

Converting Colors

`RYB(198, 61, 132)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(198, 61, 132) contains.

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Color

R_YB(198, 61, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C63D84
RGB	198, 61, 132
RGB Percent	78%, 24%, 52%
CMY	0.2235, 0.7608, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.33, 0.22
HSL	329°, 55%, 51%
HSV	329°, 69%, 78%
XYZ	29.1223, 17.0092, 23.5780
YIQ	110.0570, 58.8610, 51.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

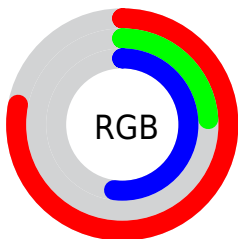
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 61, 132
Decimal	12991876
CIE Lab	48.27, 60.05, -9.29
CIE LCh	48, 60.761, 351.208
Yxy	17.0092, 0.4178, 0.2440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291181956 (0xFFC63D84)
YUV	110.0570, 10.8179, 77.1260
Hunter-Lab	41.2422, 53.8701, -5.0263

Details

The RYB color **198, 61, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **61, 153, 198**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 118, 185**, and **140, 0, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **198, 41, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 81, 142**.

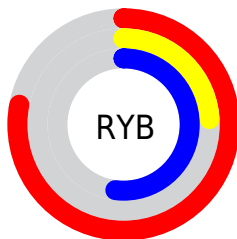
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (24%)

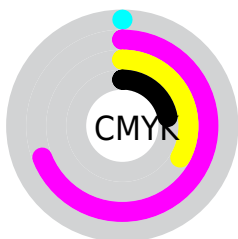
Blue (52%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (52%)

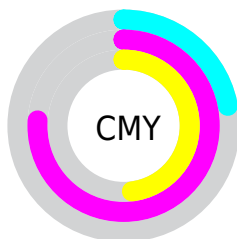


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)


Magenta (76%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 198, 61, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 198, 61, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 198, 61, 132

255, 255, 255

 255, 118, 185

 255, 146, 213

 255, 175, 241

 255, 203, 255

 255, 233, 255

 198, 61, 132

 169, 27, 107

 140, 0, 83

 111, 0, 60

 83, 0, 38

 58, 0, 17

 21, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 198, 61, 132

 198, 41, 122

 198, 61, 132

 198, 81, 142

■ 198, 21, 113

■ 198, 101, 151

■ 198, 2, 103

■ 198, 120, 161

■ 198, 0, 103

■ 198, 140, 170

■ 198, 160, 180

■ 198, 180, 189

■ 198, 199, 200

■ 198, 212, 219

■ 198, 226, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 83, 180



198, 61, 132



204, 63, 81

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198, 61, 132



0, 123, 20



0, 80, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198, 61, 132



61, 153, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 72, 150



198, 61, 132



27, 117, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198, 61, 132



62, 151, 0



0, 80, 137



0, 79, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198, 61, 132



195, 84, 49



0, 80, 137



0, 78, 181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198, 61, 132



255, 201, 229



125, 61, 198



128, 96, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198, 61, 132



255, 43, 153



198, 61, 66



99, 90, 95



163, 0, 85



36, 0, 19

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 61, 132



255, 43, 153



61, 131, 198



99, 90, 95



163, 0, 85



36, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 61, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 198, 61, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

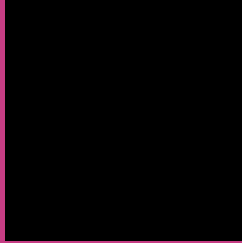
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 198, 61, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 61, 132.

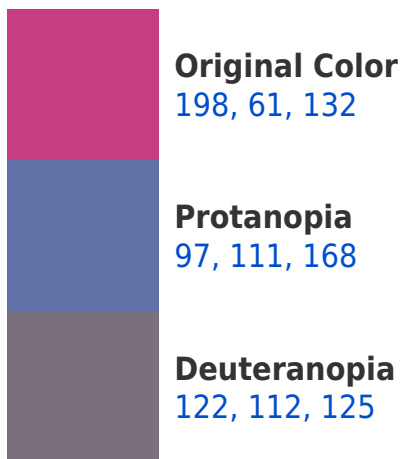


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 198, 61, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

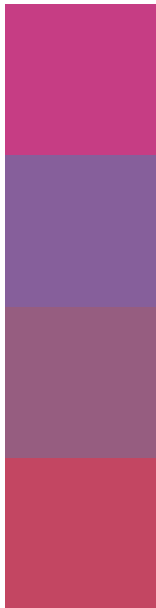
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
194, 75, 79

Trichromacy



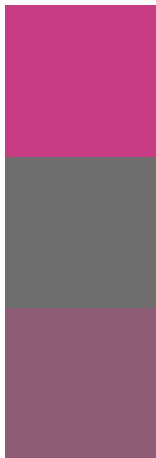
Original Color
198, 61, 132

Protanomaly
134, 95, 155

Deuteranomaly
150, 93, 128

Tritanomaly
195, 70, 98

Monochromacy



Original Color
198, 61, 132

Achromatopsia
110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly
142, 92, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 198, 61, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 61, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 61, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 61, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 61, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 198, 61, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 61, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 61, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 61, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 61, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 61, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 61,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 198, 61, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 61, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198, 61,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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