

Converting Colors

`RYB(195, 72, 137)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(195, 72, 137) contains.

RYB(195, 72, 137)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RYP(195, 72, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C34889
RGB	195, 72, 137
RGB Percent	76%, 28%, 54%
CMY	0.2353, 0.7176, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.30, 0.24
HSL	328°, 51%, 52%
HSV	328°, 63%, 76%
XYZ	29.3384, 18.0430, 25.6032
YIQ	116.1870, 52.4430, 46.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

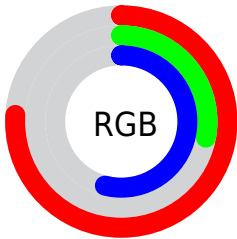
Format	Color
RYB	195, 72, 137
Decimal	12798089
CIELab	49.55, 55.38, -10.43
CIELCh	50, 56.350, 349.332
Yxy	18.0430, 0.4020, 0.2472
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290988169 (0xFFC34889)
YUV	116.1870, 10.2608, 69.1190
Hunter-Lab	42.4770, 48.9531, -6.0034

Details

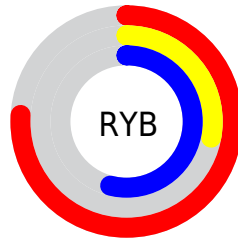
The RYB color **195, 72, 137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **72, 156, 195**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 127, 190**, and **137, 0, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 53, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195, 91, 146**.

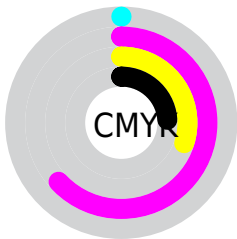
Distribution



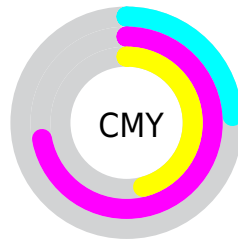
- Red (76%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 195, 72, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 195, 72, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 195, 72, 137

255, 255, 255

 255, 127, 190

 255, 155, 218

 255, 183, 247

 255, 212, 255

 255, 241, 255

 195, 72, 137

 166, 43, 112

 137, 0, 87


 109, 0, 64

 82, 0, 42

 58, 0, 22

 22, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 195, 72, 137

 195, 53, 128

 195, 72, 137

 195, 91, 146

■ 195, 33, 119

■ 195, 111, 155

■ 195, 14, 109

■ 195, 131, 165

■ 195, 0, 103

■ 195, 150, 174

■ 195, 170, 183

■ 195, 189, 192

■ 195, 204, 208

■ 195, 217, 228

■ 195, 230, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 91, 181



195, 72, 137



203, 72, 89

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195, 72, 137



6, 125, 19



0, 80, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195, 72, 137



72, 156, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 72, 148



195, 72, 137



50, 133, 134

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195, 72, 137



71, 155, 5



0, 81, 139



0, 80, 212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195, 72, 137



195, 88, 59



0, 81, 139



0, 78, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195, 72, 137



252, 204, 230



129, 72, 195



128, 98, 114



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195, 72, 137



252, 61, 162



195, 72, 76



97, 87, 92



161, 0, 85



33, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 72, 137



252, 61, 162



72, 135, 195



97, 87, 92



161, 0, 85



33, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 195, 72, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

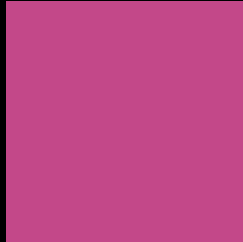
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 195, 72, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 195, 72, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 195, 72, 137.

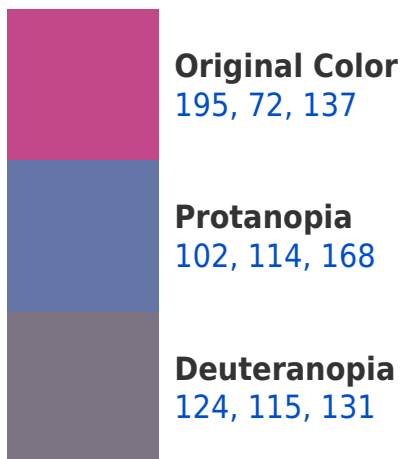


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 195, 72, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
191, 83, 89

Trichromacy



Original Color
195, 72, 137

Protanomaly
136, 101, 157

Deuteranomaly
150, 99, 133

Tritanomaly
192, 79, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color
195, 72, 137

Achromatopsia
116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly
145, 100, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 195, 72, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 72, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 72, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 72, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 72, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 195, 72, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 72, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 72, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 72, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 72, 137); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 72, 137); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 72, 137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 195, 72, 137 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 72, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195, 72,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor