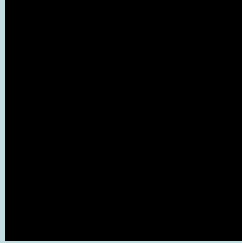
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

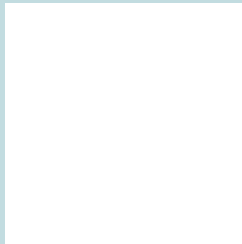
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 194, 208, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 194, 208, 224.

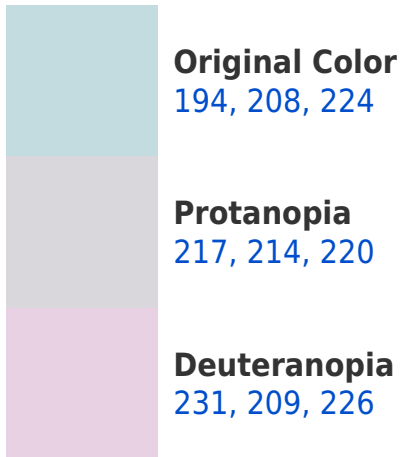


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 194, 208, 224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

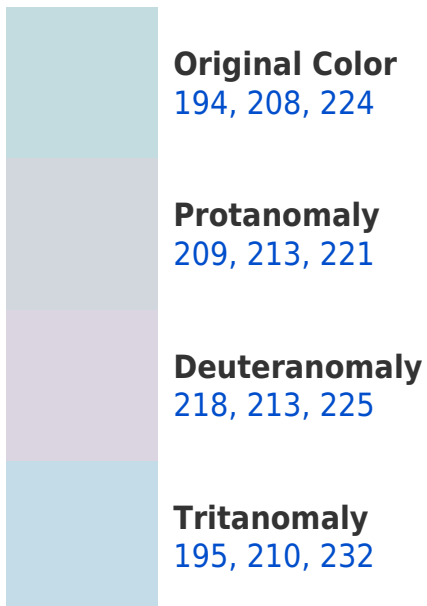
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
196, 210, 236

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 194, 208, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 220, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 220, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 220, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 220, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 194, 208, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 220, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 220, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 220, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 220, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 220, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 220,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 194, 208, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 220, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
220, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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