

Converting Colors

`RYB(195, 47, 169)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(195, 47, 169) contains.

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Color

R_YB(195, 47, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C32FA9
RGB	195, 47, 169
RGB Percent	76%, 18%, 66%
CMY	0.2353, 0.8157, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.13, 0.24
HSL	311°, 61%, 47%
HSV	311°, 76%, 76%
XYZ	30.6836, 16.4997, 39.1037
YIQ	105.1600, 49.0460, 69.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

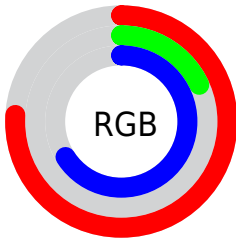
Format	Color
R_{YB}	195, 47, 169
Decimal	12791721
CIE _{Lab}	47.62, 68.76, -32.47
CIE _{LCh}	48, 76.040, 334.725
Yxy	16.4997, 0.3556, 0.1912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290981801 (0xFFC32FA9)
YUV	105.1600, 31.4731, 78.7897
Hunter-Lab	40.6198, 63.7516, -28.6431

Details

The RYB color **195, 47, 169** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **47, 173, 195**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 108, 225**, and **137, 0, 116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 27, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 67, 172**.

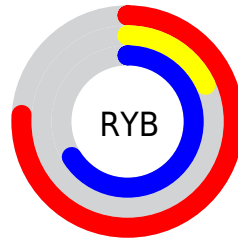
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (18%)

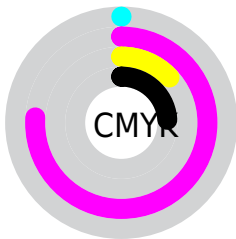
Blue (66%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (66%)

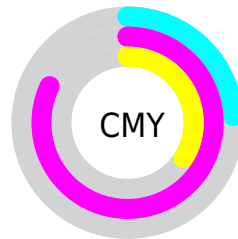


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 195, 47, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 195, 47, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



195, 47, 169



195, 47, 169

255, 255, 255



166, 0, 142



255, 108, 225



137, 0, 116



255, 137, 253



109, 0, 91



255, 166, 255



81, 0, 67



255, 195, 255



56, 0, 45



255, 225, 255



23, 0, 23

255, 254, 255



0, 0, 0



195, 47, 169



195, 47, 169



195, 27, 166



195, 67, 172

■ 195, 8, 162

■ 195, 86, 176

■ 195, 0, 161

■ 195, 106, 179

■ 195, 125, 183

■ 195, 145, 186

■ 195, 164, 190

■ 195, 183, 193

■ 195, 202, 203

■ 195, 218, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120, 90, 220



195, 47, 169



222, 0, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 47, 169



17, 129, 0



0, 79, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195, 47, 169



47, 173, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 75, 140



195, 47, 169



0, 129, 71

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 47, 169



179, 173, 0



0, 98, 137



0, 85, 230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 47, 169



219, 32, 64



0, 98, 137



0, 76, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 47, 169



252, 194, 242



72, 47, 195



128, 92, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 47, 169



252, 23, 212



195, 47, 96



97, 87, 95



161, 0, 132



33, 0, 27

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 47, 169



252, 23, 212



47, 136, 195



97, 87, 95



161, 0, 132



33, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 195, 47, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

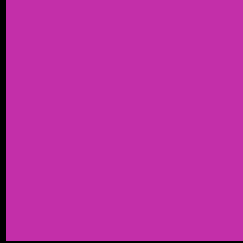
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 195, 47, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

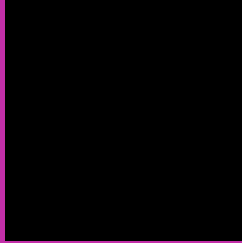
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 195, 47, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 195, 47, 169.

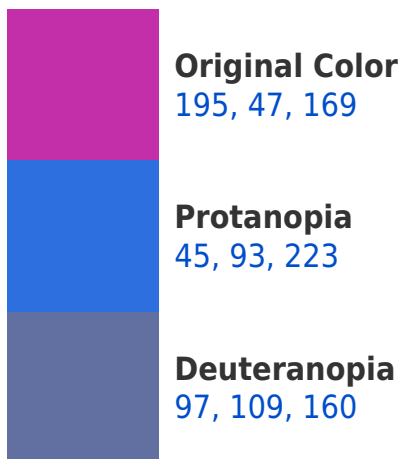


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 195, 47, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
187, 77, 82

Trichromacy



Original Color

195, 47, 169



Protanomaly

100, 87, 203



Deuteranomaly

133, 88, 163



Tritanomaly

190, 66, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

195, 47, 169



Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105



Achromatomaly

138, 84, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 195, 47, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 47, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 47, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 47, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 47, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 195, 47, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 47, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 47, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 47, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 47, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 47, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 47,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 47, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 47, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195, 47,  
169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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