

Converting Colors

`RYB(19, 132, 45)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(19, 132, 45) contains.

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Color

R_YB(19, 132, 45)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A8413
RGB	106, 132, 19
RGB Percent	42%, 52%, 7%
CMY	0.5843, 0.4824, 0.9255
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.86, 0.48
HSL	74°, 75%, 30%
HSV	74°, 86%, 52%
XYZ	14.3127, 19.6137, 3.6476
YIQ	111.3440, 20.7770, -40.6550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

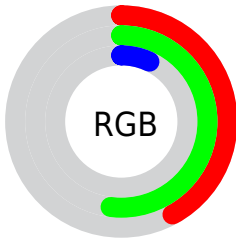
Format	Color
RYB	19, 132, 45
Decimal	6980627
CIELab	51.40, -24.50, 51.73
CIELCh	51, 57.237, 115.341
Yxy	19.6137, 0.3809, 0.5220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285170707 (0xFF6A8413)
YUV	111.3440, -45.5256, -4.6867
Hunter-Lab	44.2874, -19.8158, 26.1180

Details

The RYB color **19, 132, 45** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **45, 19, 132**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 185, 100**, and **0, 82, 28** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6, 132, 35**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 132, 55**.

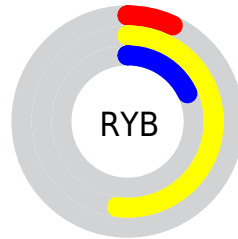
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (52%)

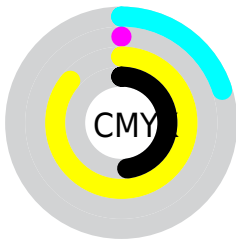
Blue (7%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (18%)

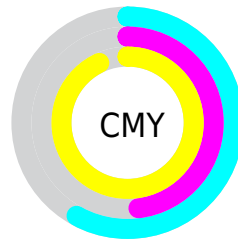


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (58%)


















Magenta (48%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 19, 132, 45 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 19, 132, 45 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 132, 45	 19, 132, 45
255, 255, 255	 0, 107, 27
 75, 185, 100	 0, 82, 28
 101, 213, 125	 0, 59, 31
 128, 241, 152	 0, 37, 37
 155, 255, 164	 0, 10, 10
 183, 255, 183	 0, 0, 0
 211, 255, 211	
 240, 255, 240	
 19, 132, 45	 19, 132, 45

■ 6, 132, 35

■ 32, 132, 55

■ 0, 132, 30

■ 45, 132, 65

■ 59, 132, 76

■ 72, 132, 86

■ 85, 132, 96

■ 98, 132, 106

■ 111, 132, 116

■ 125, 132, 127

■ 133, 132, 138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48, 153, 2



19, 132, 45



32, 117, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19, 132, 45



0, 83, 202



205, 74, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 132, 45



45, 19, 132

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174, 90, 179



19, 132, 45



0, 82, 220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19, 132, 45



0, 77, 163



107, 113, 211



208, 78, 84

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 132, 45



0, 86, 144



107, 113, 211



198, 78, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 132, 45



126, 171, 136



132, 49, 19



60, 87, 66



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 132, 45



0, 171, 39



19, 132, 100



60, 66, 61



0, 130, 30



0, 3, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 19, 132



39, 0, 171



100, 19, 132



61, 60, 66



30, 0, 130



1, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 19, 132, 45 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

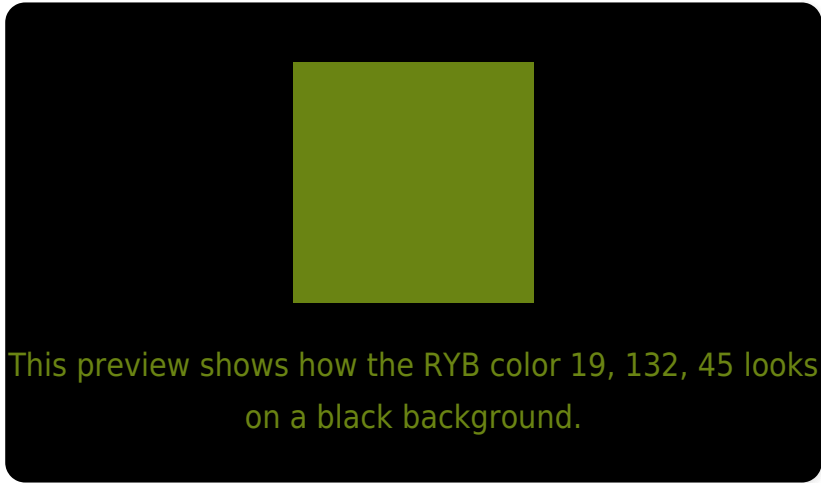
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 19, 132, 45 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 19, 132, 45.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 19, 132, 45.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 132, 45

Protanopia

33, 138, 16

Deuteranopia

85, 154, 30



Tritanopia
117, 121, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 132, 45

Protanomaly
17, 126, 17

Deuteranomaly
43, 137, 26

Tritanomaly
92, 126, 105

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 132, 45

Achromatopsia
111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly
78, 119, 88

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 19, 132, 45 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 132, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 132, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 132, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 132, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 19, 132, 45 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 132, 19) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 132, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 132, 19)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 132, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 132, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 132,  
19) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 19, 132, 45 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 132, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
132, 19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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