

Converting Colors

`RYB(203, 121, 99)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(203, 121, 99) contains.

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Color

R_YB(203, 121, 99)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB7563
RGB	203, 117, 99
RGB Percent	80%, 46%, 39%
CMY	0.2039, 0.5406, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.51, 0.20
HSL	10°, 50%, 59%
HSV	10°, 51%, 80%
XYZ	33.2605, 26.3570, 15.1388
YIQ	140.6620, 57.0340, 12.6340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

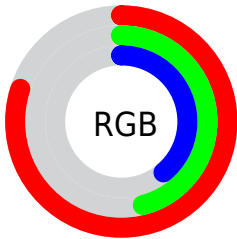
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 121, 99
Decimal	13333859
CIE Lab	58.37, 31.77, 24.62
CIE LCh	58, 40.189, 37.779
Yxy	26.3570, 0.4449, 0.3526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291523939 (0xFFCB7563)
YUV	140.6620, -20.5394, 54.6704
Hunter-Lab	51.3390, 25.7998, 18.4540

Details

The RYB color **203, 121, 99** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **99, 146, 203**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 175, 150**, and **145, 70, 52** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 104, 79**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 137, 119**.

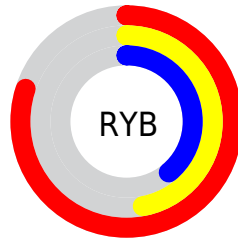
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (46%)

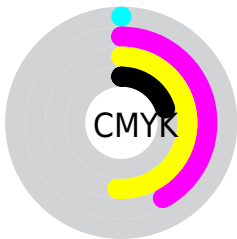
Blue (39%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (39%)

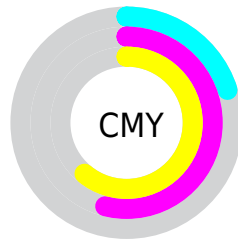


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (54%)


Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 203, 121, 99 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 203, 121, 99 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 203, 121, 99  203, 121, 99

255, 255, 255  174, 96, 75

 255, 175, 150  145, 70, 52

 255, 206, 177  117, 45, 31

 255, 243, 204  90, 19, 8


 232, 255, 232  62, 0, 0

 38, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 203, 121, 99  203, 121, 99


 203, 104, 79  203, 137, 119


 203, 90, 58

 203, 153, 140

 203, 73, 38

 203, 168, 160

 203, 57, 18

 203, 185, 180

 203, 42, 0

 203, 201, 201

 203, 211, 221

 203, 220, 241

 203, 228, 255

 203, 229, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207, 111, 132



203, 121, 99



184, 182, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 121, 99



68, 127, 157



100, 130, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 121, 99



99, 146, 203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 87, 205



203, 121, 99



0, 82, 159

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 121, 99



83, 151, 119



0, 84, 182



156, 128, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 121, 99



107, 164, 69



0, 84, 182



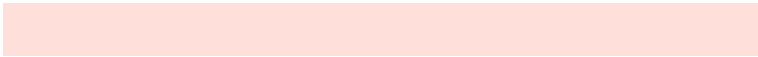
75, 121, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 121, 99



255, 224, 217



203, 99, 186



128, 110, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 121, 99



255, 133, 99



152, 203, 99



102, 95, 92



166, 35, 0



38, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 146, 203



99, 170, 255



99, 125, 203



92, 96, 102



0, 75, 166



0, 17, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 203, 121, 99 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 203, 121, 99 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 203, 121, 99 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 203, 121, 99.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 203, 121, 99.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
203, 121, 99

Protanopia
121, 150, 109

Deuteranopia
157, 168, 96



Tritanopia
205, 114, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

203, 121, 99

Protanomaly

169, 152, 105

Deuteranomaly

181, 149, 97

Tritanomaly

204, 115, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

203, 121, 99

Achromatopsia

141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly

164, 133, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 203, 121, 99 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 117, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 117, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 117, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 117, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 203, 121, 99 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 117, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 117, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 117, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 117, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 117, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 117,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 117, 99 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 117, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
117, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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