

Converting Colors

`RYB(196, 46, 155)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(196, 46, 155) contains.

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Color

R_YB(196, 46, 155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C42E9B
RGB	196, 46, 155
RGB Percent	77%, 18%, 61%
CMY	0.2314, 0.8196, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.21, 0.23
HSL	316°, 62%, 47%
HSV	316°, 77%, 77%
XYZ	29.6583, 16.0563, 32.5464
YIQ	103.2760, 54.4110, 65.6990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

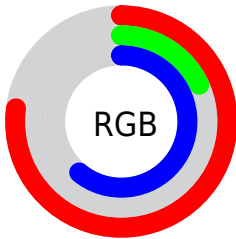
Format	Color
R_{YB}	196, 46, 155
Decimal	12856987
CIE _{Lab}	47.05, 67.38, -25.02
CIE _{LCh}	47, 71.871, 339.627
Yxy	16.0563, 0.3790, 0.2052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291047067 (0xFFC42E9B)
YUV	103.2760, 25.4999, 81.3189
Hunter-Lab	40.0703, 61.9950, -20.1079

Details

The RYB color **196, 46, 155** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **46, 164, 196**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 107, 210**, and **138, 0, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **196, 26, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 66, 160**.

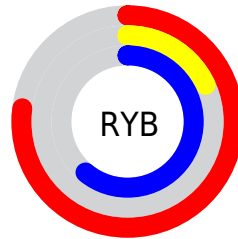
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (18%)

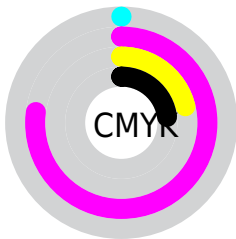
Blue (61%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (61%)

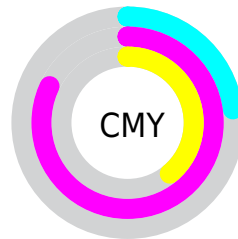


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 196, 46, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 196, 46, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



196, 46, 155



196, 46, 155

255, 255, 255



167, 0, 129



255, 107, 210



138, 0, 104



255, 136, 238



110, 0, 79



255, 165, 255



82, 0, 56



255, 194, 255



56, 0, 34



255, 223, 255



22, 0, 7



255, 253, 255



0, 0, 0



196, 46, 155



196, 46, 155



196, 26, 150



196, 66, 160

■ 196, 7, 144

■ 196, 85, 166

■ 196, 0, 142

■ 196, 105, 171

■ 196, 124, 176

■ 196, 144, 182

■ 196, 164, 187

■ 196, 183, 193

■ 196, 201, 203

■ 196, 216, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135, 85, 206



196, 46, 155



215, 25, 95

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196, 46, 155



3, 118, 0



0, 79, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196, 46, 155



46, 164, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 70, 137



196, 46, 155



0, 128, 82

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196, 46, 155



135, 168, 0



0, 91, 135



0, 82, 226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196, 46, 155



210, 47, 56



0, 91, 135



0, 76, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196, 46, 155



255, 196, 239



86, 46, 196



128, 92, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196, 46, 155



255, 20, 191



196, 46, 81



97, 87, 94



161, 0, 117



33, 0, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 46, 155



255, 20, 191



46, 131, 196



97, 87, 94



161, 0, 117



33, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 46, 155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

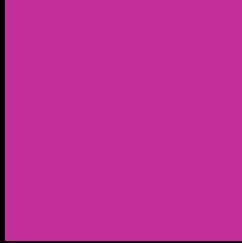
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 196, 46, 155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 196, 46, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 46, 155.

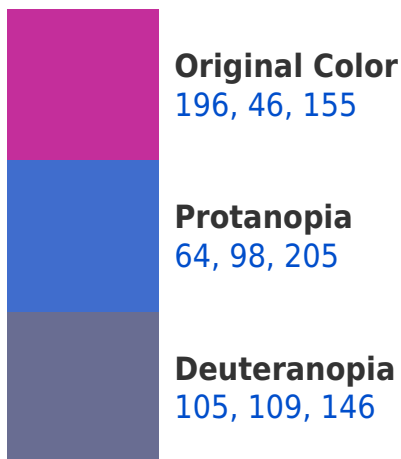


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 196, 46, 155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
189, 72, 77

Trichromacy



Original Color

196, 46, 155



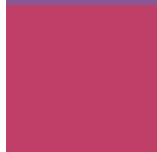
Protanomaly

112, 86, 187



Deuteranomaly

138, 87, 149



Tritanomaly

192, 63, 105

Monochromacy



Original Color

196, 46, 155



Achromatopsia

103, 103, 103



Achromatomaly

137, 82, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 196, 46, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 46, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 46, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 46, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 46, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 196, 46, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 46, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 46, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 46, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 46, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 46, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 46,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 196, 46, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 46, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196, 46,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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