

Converting Colors

`RYB(203, 73, 60)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(203, 73, 60) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(203, 73, 60)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB483C
RGB	203, 72, 60
RGB Percent	80%, 28%, 24%
CMY	0.2039, 0.7180, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.70, 0.20
HSL	5°, 58%, 52%
HSV	5°, 70%, 80%
XYZ	27.7562, 17.6467, 6.2182
YIQ	109.8010, 81.9280, 24.0400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

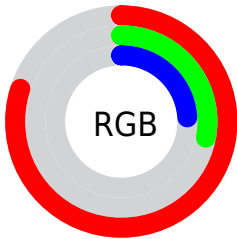
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 73, 60
Decimal	13322300
CIE Lab	49.06, 51.27, 35.16
CIE LCh	49, 62.171, 34.441
Yxy	17.6467, 0.5377, 0.3419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291512380 (0xFFCB483C)
YUV	109.8010, -24.5519, 81.7355
Hunter-Lab	42.0080, 44.4274, 20.6292

Details

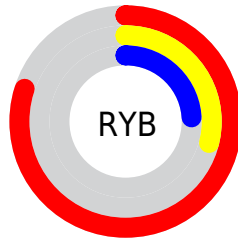
The RYB color **203, 73, 60** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **60, 128, 203**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 129, 108**, and **142, 5, 16** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 54, 40**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 92, 80**.

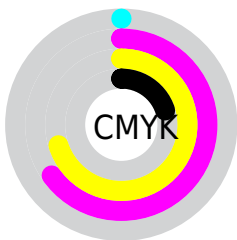
Distribution



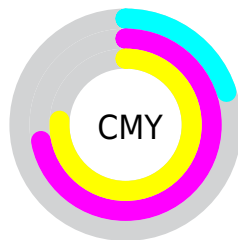
- Red (80%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 203, 73, 60 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 203, 73, 60 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 203, 73, 60

 203, 73, 60

255, 255, 255

 172, 44, 38

 255, 129, 108

 142, 5, 16

 255, 158, 133

 112, 0, 0


 255, 189, 160

 82, 0, 0

 255, 224, 187

 55, 0, 2

 239, 255, 215

 11, 0, 0

 243, 255, 243

 0, 0, 0

 203, 73, 60

 203, 73, 60

 203, 54, 40

 203, 92, 80

■ 203, 37, 19

■ 203, 110, 101

■ 203, 19, 0

■ 203, 129, 121

■ 203, 146, 141

■ 203, 165, 162

■ 203, 184, 182

■ 203, 202, 202

■ 203, 212, 222

■ 203, 222, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 58, 111



203, 73, 60



154, 176, 6

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 73, 60



0, 92, 137



0, 78, 222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 73, 60



60, 128, 203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 82, 212



203, 73, 60



0, 75, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 73, 60



9, 130, 61



0, 78, 175



126, 99, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 73, 60



51, 149, 0



0, 78, 175



0, 80, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 73, 60



255, 207, 201



203, 60, 191



128, 98, 96



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 73, 60



255, 58, 38



163, 203, 60



102, 93, 92



166, 15, 0



38, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 128, 203



38, 142, 255



60, 102, 203



92, 97, 102



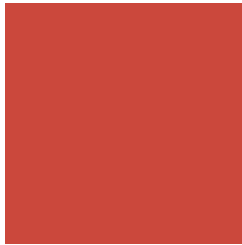
0, 79, 166



0, 18, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 203, 73, 60 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

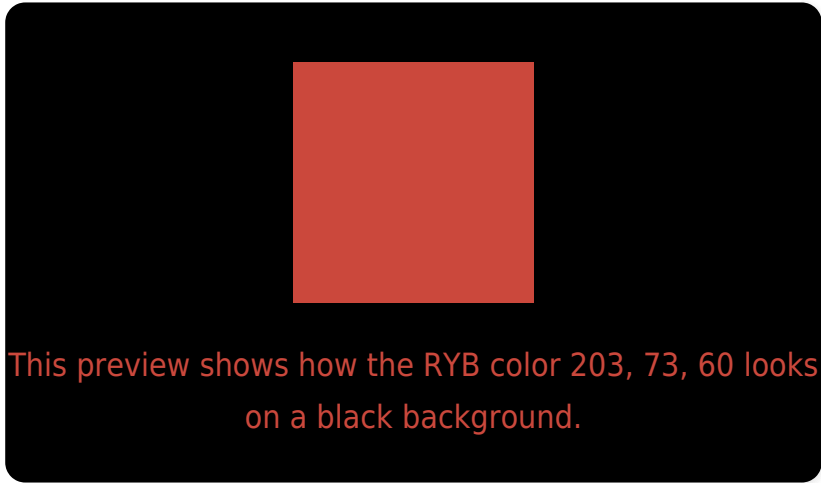
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 203, 73, 60 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 203, 73, 60.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 203, 73, 60.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
203, 73, 60

Protanopia
88, 127, 76

Deuteranopia
103, 145, 52



Tritanopia
204, 70, 74

Trichromacy



Original Color
203, 73, 60

Protanomaly
155, 119, 70

Deuteranomaly
166, 123, 55

Tritanomaly
204, 71, 69

Monochromacy



Original Color
203, 73, 60

Achromatopsia
110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly
144, 96, 92

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 203, 73, 60 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 72, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 72, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 72, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 72, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 203, 73, 60 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 72, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 72, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 72, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 72, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 72, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 72,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 72, 60 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 72, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203, 72,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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