

Converting Colors

`RYB(200, 122, 153)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(200, 122, 153) contains.

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Color

R_YB(200, 122, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C87A99
RGB	200, 122, 153
RGB Percent	78%, 48%, 60%
CMY	0.2157, 0.5216, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.24, 0.22
HSL	336°, 41%, 63%
HSV	336°, 39%, 78%
XYZ	36.5287, 28.4983, 33.7124
YIQ	148.8560, 36.5370, 26.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

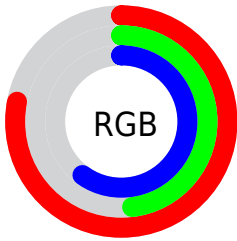
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 122, 153
Decimal	13138585
CIE Lab	60.34, 34.49, -3.69
CIE LCh	60, 34.687, 353.896
Yxy	28.4983, 0.3700, 0.2886
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291328665 (0xFFC87A99)
YUV	148.8560, 2.0430, 44.8533
Hunter-Lab	53.3838, 28.7197, -0.0736

Details

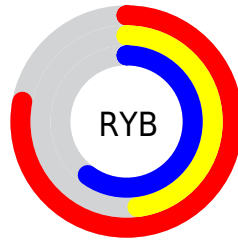
The RYB color **200, 122, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **122, 171, 200**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 176, 207**, and **144, 71, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **200, 102, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **200, 142, 165**.

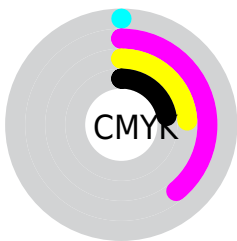
Distribution



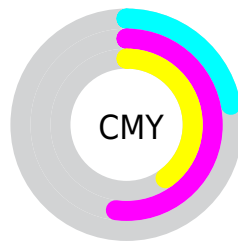
- Red (78%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 200, 122, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 200, 122, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 200, 122, 153

255, 255, 255

 255, 176, 207

 255, 203, 235


 255, 232, 255

 200, 122, 153

 172, 96, 127

 144, 71, 102

 117, 47, 78

 91, 22, 55


 66, 0, 34


 45, 0, 12

 0, 0, 0

 200, 122, 153

 200, 102, 141

 200, 122, 153

 200, 142, 165

200, 82, 129

200, 162, 177

200, 62, 117

200, 182, 189

200, 42, 105

200, 201, 202

200, 22, 93

200, 214, 222

200, 2, 81

200, 226, 242

200, 0, 79

200, 233, 255

200, 229, 255

200, 228, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178, 129, 182



200, 122, 153



205, 123, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200, 122, 153



88, 151, 98



25, 99, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200, 122, 153



122, 171, 200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 82, 169



200, 122, 153



105, 155, 158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200, 122, 153



130, 171, 84



63, 119, 161



89, 129, 206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200, 122, 153



199, 136, 104



63, 119, 161



0, 86, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200, 122, 153



255, 224, 237



169, 122, 200



128, 110, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200, 122, 153



255, 135, 183



200, 131, 122



99, 90, 93



163, 0, 65



36, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200, 122, 153



255, 135, 183



122, 159, 200



99, 90, 93



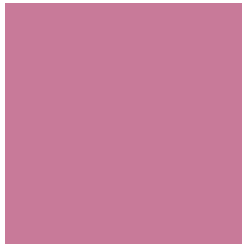
163, 0, 65



36, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 200, 122, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

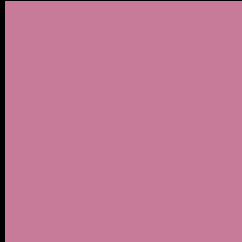
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 200, 122, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 200, 122, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 200, 122, 153.

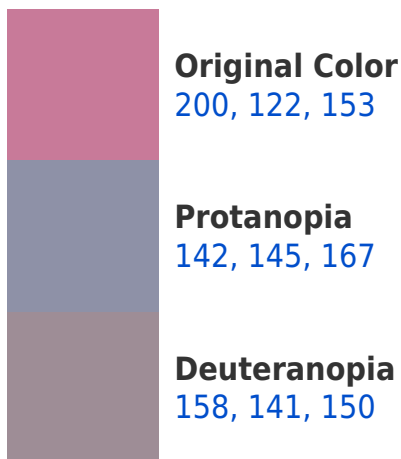


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 200, 122, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
198, 125, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color
200, 122, 153

Protanomaly
163, 137, 162

Deuteranomaly
173, 134, 151

Tritanomaly
199, 124, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color
200, 122, 153

Achromatopsia
149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly
168, 139, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 200, 122, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(200, 122, 153) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 122, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 122, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 122, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 200, 122, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 122, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 122, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 122, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 122, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 122, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 122,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 200, 122, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 122, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
122, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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