

Converting Colors

`RYB(199, 108, 100)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(199, 108, 100) contains.

RYB(199, 108, 100)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(199, 108, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C76B64
RGB	199, 107, 100
RGB Percent	78%, 42%, 39%
CMY	0.2196, 0.5788, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.50, 0.22
HSL	4°, 47%, 59%
HSV	4°, 50%, 78%
XYZ	31.1531, 23.6616, 14.9818
YIQ	133.7100, 57.0790, 17.3270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

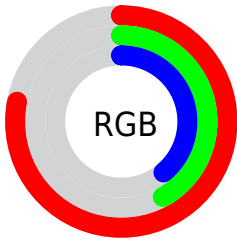
Format	Color
RYB	199, 108, 100
Decimal	13069156
CIELab	55.75, 35.48, 20.45
CIELCh	56, 40.955, 29.956
Yxy	23.6616, 0.4463, 0.3390
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291259236 (0xFFC76B64)
YUV	133.7100, -16.6190, 57.2593
Hunter-Lab	48.6432, 29.1933, 15.7893

Details

The RYB color **199, 108, 100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **100, 148, 199**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 161, 151**, and **141, 57, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 90, 80**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199, 126, 120**.

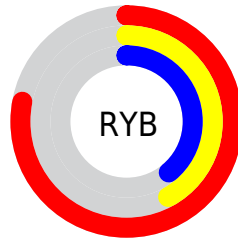
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (42%)

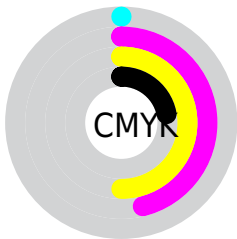
Blue (39%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (39%)

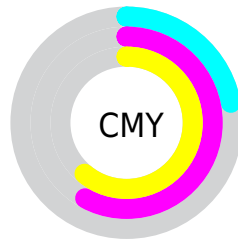


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 199, 108, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 199, 108, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 199, 108, 100

255, 255, 255

 255, 161, 151


 255, 189, 178

 255, 219, 205

 251, 255, 233

 199, 108, 100

 170, 82, 76

 141, 57, 53

 113, 32, 32

 86, 3, 10

 59, 0, 0


 31, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 199, 108, 100

 199, 90, 80

 199, 108, 100

 199, 126, 120

 199, 72, 60

 199, 144, 140

 199, 53, 40

 199, 163, 160

 199, 35, 20

 199, 181, 180

 199, 16, 1

 199, 199, 200

 199, 16, 0

 199, 209, 219

 199, 218, 239

 199, 227, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198, 104, 135



199, 108, 100



183, 152, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199, 108, 100



73, 131, 149



70, 115, 204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199, 108, 100



100, 148, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 83, 194



199, 108, 100



0, 81, 152

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199, 108, 100



70, 142, 93



0, 80, 168



136, 124, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199, 108, 100



122, 165, 62



0, 80, 168



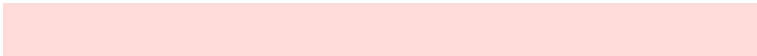
34, 100, 203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199, 108, 100



255, 220, 217



199, 100, 192



128, 106, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199, 108, 100



255, 114, 102



176, 199, 100



99, 90, 90



163, 13, 0



36, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 148, 199



102, 176, 255



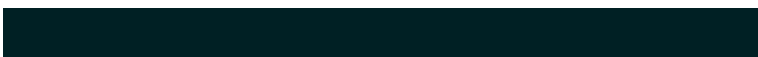
100, 130, 199



90, 95, 99



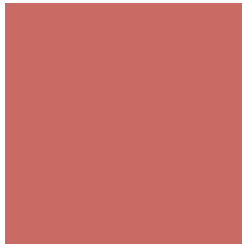
0, 78, 163



0, 17, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 199, 108, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

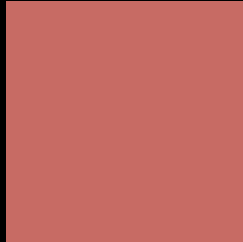
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 199, 108, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 199, 108, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 199, 108, 100.

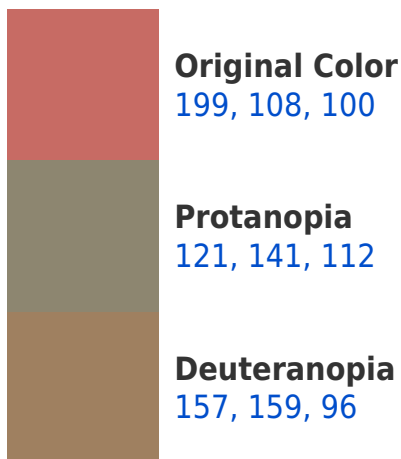



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 199, 108, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
200, 105, 113

Trichromacy



Original Color

199, 108, 100

Protanomaly

162, 131, 108

Deuteranomaly

174, 132, 97

Tritanomaly

200, 106, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

199, 108, 100

Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134

Achromatomaly

158, 124, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 199, 108, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 107, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 107, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 107, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 107, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 199, 108, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 107, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 107, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 107, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 107, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 107, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 107,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 199, 108, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 107, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
107, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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