

Converting Colors

`RYB(196, 142, 135)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(196, 142, 135) contains.

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Color

R_YB(196, 142, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C48D87
RGB	196, 141, 135
RGB Percent	77%, 55%, 53%
CMY	0.2314, 0.4460, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.31, 0.23
HSL	6°, 34%, 65%
HSV	6°, 31%, 77%
XYZ	36.7043, 32.6173, 27.2829
YIQ	156.7610, 34.7060, 9.7940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

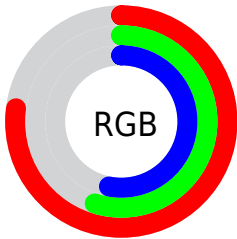
Format	Color
R _Y B	196, 142, 135
Decimal	12881287
CIE Lab	63.85, 19.93, 11.58
CIE LCh	64, 23.049, 30.171
Yxy	32.6173, 0.3799, 0.3376
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291071367 (0xFFC48D87)
YUV	156.7610, -10.7282, 34.4126
Hunter-Lab	57.1116, 14.7726, 11.6545

Details

The RYB color **196, 142, 135** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **135, 164, 196**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **254, 196, 188**, and **141, 90, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **196, 125, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 159, 155**.

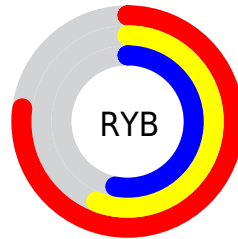
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (55%)

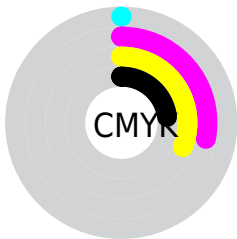
Blue (53%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (53%)

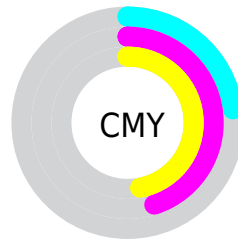


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 196, 142, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 196, 142, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 196, 142, 135

255, 255, 255

 254, 196, 188

 255, 225, 216

 248, 255, 244


 196, 142, 135

 168, 117, 110

 141, 92, 85

 114, 68, 62

 88, 44, 40

 63, 22, 20

 41, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 196, 142, 135

 196, 125, 115


 196, 142, 135

 196, 159, 155

 196, 107, 96

 196, 176, 174

 196, 91, 76

 196, 194, 194

 196, 73, 57

 196, 204, 213

 196, 55, 37

 196, 213, 233

 196, 38, 17

 196, 223, 253

 196, 22, 0

 196, 226, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194, 140, 155



196, 142, 135



187, 165, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 142, 135



124, 156, 164



130, 149, 195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 142, 135



135, 164, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105, 139, 190



196, 142, 135



104, 138, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 142, 135



119, 160, 131



94, 132, 175



158, 149, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 142, 135



157, 176, 115



94, 132, 175



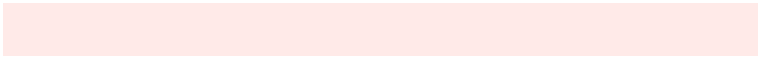
120, 146, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 142, 135



255, 234, 232



196, 135, 190



128, 115, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 142, 135



255, 171, 161



175, 196, 135



97, 88, 87



161, 19, 0



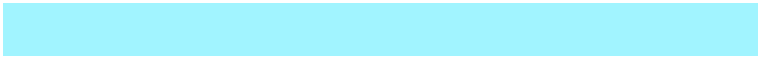
33, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135, 164, 196



161, 205, 255



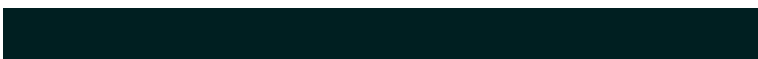
135, 152, 196



87, 92, 97



0, 76, 161



0, 16, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 142, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

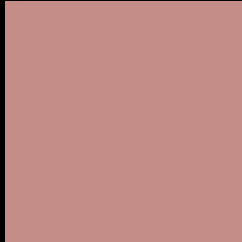
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 142, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 196, 142, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 142, 135.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 142, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
196, 142, 135

Protanopia
153, 161, 142

Deuteranopia
178, 157, 134



Tritanopia
198, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color

196, 142, 135

Protanomaly

174, 153, 139

Deuteranomaly

185, 150, 134

Tritanomaly

197, 140, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

196, 142, 135

Achromatopsia

157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly

171, 151, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 196, 142, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 141, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 141, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 141, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 141, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 196, 142, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 141, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 141, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 141, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 141, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 141, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 141,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 196, 142, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 141, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
141, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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