

Converting Colors

`RYB(198, 145, 190)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(198, 145, 190) contains.

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Color

R_YB(198, 145, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C691BE
RGB	198, 145, 190
RGB Percent	78%, 57%, 75%
CMY	0.2235, 0.4314, 0.2549
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.04, 0.22
HSL	309°, 32%, 67%
HSV	309°, 27%, 78%
XYZ	42.7084, 35.9743, 53.4080
YIQ	165.9770, 17.1430, 25.2310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

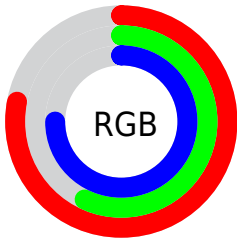
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 145, 190
Decimal	13013438
CIE _{Lab}	66.50, 27.36, -15.49
CIE _{LCh}	67, 31.441, 330.490
Yxy	35.9743, 0.3233, 0.2723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291203518 (0xFFC691BE)
YUV	165.9770, 11.8433, 28.0842
Hunter-Lab	59.9786, 22.1403, -10.8098

Details

The RYB color **198, 145, 190** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **145, 191, 198**, and the grayscale version is **166, 166, 166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 199, 246**, and **143, 94, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 125, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 165, 193**.

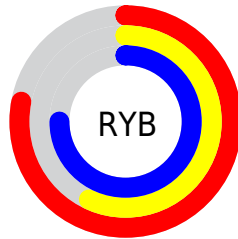
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (57%)

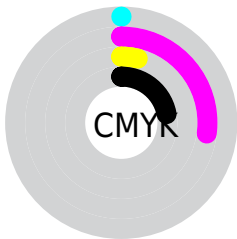
Blue (75%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (75%)

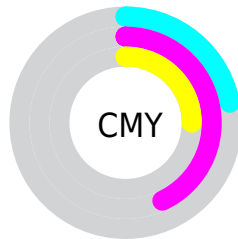


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 198, 145, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 198, 145, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 198, 145, 190

255, 255, 255

 255, 199, 246

 255, 228, 255

 198, 145, 190

 170, 119, 163

 143, 94, 137

 117, 70, 111

 92, 46, 87


 68, 23, 63

 44, 1, 41

 19, 0, 20

 0, 0, 0

 198, 145, 190

 198, 145, 190

198, 125, 187

198, 165, 193

198, 105, 184

198, 185, 196

198, 86, 181

198, 203, 204

198, 66, 178

198, 221, 224

198, 46, 175

198, 238, 244

198, 26, 172

198, 246, 255

198, 6, 169

198, 244, 255

198, 0, 168

198, 243, 255

198, 241, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



166, 154, 210



198, 145, 190



215, 140, 162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 145, 190



134, 181, 105



64, 123, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 145, 190



145, 191, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85, 135, 177



198, 145, 190



112, 169, 130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 145, 190



204, 175, 113



118, 162, 174



82, 135, 210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 145, 190



218, 141, 143



118, 162, 174



68, 123, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 145, 190



255, 235, 252



153, 145, 198



128, 115, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 145, 190



255, 173, 243



198, 145, 164



99, 90, 98



163, 0, 139



36, 0, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 145, 190



255, 173, 243



145, 177, 198



99, 90, 98



163, 0, 139



36, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 145, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

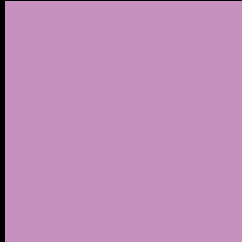
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 145, 190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

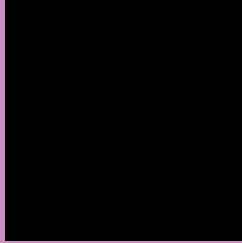
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 198, 145, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 145, 190.

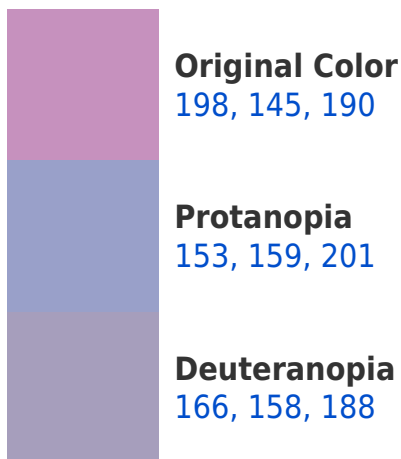


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 145, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
194, 150, 162

Trichromacy



Original Color
198, 145, 190

Protanomaly
169, 155, 197

Deuteranomaly
178, 153, 189

Tritanomaly
195, 148, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color
198, 145, 190

Achromatopsia
166, 166, 166

Achromatomaly
178, 158, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 198, 145, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 145, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 145, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 145, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 145, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 198, 145, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 145, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 145, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 145, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 145, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 145, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 145,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 198, 145, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 145, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
145, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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