

Converting Colors

`RYB(198, 57, 108)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(198, 57, 108) contains.

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Color

`RYB(198, 57, 108)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6396C
RGB	198, 57, 108
RGB Percent	78%, 22%, 42%
CMY	0.2235, 0.7765, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.45, 0.22
HSL	338°, 55%, 50%
HSV	338°, 71%, 78%
XYZ	27.4586, 16.0147, 15.8313
YIQ	104.9730, 67.6650, 45.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

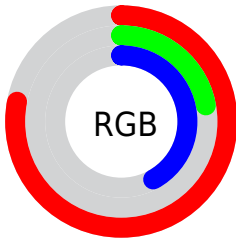
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 57, 108
Decimal	12990828
CIE _{Lab}	46.99, 59.01, 3.44
CIE _{LCh}	47, 59.110, 3.339
Yxy	16.0147, 0.4630, 0.2700
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291180908 (0xFFC6396C)
YUV	104.9730, 1.4923, 81.5847
Hunter-Lab	40.0184, 52.4454, 4.5578

Details

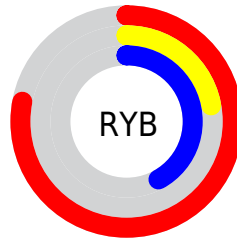
The RYB color **198, 57, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **57, 143, 198**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 114, 159**, and **139, 0, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 37, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 77, 121**.

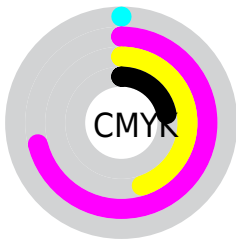
Distribution



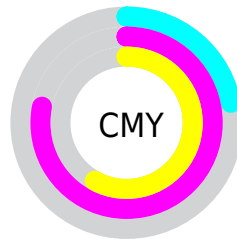
- Red (78%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (22%)






















- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 198, 57, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 198, 57, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 198, 57, 108	 198, 57, 108
 255, 255, 255	 168, 21, 84
 255, 114, 159	 139, 0, 61
 255, 142, 186	 110, 0, 39
 255, 171, 214	 81, 0, 19
 255, 199, 242	 54, 0, 2
 255, 229, 255	 8, 0, 0
	 0, 0, 0
 198, 57, 108	 198, 57, 108
 198, 37, 95	 198, 77, 121

■ 198, 17, 83

■ 198, 97, 133

■ 198, 0, 72

■ 198, 116, 146

■ 198, 136, 159

■ 198, 156, 171

■ 198, 176, 184

■ 198, 196, 196

■ 198, 208, 215

■ 198, 220, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 71, 157



198, 57, 108



194, 70, 60

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 57, 108



10, 124, 56



0, 78, 200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 57, 108



57, 143, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 74, 165



198, 57, 108



0, 88, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 57, 108



21, 129, 0



0, 72, 134



0, 75, 211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 57, 108



179, 116, 29



0, 72, 134



0, 77, 191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 57, 108



255, 201, 221



146, 57, 198



128, 96, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 57, 108



255, 38, 117



198, 79, 57



99, 90, 93



163, 0, 59



36, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 57, 108



255, 38, 117



57, 122, 198



99, 90, 93



163, 0, 59



36, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 57, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 57, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 198, 57, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 57, 108.

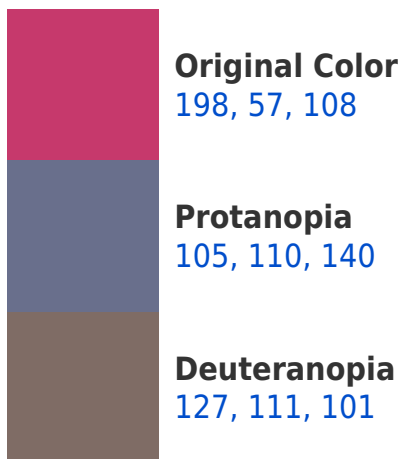


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 57, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
196, 66, 70

Trichromacy



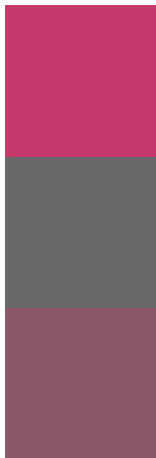
Original Color
198, 57, 108

Protanomaly
139, 91, 128

Deuteranomaly
153, 89, 104

Tritanomaly
197, 63, 84

Monochromacy



Original Color
198, 57, 108

Achromatopsia
105, 105, 105

Achromatomaly
139, 88, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 198, 57, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 57, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 57, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 57, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 57, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 198, 57, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

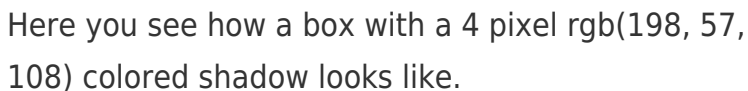
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 57, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 57, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 57, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 57, 108); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 57, 108); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 57, 108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 198, 57, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 57, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198, 57,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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