

Converting Colors

`RYB(197, 133, 119)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(197, 133, 119) contains.

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Color

R_YB(197, 133, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C58377
RGB	197, 131, 119
RGB Percent	77%, 51%, 47%
CMY	0.2275, 0.4868, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.40, 0.23
HSL	9°, 40%, 62%
HSV	9°, 40%, 77%
XYZ	34.4545, 29.3998, 21.3115
YIQ	149.3660, 43.1880, 10.2600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

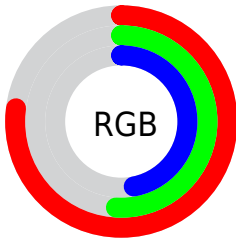
Format	Color
RYB	197, 133, 119
Decimal	12944247
CIELab	61.13, 24.04, 16.87
CIELCh	61, 29.367, 35.050
Yxy	29.3998, 0.4046, 0.3452
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291134327 (0xFFC58377)
YUV	149.3660, -14.9704, 41.7750
Hunter-Lab	54.2216, 18.5381, 14.6515

Details

The RYB color **197, 133, 119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **119, 155, 197**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 186, 171**, and **141, 83, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 117, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 150, 139**.

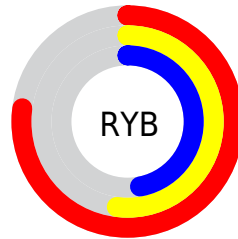
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (51%)

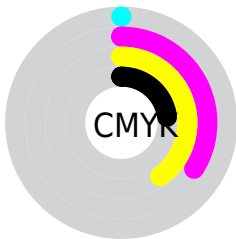
Blue (47%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (47%)

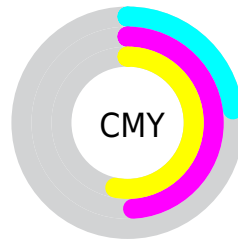


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 197, 133, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 197, 133, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 133, 119


255, 255, 255

 255, 186, 171

 255, 216, 199

 255, 255, 227

 197, 133, 119

 169, 107, 94

 141, 83, 71

 114, 58, 48

 87, 35, 27

 62, 13, 1

 40, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 197, 133, 119

 197, 117, 99

 197, 133, 119

 197, 150, 139

 197, 100, 80

 197, 165, 158

 197, 85, 60

 197, 182, 178

 197, 68, 40

 197, 198, 198

 197, 52, 20

 197, 206, 218

 197, 36, 1

 197, 215, 237

 197, 35, 0

 197, 224, 255

 197, 226, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198, 128, 144



197, 133, 119



184, 168, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 133, 119



102, 144, 160



119, 141, 199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 133, 119



119, 155, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80, 126, 194



197, 133, 119



73, 120, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 133, 119



104, 155, 126



58, 113, 176



157, 139, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 133, 119



134, 169, 96



58, 113, 176



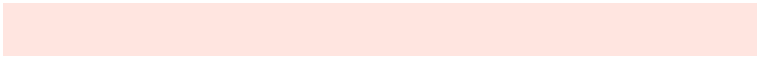
106, 136, 199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 133, 119



255, 230, 224



197, 119, 185



128, 112, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 133, 119



255, 154, 133



160, 197, 119



99, 91, 90



163, 30, 0



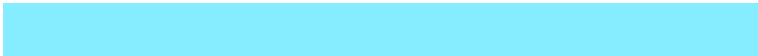
36, 6, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 155, 197



133, 189, 255



119, 139, 197



90, 94, 99



0, 75, 163



0, 16, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 197, 133, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

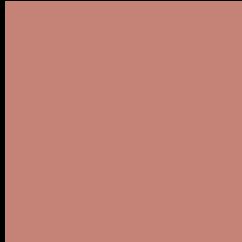
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 197, 133, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 197, 133, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 197, 133, 119.

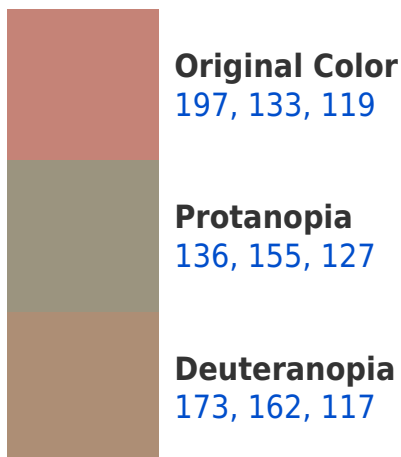


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 197, 133, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
199, 128, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color
197, 133, 119

Protanomaly
170, 154, 124

Deuteranomaly
182, 147, 118

Tritanomaly
198, 129, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color
197, 133, 119

Achromatopsia
149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly
166, 143, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 197, 133, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 131, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 131, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 131, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 131, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 197, 133, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 131, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 131, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 131, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 131, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 131, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 131,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 197, 133, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 131, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
131, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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