

Converting Colors

`RYB(196, 121, 154)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(196, 121, 154) contains.

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Color

`RYB(196, 121, 154)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4799A
RGB	196, 121, 154
RGB Percent	77%, 47%, 60%
CMY	0.2314, 0.5255, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.21, 0.23
HSL	334°, 39%, 62%
HSV	334°, 38%, 77%
XYZ	35.4351, 27.7436, 34.0593
YIQ	147.1870, 34.1070, 26.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

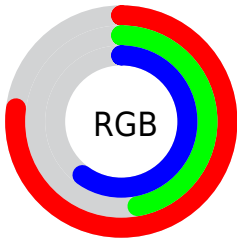
Format	Color
R_{YB}	196, 121, 154
Decimal	12876186
CIE Lab	59.66, 33.76, -5.32
CIE LCh	60, 34.173, 351.039
Yxy	27.7436, 0.3644, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291066266 (0xFFC4799A)
YUV	147.1870, 3.3588, 42.8090
Hunter-Lab	52.6722, 27.9090, -1.4680

Details

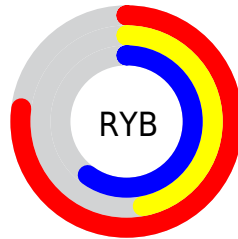
The RYB color **196, 121, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **121, 169, 196**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **254, 174, 208**, and **141, 70, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **196, 101, 143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 141, 165**.

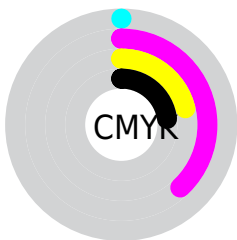
Distribution



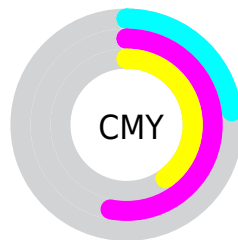
- Red (77%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 196, 121, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 196, 121, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 196, 121, 154

255, 255, 255


 254, 174, 208

 255, 202, 237

 255, 231, 255

 196, 121, 154

 168, 95, 128

 141, 70, 103

 114, 46, 79

 88, 21, 56

 63, 0, 35

 43, 0, 13

 0, 0, 0

 196, 121, 154


 196, 101, 143

 196, 121, 154

 196, 141, 165

 196, 82, 132

 196, 160, 176

 196, 62, 121

 196, 180, 187

 196, 43, 110

 196, 198, 199

 196, 23, 99

 196, 211, 219

 196, 3, 88

 196, 224, 239

 196, 0, 86

 196, 233, 255

 196, 229, 255

 196, 226, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 128, 182



196, 121, 154



202, 121, 124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 121, 154



86, 148, 92



21, 96, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 121, 154



121, 169, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12, 87, 164



196, 121, 154



105, 155, 153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 121, 154



135, 171, 84



67, 121, 159



83, 126, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 121, 154



198, 130, 106



67, 121, 159



0, 85, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 121, 154



255, 227, 239



162, 121, 196



128, 111, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 121, 154



255, 138, 189



196, 125, 121



97, 87, 91



161, 0, 71



33, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 121, 154



255, 138, 189



121, 157, 196



97, 87, 91



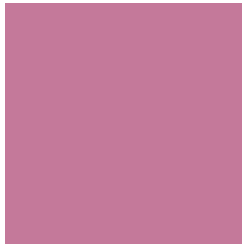
161, 0, 71



33, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 121, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

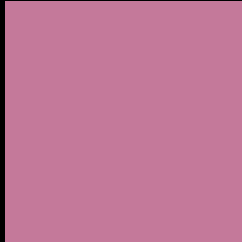
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 121, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 196, 121, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 121, 154.

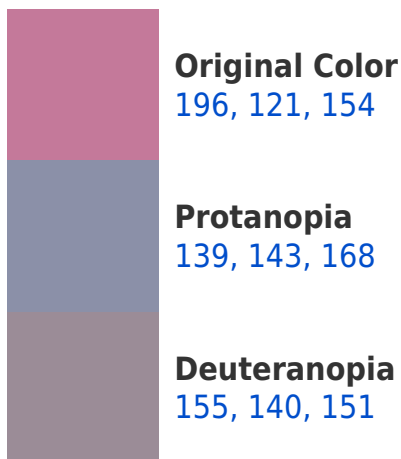


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 121, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

194, 125, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

196, 121, 154

Protanomaly

160, 135, 163

Deuteranomaly

170, 133, 152

Tritanomaly

195, 124, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

196, 121, 154

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

165, 138, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 196, 121, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(196, 121, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 121, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 121, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 121, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 196, 121, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 121, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 121, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 121, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 121, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 121, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 121,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 196, 121, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 121, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
121, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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