

Converting Colors

`RYB(200, 191, 225)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(200, 191, 225) contains.

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Color

R_YB(200, 191, 225)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8BFE1
RGB	200, 191, 225
RGB Percent	78%, 75%, 88%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2510, 0.1176
CMYK	0.11, 0.15, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	256°, 36%, 82%
HSV	256°, 15%, 88%
XYZ	56.0408, 54.9772, 78.8922
YIQ	197.5670, -5.5500, 12.4820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

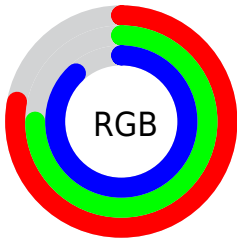
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 191, 225
Decimal	13156321
CIE Lab	79.03, 9.66, -15.79
CIE LCh	79, 18.515, 301.465
Yxy	54.9772, 0.2951, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291346401 (0xFFC8BFE1)
YUV	197.5670, 13.5245, 2.1337
Hunter-Lab	74.1466, 5.1557, -11.1821

Details

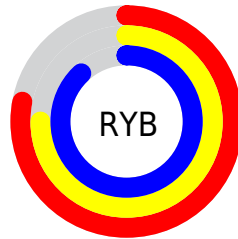
The RYB color **200, 191, 225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **191, 225, 200**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 247, 255**, and **146, 138, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **183, 169, 225**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 214, 225**.

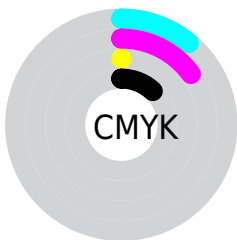
Distribution



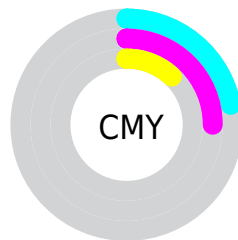
- Red (78%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 200, 191, 225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 200, 191, 225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 200, 191, 225

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 247, 255

■ 200, 191, 225

■ 173, 164, 197

■ 146, 138, 170

■ 120, 112, 143

■ 95, 88, 118

■ 71, 64, 93

■ 48, 42, 69

■ 27, 22, 47

■ 0, 0, 26

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 200, 191, 225

■ 200, 191, 225

■ 183, 169, 225

■ 217, 214, 225

■ 167, 146, 225

■ 225, 236, 228

■ 150, 124, 225

■ 225, 255, 230

■ 134, 101, 225

■ 225, 255, 225

■ 117, 78, 225

■ 101, 56, 225

■ 84, 33, 225

■ 68, 11, 225

■ 60, 0, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178, 192, 230



200, 191, 225



219, 186, 212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200, 191, 225



224, 204, 166



155, 183, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200, 191, 225



191, 225, 200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170, 197, 204



200, 191, 225



179, 208, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200, 191, 225



232, 186, 178



166, 200, 177



150, 179, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200, 191, 225



227, 184, 201



166, 200, 177



159, 186, 205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200, 191, 225



246, 242, 255



191, 206, 225



122, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200, 191, 225



221, 209, 255



217, 191, 225



104, 101, 112



47, 0, 176



13, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 191, 216



255, 209, 243



191, 225, 216



112, 101, 109



176, 0, 129



48, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 200, 191, 225 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

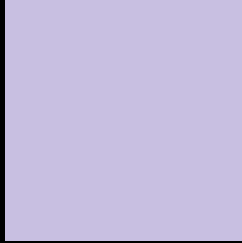
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 200, 191, 225 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

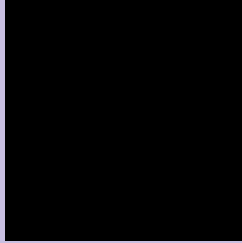
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 200, 191, 225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 200, 191, 225.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 200, 191, 225.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[200](#), [191](#), [225](#)

Protanopia
[190](#), [194](#), [227](#)

Deuteranopia
[201](#), [191](#), [225](#)



Tritanopia
197, 194, 209

Trichromacy



Original Color

200, 191, 225

Protanomaly

194, 193, 226

Deuteranomaly

201, 191, 225

Tritanomaly

198, 193, 215

Monochromacy



Original Color

200, 191, 225

Achromatopsia

198, 198, 198

Achromatomaly

199, 195, 208

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 200, 191, 225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(200, 191, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 191, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 191, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 191, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 200, 191, 225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

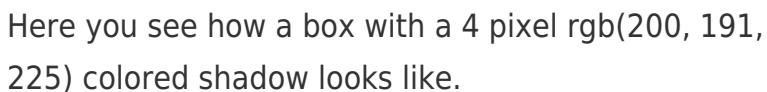
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 191, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 191, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 191, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 191, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 191, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 191,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 200, 191, 225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 191, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
191, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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