

Converting Colors

`RYB(196, 187, 239)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(196, 187, 239) contains.

RYB(196, 187, 239)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(196, 187, 239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4BBEF
RGB	196, 187, 239
RGB Percent	77%, 73%, 94%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2667, 0.0627
CMYK	0.18, 0.22, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	250°, 62%, 84%
HSV	250°, 22%, 94%
XYZ	56.1153, 53.5084, 89.0319
YIQ	195.6190, -11.3280, 18.0800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

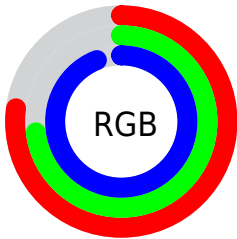
Format	Color
R_{YB}	196, 187, 239
Decimal	12893167
CIE _{Lab}	78.17, 13.53, -24.65
CIE _{LCh}	78, 28.121, 298.760
Yxy	53.5084, 0.2825, 0.2694
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291083247 (0xFFC4BBEF)
YUV	195.6190, 21.3868, 0.3341
Hunter-Lab	73.1494, 8.9215, -20.9587

Details

The RYB color **196, 187, 239** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **187, 239, 196**, and the grayscale version is **195, 195, 195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253, 243, 255**, and **142, 134, 183** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176, 163, 239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 211, 239**.

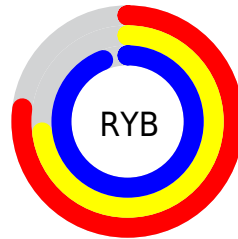
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (73%)

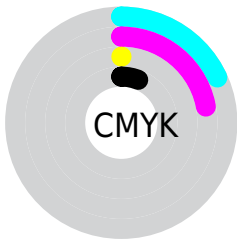
Blue (94%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (94%)

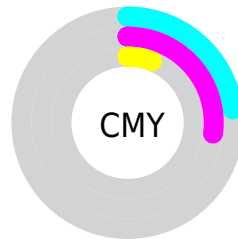


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 196, 187, 239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 196, 187, 239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 196, 187, 239

255, 255, 255

 253, 243, 255

 196, 187, 239

 168, 160, 211

 142, 134, 183

 116, 109, 156

 90, 84, 130

 66, 61, 104

 42, 39, 80

 19, 19, 57

 0, 0, 35

 0, 0, 10

■ 196, 187, 239

■ 196, 187, 239

■ 176, 163, 239

■ 216, 211, 239

■ 156, 139, 239

■ 236, 235, 239

■ 137, 115, 239

■ 239, 255, 239

■ 117, 91, 239

■ 97, 67, 239

■ 77, 44, 239

■ 58, 20, 239

■ 41, 0, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 185, 245



196, 187, 239



226, 179, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 187, 239



235, 204, 150



129, 173, 208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 187, 239



187, 239, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 197, 205



196, 187, 239



173, 213, 141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 187, 239



246, 177, 169



147, 199, 160



116, 164, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 187, 239



239, 175, 204



147, 199, 160



137, 180, 207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 187, 239



240, 237, 255



187, 211, 239



119, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 187, 239



200, 189, 255



222, 187, 239



110, 108, 120



32, 0, 184



10, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

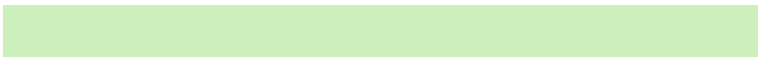
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 187, 230



255, 189, 244



187, 239, 222



120, 108, 118



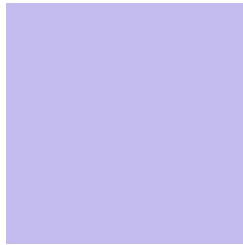
184, 0, 152



56, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 187, 239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

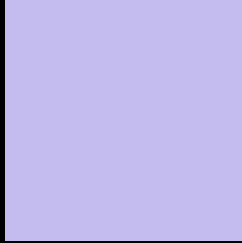
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 187, 239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

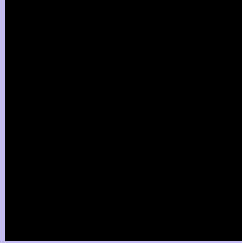
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 196, 187, 239 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 187, 239.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 187, 239.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

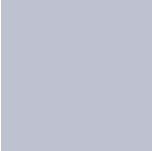
Dichromacy



Original Color
196, 187, 239

Protanopia
181, 190, 242

Deuteranopia
189, 189, 239



Tritanopia
190, 193, 208

Trichromacy



Original Color
196, 187, 239

Protanomaly
186, 190, 241

Deuteranomaly
192, 188, 239

Tritanomaly
192, 191, 219

Monochromacy



Original Color
196, 187, 239

Achromatopsia
196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly
196, 193, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 196, 187, 239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 187, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 187, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 187, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 187, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 196, 187, 239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 187, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 187, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 187, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 187, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 187, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 187,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 196, 187, 239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 187, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
187, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor