

# Converting Colors

`RYB(203, 116, 191)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(203, 116, 191) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(203, 116, 191)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CB74BF
RGB	203, 116, 191
RGB Percent	80%, 45%, 75%
CMY	0.2039, 0.5451, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.06, 0.20
HSL	308°, 46%, 63%
HSV	308°, 43%, 80%
XYZ	40.2780, 28.9489, 52.7550
YIQ	150.5630, 27.7770, 41.7690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

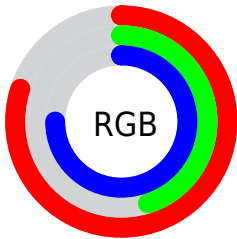
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 116, 191
Decimal	13333695
CIE Lab	60.74, 44.80, -24.78
CIE LCh	61, 51.196, 331.052
Yxy	28.9489, 0.3302, 0.2373
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291523775 (0xFFFCB74BF)
YUV	150.5630, 19.9354, 45.9872
Hunter-Lab	53.8042, 39.4684, -20.4710

# Details

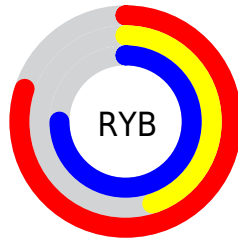
The RYB color **203, 116, 191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **116, 192, 203**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 170, 248**, and **147, 64, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 96, 188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 136, 194**.

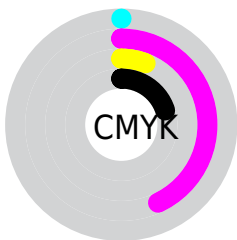
# Distribution



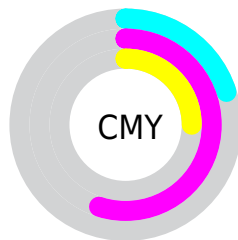
- Red (80%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 203, 116, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 203, 116, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 203, 116, 191

 203, 116, 191

255, 255, 255

 175, 90, 164

 255, 170, 248

 147, 64, 137

 255, 198, 255

 120, 38, 112

 255, 227, 255

 94, 6, 87

 68, 0, 63

 46, 0, 42

 3, 0, 19


 0, 0, 0


 203, 116, 191


 203, 116, 191

 203, 96, 188


 203, 136, 194

 203, 75, 185


 203, 157, 197

 203, 55, 183

 203, 177, 199

 203, 35, 180

 203, 197, 202

 203, 14, 177

 203, 216, 218

 203, 0, 175

 203, 234, 238

 203, 248, 255

 203, 247, 255

 203, 245, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 134, 224



203, 116, 191



228, 106, 147

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 116, 191



83, 170, 51



0, 90, 192

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 116, 191



116, 192, 203

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 90, 169



203, 116, 191



65, 157, 98

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 116, 191



206, 176, 67



61, 136, 165



0, 94, 225

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 116, 191



230, 109, 117



61, 136, 165



0, 87, 178



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 116, 191



255, 222, 250



128, 116, 203



128, 107, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 116, 191



255, 125, 237



203, 116, 148



102, 92, 101



166, 0, 143



38, 0, 33



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 116, 191



255, 125, 237



116, 169, 203



102, 92, 101



166, 0, 143

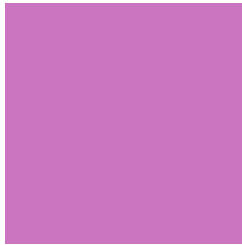


38, 0, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 203, 116, 191 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

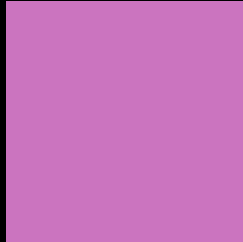
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 203, 116, 191 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

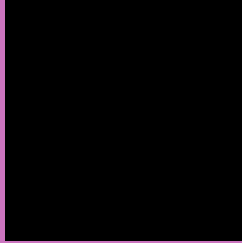
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 203, 116, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 203, 116, 191.

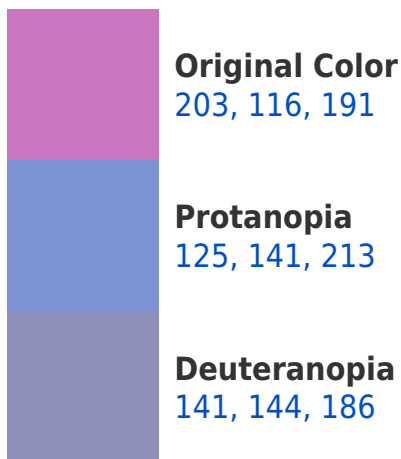


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 203, 116, 191.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
197, 127, 137

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

203, 116, 191



**Protanomaly**

153, 134, 205



**Deuteranomaly**

164, 134, 188



**Tritanomaly**

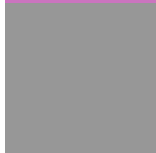
199, 123, 157

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

203, 116, 191



**Achromatopsia**

151, 151, 151



**Achromatomaly**

170, 138, 166

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 203, 116, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 116, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 116, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 116, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 116, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 203, 116, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 116, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 116, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 116, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 116, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 116, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 116,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 116, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 116, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
116, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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