

Converting Colors

`RYB(201, 247, 147)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(201, 247, 147) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(201, 247, 147)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D493
RGB	247, 212, 147
RGB Percent	97%, 83%, 58%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1689, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.40, 0.03
HSL	39°, 86%, 77%
HSV	39°, 40%, 97%
XYZ	67.1515, 68.9352, 37.3703
YIQ	215.0550, 41.7250, -12.7950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

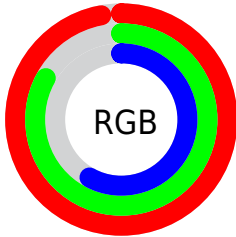
Format	Color
R _Y B	201, 247, 147
Decimal	16241811
CIE Lab	86.47, 3.63, 36.65
CIE LCh	86, 36.826, 84.337
Yxy	68.9352, 0.3871, 0.3974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294431891 (0xFFFF7D493)
YUV	215.0550, -33.5511, 28.0158
Hunter-Lab	83.0273, -0.9290, 31.4328

Details

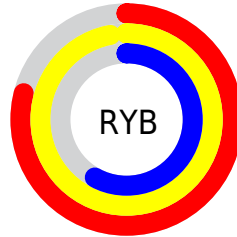
The RYB color **201, 247, 147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **147, 173, 247**, and the grayscale version is **215, 215, 215**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202, 255, 202**, and **141, 189, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **190, 247, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 247, 172**.

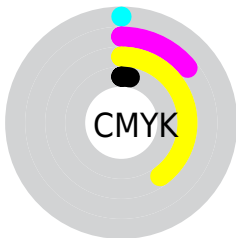
Distribution



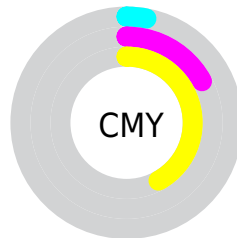
- Red (97%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 201, 247, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 201, 247, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 201, 247, 147

 201, 247, 147

255, 255, 255


 173, 218, 121

 202, 255, 202

 141, 189, 95

 230, 255, 230

 116, 161, 71

 86, 133, 47

 59, 107, 23

 30, 81, 0

 27, 56, 0

 22, 31, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 201, 247, 147

■ 201, 247, 147

■ 190, 247, 122

■ 212, 247, 172

■ 178, 247, 98

■ 224, 247, 196

■ 167, 247, 73

■ 235, 247, 221

■ 156, 247, 48

■ 246, 247, 246

■ 143, 247, 23

■ 247, 251, 255

■ 134, 247, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 228, 161



201, 247, 147



152, 223, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201, 247, 147



103, 171, 244



255, 198, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201, 247, 147



147, 173, 247

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212, 210, 255



201, 247, 147



115, 178, 255

Square

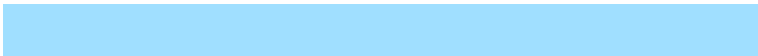
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201, 247, 147



131, 191, 235



160, 198, 255



255, 191, 224

Rectangle

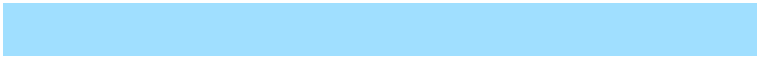
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201, 247, 147



165, 229, 209



160, 198, 255



242, 202, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201, 247, 147



241, 255, 224



247, 147, 184



121, 128, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201, 247, 147



198, 255, 130



147, 247, 160



116, 122, 110



100, 186, 0



33, 59, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 173, 247



130, 163, 255



160, 147, 247



110, 113, 122



0, 48, 186



0, 15, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 201, 247, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

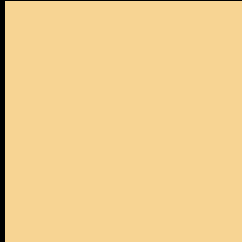
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 201, 247, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 201, 247, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 201, 247, 147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 201, 247, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
201, 247, 147

Protanopia
172, 234, 149

Deuteranopia
247, 255, 157



Tritanopia
254, 203, 219

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 201, 247, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(247, 212, 147) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 212, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 212, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 212, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 201, 247, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 212, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 212, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 212, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 212, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 212, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 212,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 201, 247, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 212, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
212, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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