

Converting Colors

`RYB(197, 58, 116)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(197, 58, 116) contains.

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Color

R_YB(197, 58, 116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C53A74
RGB	197, 58, 116
RGB Percent	77%, 23%, 45%
CMY	0.2275, 0.7725, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.41, 0.23
HSL	335°, 55%, 50%
HSV	335°, 71%, 77%
XYZ	27.6914, 16.1574, 18.1822
YIQ	106.1730, 64.2260, 47.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

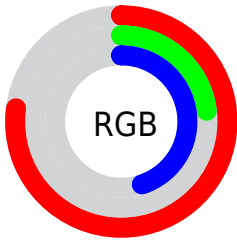
Format	Color
RYB	197, 58, 116
Decimal	12925556
CIELab	47.18, 59.14, -1.20
CIELCh	47, 59.149, 358.834
Yxy	16.1574, 0.4464, 0.2605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291115636 (0xFFC53A74)
YUV	106.1730, 4.8447, 79.6553
Hunter-Lab	40.1962, 52.6261, 1.3184

Details

The RYB color **197, 58, 116** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **58, 146, 197**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 115, 168**, and **138, 0, 68** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197, 38, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 78, 127**.

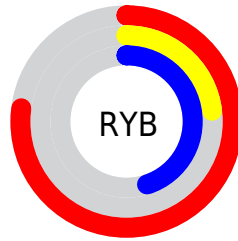
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (23%)

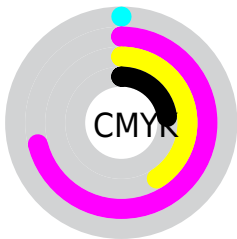
Blue (45%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (45%)

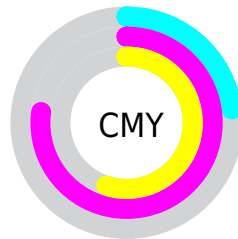


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 197, 58, 116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 197, 58, 116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 197, 58, 116

 197, 58, 116

255, 255, 255

 167, 23, 92


 255, 115, 168

 138, 0, 68

 255, 143, 195

 109, 0, 46

 255, 172, 223

 81, 0, 26

 255, 200, 251

 55, 0, 2

 255, 230, 255

 10, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 197, 58, 116

 197, 58, 116

 197, 38, 105

 197, 78, 127

■ 197, 19, 93

■ 197, 97, 139

■ 197, 0, 82

■ 197, 117, 150

■ 197, 137, 162

■ 197, 157, 173

■ 197, 176, 185

■ 197, 196, 196

■ 197, 209, 216

■ 197, 221, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169, 75, 164



197, 58, 116



197, 66, 67

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197, 58, 116



0, 123, 36



0, 78, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197, 58, 116



58, 146, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 73, 159



197, 58, 116



0, 91, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197, 58, 116



34, 136, 0



0, 74, 134



0, 76, 212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197, 58, 116



184, 100, 37



0, 74, 134



0, 77, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197, 58, 116



255, 201, 224



137, 58, 197



128, 96, 109



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197, 58, 116



255, 38, 129



197, 68, 58



99, 90, 94



163, 0, 68



36, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 58, 116



255, 38, 129



58, 125, 197



99, 90, 94



163, 0, 68



36, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 197, 58, 116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 197, 58, 116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 197, 58, 116 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 197, 58, 116.

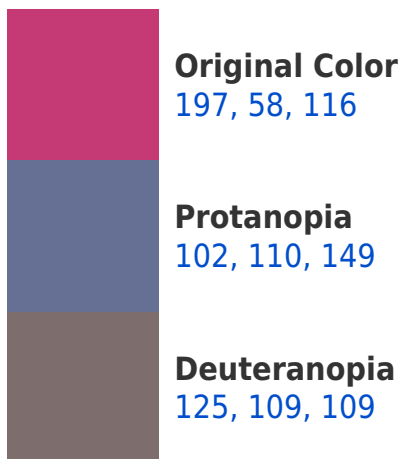


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 197, 58, 116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
194, 69, 73

Trichromacy



Original Color

197, 58, 116

Protanomaly

137, 92, 137

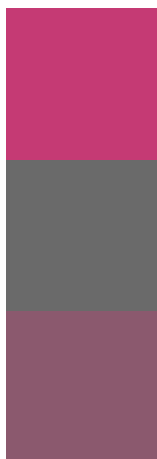
Deuteranomaly

151, 90, 112

Tritanomaly

195, 65, 89

Monochromacy



Original Color

197, 58, 116

Achromatopsia

106, 106, 106

Achromatomaly

139, 89, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 197, 58, 116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 58, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 58, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 58, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 58, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 197, 58, 116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 58, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 58, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 58, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 58, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 58, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 58,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 197, 58, 116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 58, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197, 58,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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