

Converting Colors

`RYB(197, 125, 128)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(197, 125, 128) contains.

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Color

R_YB(197, 125, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C57D80
RGB	197, 125, 128
RGB Percent	77%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.2275, 0.5098, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.35, 0.23
HSL	358°, 38%, 63%
HSV	358°, 37%, 77%
XYZ	34.2559, 28.0961, 24.0397
YIQ	146.8700, 41.9490, 16.1970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

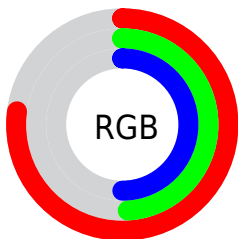
Format	Color
RYB	197, 125, 128
Decimal	12942720
CIELab	59.98, 28.34, 10.11
CIElCh	60, 30.094, 19.635
Yxy	28.0961, 0.3965, 0.3252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291132800 (0xFFC57D80)
YUV	146.8700, -9.3029, 43.9640
Hunter-Lab	53.0057, 22.5987, 10.2142

Details

The RYB color **197, 125, 128** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **125, 162, 197**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 178, 181**, and **141, 75, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 105, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 145, 147**.

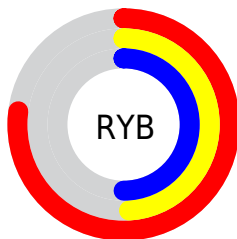
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (49%)

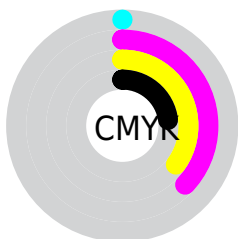
Blue (50%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (50%)

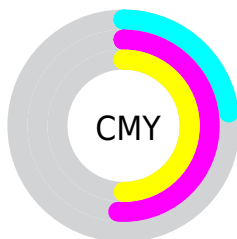


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 197, 125, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 197, 125, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 125, 128

255, 255, 255


 255, 178, 181


 255, 206, 208

 255, 235, 237

 197, 125, 128

 169, 99, 103

 141, 75, 79

 114, 51, 56


 88, 28, 35


 62, 3, 13


 41, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 197, 125, 128

 197, 105, 109

 197, 125, 128

 197, 145, 147

■ 197, 86, 90

■ 197, 164, 166

■ 197, 66, 71

■ 197, 184, 185

■ 197, 46, 52

■ 197, 201, 204

■ 197, 27, 34

■ 197, 211, 224

■ 197, 7, 15

■ 197, 221, 243

■ 197, 0, 8

■ 197, 226, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190, 125, 155



197, 125, 128



189, 143, 105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 125, 128



109, 155, 149



93, 130, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 125, 128



125, 162, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57, 113, 184



197, 125, 128



82, 127, 158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 125, 128



94, 148, 97



54, 107, 161



135, 140, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 125, 128



176, 178, 95



54, 107, 161



80, 124, 194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 125, 128



255, 227, 228



193, 125, 197



128, 111, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 125, 128



255, 143, 147



197, 183, 125



99, 90, 90



163, 0, 7



36, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 125, 128



255, 143, 147



125, 151, 197



99, 90, 90



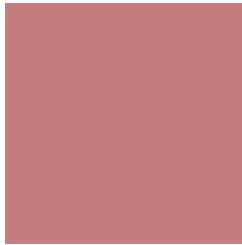
163, 0, 7



36, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 197, 125, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

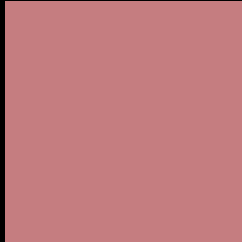
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 197, 125, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 197, 125, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 197, 125, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 197, 125, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
198, 124, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

197, 125, 128

Protanomaly

166, 137, 134

Deuteranomaly

177, 137, 126

Tritanomaly

198, 124, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

197, 125, 128

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

165, 139, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 197, 125, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 125, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 125, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 125, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 125, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 197, 125, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

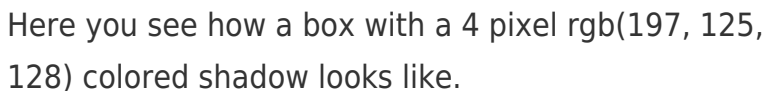
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 125, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 125, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 125, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 125, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 125, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 125, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 197, 125, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 125, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
125, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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