

Converting Colors

`RYB(198, 190, 171)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(198, 190, 171) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(198, 190, 171)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6B6AB
RGB	198, 182, 171
RGB Percent	78%, 71%, 67%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2857, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.14, 0.22
HSL	25°, 19%, 72%
HSV	25°, 14%, 78%
XYZ	47.3985, 48.4643, 45.3845
YIQ	185.5300, 13.0670, -0.0290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

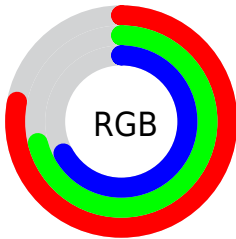
Format	Color
RYB	198, 190, 171
Decimal	13022891
CIELab	75.12, 3.76, 7.70
CIELCh	75, 8.567, 63.990
Yxy	48.4643, 0.3356, 0.3431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291212971 (0xFFC6B6AB)
YUV	185.5300, -7.1633, 10.9362
Hunter-Lab	69.6163, -0.2962, 10.0789

Details

The RYB color **198, 190, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **171, 181, 198**, and the grayscale version is **186, 186, 186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 246, 226**, and **144, 136, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 186, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 196, 191**.

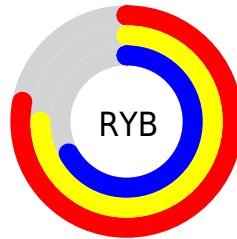
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (71%)

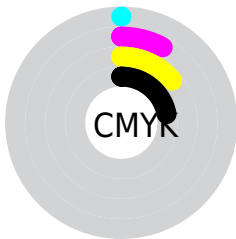
Blue (67%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (67%)

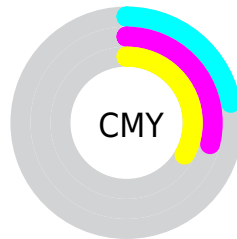


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 198, 190, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 198, 190, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 198, 190, 171

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 246, 226

■ 198, 190, 171

■ 171, 163, 144

■ 144, 136, 119

■ 118, 111, 94

■ 93, 86, 71

■ 70, 63, 48

■ 47, 43, 27


■ 28, 28, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 198, 190, 171

■ 198, 190, 171

 198, 186, 151


 198, 196, 191

 198, 179, 131


 198, 203, 211

 198, 171, 112


 198, 210, 230

 198, 167, 92


 198, 217, 250

 198, 161, 72


 198, 222, 255

 198, 154, 52

 198, 226, 255

 198, 150, 32

 198, 227, 255

 198, 142, 13

 198, 140, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 181, 176



198, 190, 171



177, 191, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 190, 171



167, 180, 190



188, 183, 198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 190, 171



171, 181, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



178, 183, 200



198, 190, 171



166, 178, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 190, 171



173, 185, 189



170, 181, 199



196, 181, 192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 190, 171



170, 186, 171



170, 181, 199



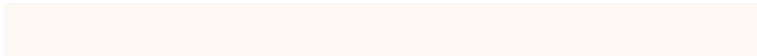
185, 183, 199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 190, 171



255, 252, 245



198, 171, 187



128, 126, 121



0, 0, 0



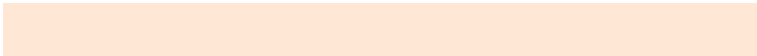
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 190, 171



255, 243, 214



174, 198, 171



99, 97, 90



163, 114, 0



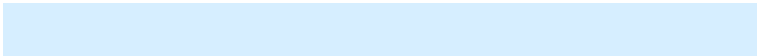
36, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 181, 198



214, 229, 255



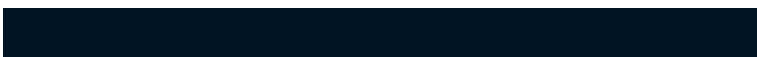
171, 174, 198



90, 93, 99



0, 60, 163



0, 13, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 190, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 190, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

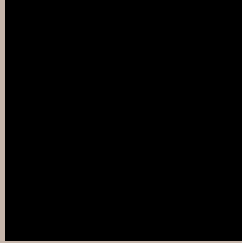
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

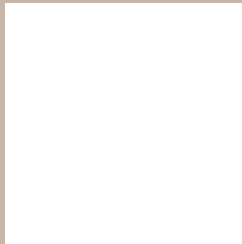
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 198, 190, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 190, 171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 190, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

	Original Color 198, 190, 171
	Protanopia 183, 191, 172
	Deuteranopia 208, 181, 172



Tritanopia
201, 179, 193

Trichromacy



Original Color

198, 190, 171

Protanomaly

194, 194, 172

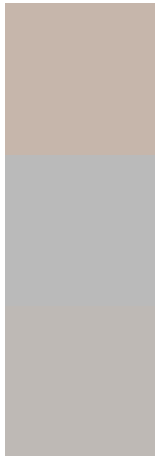
Deuteranomaly

204, 183, 172

Tritanomaly

200, 180, 185

Monochromacy



Original Color

198, 190, 171

Achromatopsia

186, 186, 186

Achromatomaly

190, 188, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 198, 182, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(198, 182, 171) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 182, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 182, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 182, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 198, 190, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 182, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 182, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 182, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 182, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 182, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 182,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 198, 190, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 182, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
182, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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