

Converting Colors

`RYB(196, 152, 98)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(196, 152, 98) contains.

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Color

R_YB(196, 152, 98)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C48562
RGB	196, 133, 98
RGB Percent	77%, 52%, 38%
CMY	0.2314, 0.4792, 0.6157
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.50, 0.23
HSL	21°, 45%, 58%
HSV	21°, 50%, 77%
XYZ	33.3319, 29.3423, 15.4621
YIQ	147.8470, 48.7830, 2.4710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

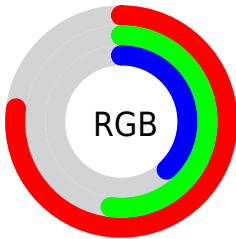
Format	Color
RYB	196, 152, 98
Decimal	12879202
CIELab	61.08, 20.34, 28.56
CIELCh	61, 35.062, 54.535
Yxy	29.3423, 0.4266, 0.3755
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291069282 (0xFFC48562)
YUV	147.8470, -24.5746, 42.2302
Hunter-Lab	54.1685, 15.0428, 20.9939

Details

The RYB color **196, 152, 98** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **98, 136, 196**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 206, 149**, and **139, 101, 51** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **196, 143, 78**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 159, 118**.

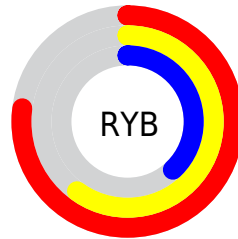
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (52%)

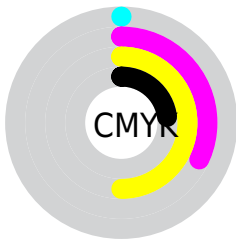
Blue (38%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (38%)

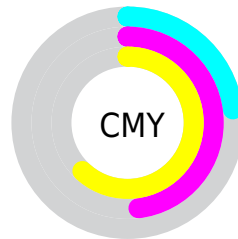


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)


Magenta (48%)


Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 196, 152, 98 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 196, 152, 98 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 196, 152, 98

 196, 152, 98

255, 255, 255

 167, 125, 74

 255, 206, 149

 139, 101, 51

 255, 249, 176

 112, 76, 29

 220, 255, 203


 85, 58, 5

 232, 255, 232

 59, 20, 0


 36, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 196, 152, 98

 196, 152, 98

 196, 143, 78

 196, 159, 118

196, 135, 59

196, 170, 137

196, 126, 39

196, 179, 157

196, 116, 20

196, 187, 176

196, 109, 0

196, 196, 196

196, 204, 216

196, 211, 235

196, 219, 255

196, 223, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207, 125, 123



196, 152, 98



128, 173, 85

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 152, 98



63, 120, 164



143, 141, 204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 152, 98



98, 136, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91, 131, 209



196, 152, 98



0, 84, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 152, 98



105, 155, 160



27, 102, 197



181, 130, 184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 152, 98



89, 153, 86



27, 102, 197



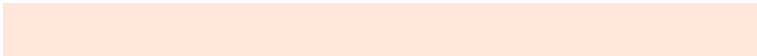
127, 142, 207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 152, 98



255, 237, 217



196, 98, 162



128, 117, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 152, 98



255, 185, 102



116, 196, 98



97, 94, 87



161, 88, 0



33, 19, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 136, 196



102, 162, 255



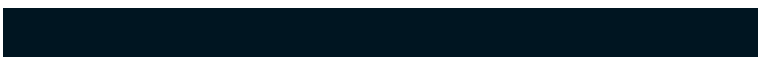
98, 111, 196



87, 91, 97



0, 63, 161



0, 13, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 152, 98 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

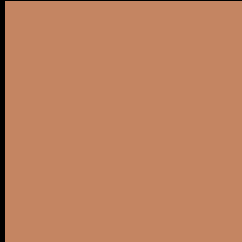
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 152, 98 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

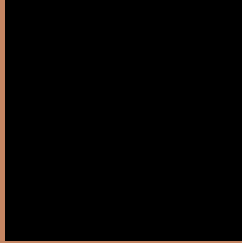
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 196, 152, 98 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 152, 98.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 152, 98.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
196, 152, 98

Protanopia
118, 159, 104

Deuteranopia
163, 178, 96



Tritanopia
199, 128, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color

196, 152, 98

Protanomaly

155, 172, 102

Deuteranomaly

185, 174, 97

Tritanomaly

198, 131, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

196, 152, 98

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

165, 148, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 196, 152, 98 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 133, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 133, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 133, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 133, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 196, 152, 98 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 133, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 133, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 133, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 133, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 133, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 133,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 196, 133, 98 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 133, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
133, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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