

Converting Colors

`RYB(198, 177, 100)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(198, 177, 100) contains.

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Color

R_YB(198, 177, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C68F64
RGB	198, 143, 100
RGB Percent	78%, 56%, 39%
CMY	0.2235, 0.4387, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.49, 0.22
HSL	26°, 46%, 58%
HSV	26°, 49%, 78%
XYZ	35.4294, 32.6068, 16.4830
YIQ	154.5430, 46.5830, -1.7130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

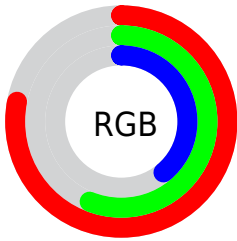
Format	Color
RYB	198, 177, 100
Decimal	13012836
CIELab	63.84, 15.70, 31.07
CIELCh	64, 34.807, 63.191
Yxy	32.6068, 0.4192, 0.3858
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291202916 (0xFFC68F64)
YUV	154.5430, -26.8897, 38.1118
Hunter-Lab	57.1024, 10.8219, 22.8572

Details

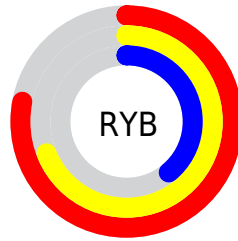
The RYB color **198, 177, 100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **100, 135, 198**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 233, 151**, and **141, 128, 52** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 173, 80**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 180, 120**.

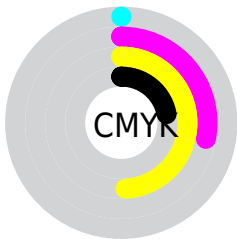
Distribution



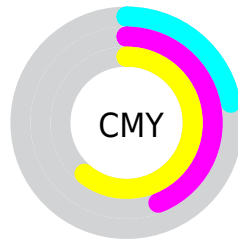
- Red (78%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 198, 177, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 198, 177, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 198, 177, 100


255, 255, 255

 255, 233, 151


 227, 255, 178

 207, 255, 206

 234, 255, 234

 198, 177, 100

 169, 149, 76

 141, 128, 52

 114, 103, 30


 88, 84, 6

 62, 42, 0

 38, 1, 0


 0, 0, 0

 198, 177, 100


 198, 173, 80

 198, 177, 100


 198, 180, 120

 198, 169, 60

 198, 184, 140

 198, 164, 41

 198, 189, 159

 198, 160, 21

 198, 193, 179

 198, 157, 1

 198, 199, 199

 198, 155, 0

 198, 206, 219

 198, 213, 239

 198, 219, 255

 198, 223, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



213, 136, 122



198, 177, 100



115, 172, 92

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 177, 100



59, 119, 171



163, 145, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 177, 100



100, 135, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115, 145, 216



198, 177, 100



22, 100, 188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 177, 100



102, 151, 169



60, 122, 209



197, 135, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 177, 100



97, 160, 106



60, 122, 209



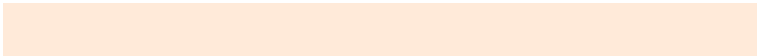
148, 149, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 177, 100



255, 248, 217



198, 100, 156



128, 123, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 177, 100



255, 223, 105



108, 198, 100



99, 97, 90



163, 129, 0



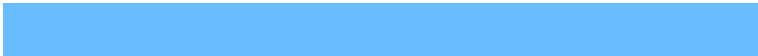
36, 29, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 135, 198



105, 159, 255



100, 107, 198



90, 93, 99



0, 58, 163



0, 13, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 177, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

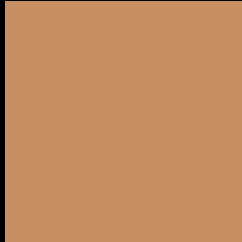
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 177, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

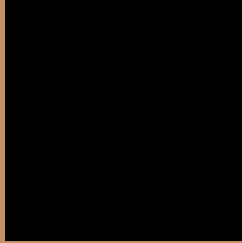
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 198, 177, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 177, 100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 177, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
198, 177, 100

Protanopia
121, 168, 105

Deuteranopia
169, 187, 99



Tritanopia
202, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color
198, 177, 100

Protanomaly
147, 179, 103

Deuteranomaly
187, 191, 99

Tritanomaly
201, 140, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color
198, 177, 100

Achromatopsia
155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly
171, 164, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 198, 177, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 143, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 143, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 143, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 143, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 198, 177, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 143, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 143, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 143, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 143, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 143, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 143,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 198, 177, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 143, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
143, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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